THE WEATHER.

Fair Thursday, Friday unsettled; light variable winds becoming south.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

THE BOOSTERS' CLUB.

Say a good word for Wilmington. Don't knock—you can't saw wood with a hammer.—Register.

VOL. LXXXV—NO. 102. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 20, 1910. WHOLE NUMBER 13,196.

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GOVENORS URGE STATES' RIGHTS

Featured Addresses Delivered at Conference in Washington.

AMBASSADOR BRYCE SPEAKER

Particular Reference to Conservation of Resources and Regulation of Public Service Corporations—Uniform Laws.

Washington, Jan. 19.—"States' rights" was the burden of most of the addresses delivered at the Conference of Governors today, with particular reference to the conservation of resources and the regulation and supervision of public service corporations. An interchange of views on these two subjects showed a unanimity of opinion as to the necessity for State activity.

A feature of the afternoon session was a speech by Ambassador Bryce, who believed the conference would emphasize the importance of the Governorship and that the chief executive of each State was coming more and more to be looked upon as the personal representative of the people of his State.

The two sessions today were followed by a dinner at the White House tonight.

Governor Quinby, of New Hampshire, opened the morning session.

Governor Willson, of Kentucky, declared the State had the right of control over water power and that the Federal government did not have a scintilla of right to it. Governor Carroll, of Iowa, said he was in sympathy with the movement for uniform laws for the States, while Governor Fort, of New Jersey, declared the time had come for the States to control more of those things which they have hitherto passed in silence, including water power.

Governor Draper, of Massachusetts, said the State should own and control the water power of their streams.

Governor Hughes, of New York, said the State, so far as it could, should own and preserve its forests. He advocated the development and State control of water power.

Governor Brooks, of Wyoming, said the control of industrial energy should rest in the State.

Governor Shafroth, of Colorado, contended that the ownership of land by the Federal government in a State was a proprietary right and not political or governmental; that the United States holds the land the same as an individual, and that the government of the lan drests in the State.

Governor Hadley, of Missouri, referred to the disparity in rates for passengers and freight in interstate and intra-State traffic, declaring the charges for the transportation of persons and property should not be left to the owners of the lines, but control should be exercised by the government. The Governors will hold a final session tomorrow.

FOR UNIFORM STATE LAWS.

Strong Resolutions Adopted by National Civic Federation.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Agreeing that there should be uniformity in State laws affecting not only commercial matters, but likewise those that pertain to the well being of the individual, the Civic Federation at its final session today adopted a number of resolutions.

Among them were those recommending to the Governors the adoption of uniform laws for the protection of children employed in industries; favoring a uniform insurance code for adoption by the several States; uniform legislation on the subject of gathering and preservation of vital statistics; endorsing the conservation of American forests and referring the same to the committee on uniform State laws.

The conference further adopted a resolution recommending to the Governors of the several States now meeting in this city, and to the States themselves that workmen's compensation acts fair to the employer and employe and just to the State, be uniformly substituted for the present system of employer's liabilities for injuries received in and arising out of the course of employment. A resolution was passed recommending to the respective States consideration of the development of water power and their regulation on non-navigable streams, with a view to bringing about uniformity of State regulation looking to uniform co-operation between each State and the Federal government in the development and the control of the water powers.

The conference authorized the appointment of a committee of 15 on reform in legal procedure for the purpose of co-operating with the committee of the American Bar Association to suggest remedies and formulate proposed laws to prevent unnecessary delay in litigation.

Special sale of ladies' shoes at Gaylord's. **

Big Clearance Sale begins Monday at Rehder's. Everybody invited. **

UNIFORM LAWS FOR INSURANCE

Governor Hughes Addressed Insurance Presidents—Need Not Fear State Control—Lack of Unity Costs Millions.

Washington, Jan. 19.—At the third annual meeting of the Association of Life Insurance Presidents today Governor Charles E. Hughes, of New York, addressed the executive officers of life insurance companies representing 20,000 policy-holders and nearly four billion dollars of assets declaring his faith in life insurance as an American institution.

He insisted that no life insurance organization which is honest and economical in its management need fear State control nor expect to suffer from legislation.

Governor Hughes said: "I hope the time has gone by when it will be thought necessary to protect the interests of life insurance policy holders by efforts to corrupt legislators. Publicity, discussion, fair understanding of what you have in view and what is essential to the proper conduct of this business—those are your guarantees and those are the securities of the policy-holders you represent.

"We must have insurance supervision supported in public opinion. I have been strongly in favor of the control by the State of various activities, but no one has realized more than I how important it is that that control should be fair and impartial."

The governor declared he believed that extension of National activities would be needed soon to meet the increasing population, but, referring to the expressed desire of some of the insurance officials to bring the companies under control of the Federal government, said he believed that would be possible in the face of decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States."

President Fouse on Uniformity.

From fifteen to twenty million dollars a year is the toll paid by the life insurance policy holders of this country as a result of the lack of uniformity in State insurance laws and practices, according to L. G. Fouse.

This is at least five per cent. of the yearly payments to policy-holders and beneficiaries, he figures.

Mr. Fouse, who is president of the Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Philadelphia, made these figures known today in an address before the third annual meeting of the Association of Life Insurance Presidents, in session here. He is a member of the executive committee of the Association.

"The magnitude of the interests involved is stupendous," said Mr. Fouse. "Some twenty-five billion dollars of life insurance in various forms are in force in the United States with accumulated assets of four billion dollars of which three and one-half billions are held by the legal reserve companies. Over one third of the population has a direct interest in life insurance and more than one-half of the remaining two-thirds an indirect interest. It is exceedingly important that waste and unnecessary taxation be stopped while extending ample security and protection to the interests involved.

"Some would seek to accomplish the desired end through National laws and supervision; others through the harmonizing of State laws and practices For the present we are particularly interested in the latter. It is a fact that cannot be controverted that the lack of harmony in laws and practices has been a detriment to the business. In recent years, however, we have been drifting towards uniformity and harmony, and there are many who believe that the laws of the various States can be made consistent and homogeneous, and that it would be better for all concerned that the business be conducted under such improved laws rather than under a centralized administration. Hence, if the uniformity hoped for can be accomplished there will be no need of National laws and supervision."

DEFRAUDED THE RAILROAD

Alleged to Obtained $850,000 By Conspiracy.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Charges that Benjamin J. Thomas, former president of the Chicago & Western Indiana Railroad; Charles R. Kappes, former real estate dealer for the road, and John C. Fetzer, obtained at least $850,000 from the railroad through a real estate conspiracy, are made in a bill for an accounting filed in the Circuit Court today.

The bill was filed by the Chicago & Western Indiana Railroad Company. According to the bill the real estate transactions in question occurred in 1906 and involved the expenditure of $2,521,899. The defendants are alleged to have divided the $850,000 profits. When the railroad wished to acquire property, the bill says, Thomas would refer them to Kappes. Fetzer, who was in the real estate business, would be directed to make the purchase and the money turned over to him. Fetzer would make the purchase and report the amount paid.

It is charged in the bill that in his report to the railroad company Fetzer would state a greater amount than he had paid. Then it is alleged, he would divide the difference between the price reported to the railroad and the real price with Thomas and Kappes. The bill is sworn to by E. B. Pryor, president of the railroad. In June, 1908, Thomas and Kappes resigned their position with the railroad, and it is alleged they destroyed or removed from the offices quantities of papers, books and documents relating to the transactions with Fetzer.

MINE WORKERS IN CONVENTION

Administered Rebuff to Officials in Filibuster Methods Yesterday.

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT

Discusses Relation of Capital and Labor—Strike Only as Last Resort. Pays Respect to "Vested Rights"—Argument.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 19.—The United Mine Workers of North America today played politics bitterly in their convention and finally rebuffed its administration officers. The "filibusters", so-called by President Thomas Lewis, carried by a large majority a motion to suspend during the convention the salaries of the international organizers that are in attendance as representatives of local unions and to put on the local unions their expenses as delegates.

The delegates divided in the hot debate on the motion. One sect supported President Lewis' administration against the motion and the other attacked the administration and favored the motion.

The anti-administration speakers charged that about 50 international organizers, under the control of President Lewis, had been called into the convention in the expectation that they could further the interests of the administration and that they should have remained in their districts attending to the duties for which they were paid.

President Lewis flatly denied that he had asked international organizers to help him forward his policies in the convention or that he had caucused the organizers. He had called some of them to the convention, he said, so that the delegates might have first-hand information of the progress of the organization in non-union coal mining fields. Continuing, Mr. Lewis scored his enemies in these words:

"It is not the international organizers that are bothering these men. In their intense desire to protect the finances of the workers in the mines, what have some of them done? Read the scurrilous circulars that they have issued assailing my character and my work. Ever since the miners of this country placed a gavel in my hands my enemies have done all in their power to discredit my administration. They have sowed the seeds of malice and corruption in the organization."

After President Lewis' speech there was further arguments until a motion to end the debate was carried by a vote of 538 ayes and 467 noes. The original motion then was put and carried.

The reports of President Lewis, Secretary-Treasurer Edwin Perry, and Vice President E. S. McCullough were read and the convention adjourned for the day.

"The application of common sense should be the basis of the new method of promoting industrial peace in the mininm regions," was the keynote of the annual report of President Lewis. Mr. Lewis said: "The strike as a method of organizing has not proven a success. The enormous expenditure of funds and the tremendous waste of energy incident to industrial strife should be avoided. Our right to strike can never be surrendered, but it should be the very last resource and every other means exhausted before a suspension of work is ordered or takes place.

"A large number of the miners are anxious and ready to organize, but lack of confidence in our ability to succeed causes them to be indifferent. Many of the operators are really not opposed to the organization, but are skeptical of our object, and fear the result. Let us appeal to the intelligence of the operator and miner in the non-union mining districts. Perfect frankness in stating our position and sincerity in carrying into effect our declarations, will do much to establish that confidence necessary to success."

Touching the right of mine workers to organize, President Lewis said: "It has been stated and repeated many times that labor unions are here to stay. Let us put ourselves on record in the most positive manner, that so long as one employer insists on the right to combine with other employers to develop industry, accumulate wealth and buy labor at the cheapest possible rate, just that long will the mine workers insist on the right to organize with his fellow mine worker, to dictate the terms upon which we will sell our labor.

"Notwithstanding the tremendous impulse given to every movement through unity of purpose, there are some men among employers of labor and controllers of finance, who would deny that unity of action among laboring people that they, themselves, exercise in their everyday affairs. They cry down organized effort among the laboring people, under the false alarm of encroachment on 'individual liberty.' The arrogate to themselves to organized capital under the sacred name of 'vested rights'. The time is at hand to bring forcibly to the attention of this class of people that in an era of concerted effort, such as we have, there is no such thing as individual liberty among working people, if we are denied the right to co-operate with each other to better our condition and secure a brighter future. Capital and labor should co-operate and work together; but if there must be a struggle between dollars and men, then men should and must be triumphant."

NAME COMMITTEE AT JOINT CAUCUS

Selected to Make Investigation of Ballinger-Pinchot Dispute.

SIX INSURGENTS BOLTED

Gathering Was More Peaceful Than Expected—Lloyd in Place of Rainey for Democrats—May Not Acquiesce.

Washington, Jan. 19—The joint caucus to select the Congressional committee that will investigate the Ballinger-Pinchot charges, tonight chose Representatives McCall, of Massachusetts; Olmstead, of Pennsylvania; Denby, of Michigan, and Madison, of Kansas, Republicans; James, of Kentucky, and Lloyd, of Missouri, Democrats.

Representative Cooper, of Wisconsin, led a bolt of disgruntled Republicans.

The caucus incidentally rejected Rainey, of Illinois, one of the two Democrats selected by the Democratic caucus last Saturday night as the House minority representative on the committee.

The six men selected include three "regular" Republicans, McCall, of Massachusetts; Olmstead, of Pennsylvania, and Denby, of Michigan; one insurgent, Madison, of Kansas, and two Democrats, James and Lloyd, the latter being named instead of Rainey.

The caucus lasted three hours, but although characterized by considerable acrimony and a bolt of six insurgents, led by Cooper, of Wisconsin, was more peaceful than most members thought it would be.

The objections urged against Rainey and James, especially the former, were in no sense personal, but were based upon allegations of extreme partisanship, unfitting them for a judicial investigation. Those who voiced this objection claimed to be expressing the views of President Taft.

Democrats Displeased.

The matter will probably come up in the House tomorrow and it is now expected that the Democrats will vote solidly to repudiate the action of tonight's caucus. But the regulars are believed to have votes enough to overcome any possible combination of Democrats and insurgents. Incidentally there is the question whether under the circumstances Mr. Lloyd will consent to serve.

After the vote nominating the four Republicans had been taken resulting in practically unanimous approval, a separate vote was ordered on the Democratic members of the committee. At this juncture Mr. Cooper arose and declared that he was authorized by a number of his colleagues to say that they were opposed to naming Democratic members of a committee in a Republican caucus. "It would be harmful to the Republican party to do so", declared Mr. Cooper. "Who is afraid?" he constantly repeated. "Who is afraid that harm will come to us from James and Rainey? With all their harangues, have they ever been able to hurt the Republican party or any member of the Republican party? What chance have they against men like Root or Olmstead or McCall. Let

(Continued on Page Eight.)

OUTLINES.

States' rights was the keynote in the addresses at the Conference of Governors in Washington yesterday, a feature of the day's proceedings being an address by Ambassador Bryce ——President Taft yesterday signed the joint resolution for the Ballinger-Pinchot inquiry and a resolution authorizing the government to destroy the ice gorges in the Ohio river—— Governor Hughes delivered an address yesterday to the insurance presidents at a conference in Washington, declaring in favor of State control——Severe declines in stock caused the smashing of an iron and steel pool on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday and forced two stock exchanges to suspend——Five people were killed yesterday in Philadelphia, including four girls and one man in leaping from a building in a factory fire——The report of T. L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, was submitted at the convention yesterday.

New York markets: Money on call steady 3 1-2 to 4 per cent., ruling rate, closing bid and offered at 4 1-4; spot cotton closed quiet 55 points higher, middling uplands 14.40, middling gulf 14.65; flour barely steady with a slow trade; wheat spot irregular, No. 2 red 1.28 elevator domestic 73 3-4 delivered and 72 f. o. b. afloat nominal; corn spot steady, No. 2, 73 3-4 elevator domestic 73 3-4 delivered and 72 f. o b. afloat nominal; oats spot easy; ros in steady, turpentine dull.

SOUTHERN WRECK AND ITS CAUSES

Corporation Commission Reports Its Findings upon Recent Investigations.

AFFAIRS AT STATE CAPITAL

Private, Savings and State Banks—Charters Issued and Amended. Lee Birthday Observance. Other Raleigh News.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 19.—The Corporation Commission this afternoon report on the cause of the terrible Reedy Fork or Brown Summit wreck, on the Southern Railway, 16 miles north of Greensboro, December 15th, in which 14 people were killed, and 22 injured.

The report, after reviewing the circumstances of the wreck, says: "The Commission is of the opinion that a latent defect, known as a 'pipe' in the rail, was the cause of the wreck. This defect was in the manufacture and could not have been discovered by the railroad company. The Commission is of the opinion that the rail broke first at a point 195 feet north from the trestle, about 16 1-2 inches from the point, and immediately over a small weather-beaten but sound oak tie. From an inspection of this tie and the pieces of broken rail, we are of the opinion that the defect in the rail is the cause to which the wreck is attributed." The commission orders the costs of the recent investigation in which a number of witnesses were summoned to Raleigh to be taxed against the Southern Railway.

Three hundred and twenty State, private and savings banks in North Carolina, according to a summary of reports just issued by the Corporation Commission, have resources aggregating $58,852,328, this being an increase of $7,837,251 during the year, the summary representing the condition of banks at the close of business November 16th.

The High Point Bending and Chair Co., M. J. Boling president, files a certificate changing the principal office from High Point to Siler City. The Evans, Meekins & Griffith Co., Manteo, received a charter to do an insurance and real estate business, incorporators Thomas S. Meekins, E. C. Evans and S. A. Griffin.

Raleigh paid joint tribute to Gen. Robert E. Lee and General Stonewall Jackson today in observing Lee's birthday. The State offices and the banks were closed all day and the Superior and the Federal courts took a recess in honor of the Confederate heroes. This afternoon at 4 o'clock under the auspices of Johnson-Pettigrew Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, there was held exercises, the principal feature of which was an address by Judge Charles M. Cooke, who was an especially brave soldier in the Confederate army, and has served his State as Secretary of State and in other high offices as well as Superior Court judge.

Col. Thomas S. Kenan presided over the meeting. The Confederate Drum Corps opened the programme with a stirring rendering of "Dixie". Dr. W. McC. White offered the invocation. The High School Glee Club rendered "The Old North State". Miss Mary Cola sang effectively, "The Jacket of Gray". Judge Cooke delivered his address, paying tribute to the private character and public careers of Generals Lee and Jackson, and discussed the Civil War and its results as imparting lasting benefit to the whole country.

"The Soldier's Farewell", was rendered as a solo by Mrs. Horace Dowell, accompanied by the St. Mary's College Orchestra. "Tenting Tonight", was rendered as a quartette by Mrs. Dowell, Mrs. Palmer Jerman, Prof. Harry Snow and Dr. H. A. Royster.

At this stage of the exercises crosses of honor were distributed to 31 Confederate soldiers, the crosses being pinned on by a number of the younger members of the Daughters of the Confederacy.

"Maryland, My Maryland" was rendered by the High School Glee Club, and the audience joined in singing "How Firm a Foundation", the favorite sacred hymn of Gen. Lee.

GORDON ON COMMITTEES.

Senator From Mississippi Received His Assignments Yesterday.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Senator Gordon, the picturesque temporary Senator from Mississippi, today received his committee assignments. He was given places on the committees on civil service, public laws, immigration, Indian depredations, revision of the laws and expenditures in the Department of State.

These places formerly were occupied by Mr. Gordon's predecessor, Mr. McLaurin. The vacancies on the committee on commerce and interstate commerce, created by Mr. McLaurin's death, were filled by the designation of Mr. Bankhead, of Alabama, to the former and Mr. Hughes, of Colorado, to the latter.

Great bargains at Rehder's clearance sale Monday. Everybody extended invitation to attend. **

A SEVERE BREAK IN STOCKS

Decline of 60 Points Smashes Coal and Iron Pool and Forces Exchanges to Suspend—Effect on Market.

New York, Jan. 19.—There was an episode in New York Stock Exchange today more spectacular in many respects than the recent Rock Island fiasco. With a break of more than 60 points, the so-called Columbus and Hocking Coal and Iron pool was smashed, two stock exchange houses were forced to suspend and the market generally underwent severe declines, involving the heaviest trading since the day of Edward H. Harriman's death.

Total sales aggregated 1,634,500 shares. A rigid inquiry by the governors of the exchange will probably be the aftermath.

The firms involved are J. M. Fiske & Company, of No. 42 Broadway, and Lathrop, Haskins & Company, of No. 60 Broadway. The failure of both was caused by the collapse of the pool and involuntary petitions in bankruptcy were filed against bith this afternoon.

In the case of J. M. Fiske & Company the liabilities of the firm are placed by creditors at $750,000 with assets of $400,000. In the petition against the firm creditors allege the preferential transfer of property to one or more creditors and further charged that the alleged bankrupts permitted a considerable portion of their property "to be concealed or removed with intent to hinder, delay and defraud creditors."

Judge Hand in the United States district court, appointed a receiver tonight. Assets and liabilities are not stated in the petition filed against Lathrop, Kaskins & Company, although it is alleged that the claims of creditors on stock accounts aggregate $16,200. Admission of insolvency is also alleged.

The collapse in the pool today was brought about primarily by the refusal of banks to make further advances on the stock as collateral and the inability or failure of those who were long of it to make good impaired margins.

The suspension of the two firms most vitally concerned was therefore a natural result. Several individuals also are said to have lost heavily. In all about 45,000 shares of Columbus and Hocking changed hands at a range of from 88 1-2 to 25. The stock closed at 33, a net loss of 54 1-2 points. The entire market closed weak with prices at low ebb. The pool had been in existence for about a year.

United States Steel was the feature of the market today in point of activity. Trading in this stock totaled 361,000 shares, or approximately 25 per cent. of the day's business.

EMPEROR GREETS AMERICANS.

Rear Admirals Sebree and Hubbard. Japanese Admiral Entertains.

Tokio, Jan. 19.—Rear Admiral Sebree, commander in chief of the Pacific fleet, Rear Admiral Hubbard, commanding the Asiatic squadron, and the captains of the United States navy here, were received today by the Emperor, who was extremely cordial. The officers were presented by United States Ambassador O'Brien.

Following the audience the Americans were entertained at dinner by Vice Admiral Saito, to whom Rear Admiral Hubbard presented a loving cup, the gift of the officers of the American fleet. The guests at this affair included Admiral Togo and 16 other officers of the Japanese navy, Ambassador O'Brien and the staff of the American embassy.

The squadron will sail homeward on January 20th. The officers and men are in fine condition and Rear Admiral Sebree says that they have greatly enjoyed their visit here, during which no misbehavior on the part of the men or other unpleasant incident has occurred.

The dinner proved to be a surprise for not only were the American and Japanese naval officers present, but all the members of the Cabinet and many others prominent in official life here. The guests numbered 150.

Vice Admiral Saito gave a toast to President Taft, and Rear Admiral Sebree toasted the Emperor.

Admiral Saito also toasted the United States navy. The occasion was marked by an enthusiastic exchange of friendly sentiments. Ambassador O'Brien was among the speakers and the assemblage was as notable a one as ever seen in Tokio. The squadron will sail homeward.

OBSERVANCE AT NEWBERN.

Lee Birthday Anniversary in the City of Elms.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newbern, Jan. 19.—Lee Jackson day exercises were held this afternoon at 1 o'clock in Griffin Hall, set at the city schools under the auspices of the Daughters of the Confederacy and the school. Mr. W. C. Breeves, a Lee Jackson veteran, was the speaker of the day and gave the audience an account of his personal experience under Lee and Jackson.

Philadelphia, Jan. 19.—Al Kaufman, of San Francisco, earned the decision over Jack O'Brien, of this city, in a six-round bout before the National Athletic Club tonight.

New Spring dress gingham 12 1-2 cents now on display at Rehder's **

Special sale of ladies' shoes at Gaylord's. **

TRIBUTE IS PAID TO MEMORY OF LEE

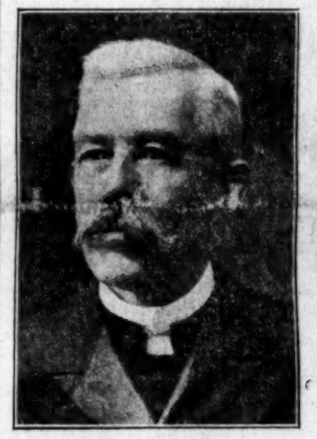
Wilmington Joined Reverently in Observance of Anniversary Over South.

THE ADDRESS AND EXERCISES

Observance of the Day Under Auspices of Daughters of Confederacy—Dinner to Old Soldiers in Masonic Temple.

The one hundred and third anniversary of the birthday of General Robert Edward Lee, the greatest of the country's military chieftains, the peer of the noblest of citizens and patriots, who is becoming more and more universally loved and respected not only in the South but in the North, was fittingly observed in Wilmington and all over the South yesterday under the auspices of the Daughters of the Confederacy with the co-operation of the United Confederate veterans.

The celebration of the natal day of the Confederacy's greatest general was featured locally by an elaborate dinner to the veterans in the Masonic Temple and peculiarly appropriate exercises in the Academy of Music, which was crowded with men, women and children, gathered there to pay homage to the memory of a man whom they admire and respect. The banks and many places of business were closed for at least a part of the day and every where the people joined reverently in the spirit of the hour.



REV. A. D. McCLURE, D. D.

The Dinner.

The old soldiers assembled at the W. L. I. armory at 12 o'clock and a short time later marched in a body to the Masonic Temple, where, in the ball room, which had been transformed into a scene of beauty by the decorators, under the direction of Mrs. John Rankin, dinner was served by Cape Fear Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy. Southern smilax, pine combs, palms and flowers were used very effectively in the decorations. The menu included stewed oysters, celery, pickles, cracks beaten biscuits, hot rolls, turkey potato salad and coffee. Bags of tobacco, pipes and cigars tied with red and white ribbon, color of the organization, were given as souvenirs and it is unnecessary to say the "remembrances" were greatly appreciated by the veterans. Some smoked their pipes while others preferred the cigars and spent some time very pleasantly in telling interesting stories of the conflict.

The following were the chairmen of the various committees who had in charge the arrangements for the dinner: Tables, Mrs. Martin S. Willard; oysters, Mrs. J. C. Munds; coffee, Mrs. Mitt Moore; butter and cream, Mrs. R. C. Cantwell; meat, Mrs. Wm. Beery; tobacco, pipes and cigars, Mrs. W. B. Cooper; bread and pickles, Mrs. T. E. Sprunt. The reception committee was composed of the officers of Cape Fear Chapter and the chairmen of the various committees. The veterans declared it one of the most elaborate and enjoyable Lee birthday anniversary dinners ever prepared for them by the Daughters, which is saying much.

At 2 o'clock the veterans re-assembled at the W. L. I. armory, to form the line of march to the Academy of Music where the exercises of the day were held, beginning at 3 o'clock. The Daughters also gathered there and marched in a body, though taking a different route from the veterans, to the opera house. In line with the Daughters were the children of the Confederacy.

The veterans' procession was formed as follows: General James I. Metts and his aides Henry Miller and Clayton Giles, Jr.; drum corps, Messrs. W. L. Burkheimer and Frank P. Turrentine, which added greatly to the pageant; the orator, Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Confederate Veterans and the W. L. I. The line of march was down Market to Front, up Front to Princess, thence to the Academy of Music. Arriving at the Academy of Music the veterans occupied seats which had been reserved for them di

rectly in front of the stage and behind them sat members of the W. L. I.

At The Academy.

The Academy of Music never presented a more beautiful scene than on this occasion. The decorations were arranged under the direction of Mrs. Cuthbert Martin, whose exquisite taste and fine judgment was amply reflected in the beauty of the scene which met the gaze of those who composed the audience. The simple statement that Mrs. Martin was in charge is sufficient within itself to convince those who were not present that it would have been exceedingly difficult to have improved upon the decorations in any way. The scenery and decorations were so arranged as to represent a forest scene. Banked about the stake in great profusion were palms, Southern smilax, red and white carnations, while the edge of the stage was draped with red and white bunting, colors of the chapter. On the centre of the stage, in the rear, were arranged in "V" shape a battle flag, North Carolina flag and a Confederate flag. In the centre, near the top, was a splendid likeness of General Lee, around which was a wreath tied with red and white ribbon.

Seated on the stage were members of the Chapter, Mrs. Wm. Parsley, retiring president; Mrs. Cuthbert Martin, retiring secretary; Mrs. Junius Davis, the newly elected president; and Mrs. James F. Woolvin, the newly elected treasurer; Miss Hettie James, historian; Mrs. Jane DeRosset, chairman of the George Davis Memorial committee; General James I. Metts, who was master of ceremonies; Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton, rector of St. James' Episcopal church; Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church and orator of the day; General W. L. London, of Pittsboro, who is on a visit here; Mr. G. J. Boney, Mr. Sykes, color bearer for the Camp; Colonel W. L. DeRosset, Captain Geo. W. Huggins, Mr. Clayton Giles, Mr. I. Leon, adjutant of the camp; Messrs. Henry Miller and Clayton Giles, Jr., and others.

The exercises began with a selection by Hollowbush's orchestra, after which Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton offered a most fervent prayer. General Metts announced regretfully that owing to illness and a misunderstanding the Acme Male Quartette, which had been given a prominent place on the musical programme, was unable to sing, and the music would be furnished by the orchestra. Notwithstanding the disappointment occasioned on account of the failure of the quartette to be present the music was one of the distinct pleasing features of the gathering, the musicians winning applause time and again. Following another selection by the orchestra, General Metts introduced the speaker of the occasion, Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, who made one of those deep, forcible and earnest addresses for which he is widely known. The speaker arose amidst the applause of the large audience and frequently his remarks were heartily endorsed by the audience by ringing applause. Dr. McClure spoke as follows:

Gentlemen of the Committee, Veterans, Sons of Veterans, Daughters of the Confederacy, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen:

Please accept my thanks for the compliment implied in your invitation to address you on this anniversary celebration of the birthday of General Robert E. Lee. I hesitated to accept the honor and still doubt the wisdom of bestowing it upon me, because it seemed to take me out of my preferred calling to preach the gospel, and to place me where I have less fitness, experience and ability than the occasion demands. The theme for this hour, and the treatment, deserve true convictions, clear thinking and eloquent expression.

We meet to pay respect to the life and labors of a great military chieftain and patriotic civilian. This gives us opportunity to express our abiding admiration for the heroic men in the armies of which our hero was easily the foremost man and greatest general. In doing this we would pay due respect to the cause to which they gave themselves nobly and honestly. We should, and we do with proud hearts and fond affection, mention the noble women who suffered heroically at home. These deserve but they do not need eulogy. That was written in life blood and tears, in deeds of valor and days of endurance, which can never be fully known until they are told with meek humility on the shores of eternal peace. He would be daring indeed who would think himself able to put in words an adequate appreciation of the lives given, the hardships borne and the blood shed in those dark days when war wage i havoc and desolation in our beloved Southland. Time has tested and critics have searched, the records of those days only to find their deeds more marvelous and their devotion more glorious. Foes on the field of battle are friends in peace and admirers of character discovered by the horrors of war; characters more magnificent in the later lives of these heroes, in the days of reconstruction and adjustment to new conditions, and in the rebuilding and development of our devastated country.

In all this our hero had a large place and a most important part. No less in peace, if not more than in war, he deserves all honor and praise. It was his father, Light Horse Harry Lee who paid that tribute to General George Washington which seems to fit in just here, as the best description of his great son, our hero. General Robert E. Lee, "First in War, first in peace and first in the hearts of his countrymen. As commander and comrade in war Gen. Robert E. Lee was, by every test, "first in war.' As the unselfish nobleman, refusing the use of his name for personal advantage, as the wise counsellor of his soldiers after the strife of war, and as the President of the college which as University now is fortunate to bear his name with that of Washington, he was "first in peace." In our meeting today, because this day was chosen as the best in which to enshrine the cause we love, throughout our Southland he is with increasing admiration, "first in the hearts of his countrymen." In confirmation of this I quote from an address made in this city in 1889 at a meeting in honour of ex President Jefferson Davis, by the Hon. George Davis, whom we delight to honor. He was then "of commanding intellect and wide experience, after he had reached the limits of three score years and ten." He said "My public life was long since over; my ambition went down with the banner of the South, and, like it never rose again. I have had abundant time in all these quiet years, and it has been my favorite occupation to review the occurrences of that time, and recall over the history of that tremendous struggle; to remember with love and admiration the great men who bore their parts in its events.

"I have often thought what was it that the Southern people had to be most proud of in all the proud things of their record? Not the achievement of our arms! No man rejoices more in Mannassas, Chancellorsville and in Richmond. But all nations have had their victories. There is something I think better than that and it was this; that through all the bitterness of that time and throughout all the hear or that fierce contest, Jefferson Davis and Robert E. Lee never spoke a word, never wrote a line, that the whole neutral world did not accept as the very indisputable truth. Aye; truth was the guiding star of both of them, and that is a grand thing to remember, upon that my memory rests more proudly than upon anything else. It is a monument better than marble, more enduring than brass." Without any reflection upon President Davis I make bold to say that in this, after all these years, General Robert E Lee is "first in the hearts of his countrymen." Soon after his death these beautiful words were spoken of him: "General Lee's fame is not bounded by the limits of the South, nor by the Continent. I rejoice that the South gave him birth. I rejoice that the South will hold his ashes. But his fame belongs to the human race. Washington too was born in the South but his fame belongs to mankind. We place the name of Lee beside that of Washington. They both belong to the world."

Our hero was a nobleman in this country where men do not wear the titles and do not bear the insignia of nobility. He was worthy of admiration, esteem and love. The progeoet Ruskin has written "The nobleness of life depends on its constancy, cleanness of purpose, and ceaseless activity." As these point to nobleness in a good man, and a good life devoted to personal purity, domestic felicity, spotless social habits and bearbearing and faithful discharge of public duty, they are the marks by which all the world knows and attests Robert E. Lee a nobleman. Beginning in his boyhood with its filial and princely deference and devotion to his mother (the mark of nobility in any boy) and continuing throughout his life as a student, his manhood as engineer and military officer of rapidly increasing and deserved promotion; in his ing and faithful discharge of pub and deserved promotion, in his achievement as military commander and his life rising to its climax in the office of President of Washington College, he was always and everywhere a nobleman, measured by his consistent devotion to duty, "cleanness of purpose" to do his whole duty at whatever cost and "quiet and ceaseless energy" of heart, mind and body, to be the best and do the holiest in the cause that was right.

GENERAL ROBERT EDWARD LEE.

There was no assertion of lordly self-conscious superiority in our hero. While he was imposing in presence by reason of real superiority and impressive by a dignity that befitted his greatness, at heart he was meek and in dealing with others, gentle. Meekness, the putting away of all self importance and all self interest and having consideration and concern for the good of others and the welfare of the interests he represented, was a great element in this man. It made him gentle, considerate of the rights and feeling of others and, while faithful, still impartial and kind in reproving the unfaithful and administering discipline to the disloyal or the disobedient. There was in him none of that tyrannical or cruel way which some men have, of bearing and language which under the pretext of being candid wounds the sensitive spirit and needlessly hurts the helpless victim.

The one word "Duty"—to do what he ought—was the one controlling the conscience and moulding the life of this nobleman. Whatever he believed to be his duty to God, his country and himself put every other consideration aside and sustained him in the greatest dangers and difficulties. And this is the noblest thing in life. It is nobler than what most men call love. In its lower ranges love even is tinged with selfishness. The moment one rises above all these lower ranges of selfishness to where love is pure, it is by the clear sense of duty to serve and to minister to men. The highest noblest duty is to love. Duty is the one adequate law of life. It brings peace and good conscience and takes away all distress and unrest and cowardice. It alone can make men ready for the crisis and tests of life. Bearing on this I have in hand an article written about General Lee by General O. O. Howard of the Federal Army a little while ago just before his death. Here it is; a fine tribute to our hero by one who was against him in the war between the States. "In these days when public men and private citizens North, South, East and West earnestly desire to have the sentiments of cordial union and abiding friendship permeate every portion of our country it is difficult for a participant in the great Civil War on the one side or on the other to write with absolute impartiality upon matters touching that war. It is specially hard for an officer on either side to defend his own position.

Before graduating from the Military Academy in 1864, I had been under the superintendency of Colonel Robert E. Lee.

His family record, including that of his father, General Harry Lee, who openly advocated State sovereignty; his instruction at the Military Academy where the doctrine of State supremacy was plainly taught; his great ability as a military engineer, his magnificent record in the Mexican War, which so pleased General Scott; and his superior personal character coupled with unusual executive ability—all this placed a figure before us cadets which begot respect, reverence and devotion which our previous commanding officers had not succeeded in producing.

"Faithful to the last degree in the performance of duty, by the demands of his office Colonel Lee came into personal contact with every cadet. Sooner or later the cadet looked into the face of a hightoned, upright courteous gentleman and went from him with a conviction more or less realized that this officer of so high standing was his friend.

"There was added to this uniform courtesy and kindness of administration on Lee's part a habit of visiting any young men who were injured in the riding-hall or elsewhere, or were thrown into the hospital by illness.

By a Boys' Bedside.

As he sat by the bedside of a cadet who was ill and deeply longing for home nursing, comforts and sympathy, the young man was made to feel the impress of a fatherly love, so that he never forgot Colonel Lee's condescension in taking his hand and speaking to him strong words of consolation and encouragement.

"I very clearly remember his kindness on examination, always dignified, yet singularly sympathetic and affectionate in his manner towards a cadet who was embarrassed or likely to fail. I recall also how he encouraged the cadets in their sports, their evening musical entertainments, and in their "hops" in the dancing-hall. He would extend the time for these dances when it was possible as parents would do for their children.

"Taking this brief sketch into the account, I wish to quote extracts from a letter that General Lee wrote to his sister on the day when he tendered his resignation of his commission as an officer of the army.

"Arlington, Va., April 20, 1861.

"My Dear Sister:—I am grieved at my inability to see you. * * * I have been waiting for 'a more convenient season' which has brought to many before me deep and lasting regret. We are now in a state of war which will yield to nothing. The whole South is in a state of revolution, into which Virginia after a long struggle has been drawn; and though I recognize no necessity for this state of things, and would have forborne and pleaded to the end for redress of grievances real or supposed, yet in my own person I had to meet the question whether I would take part against my native State. With all my devotion to the Union, and the feeling of loyalty and duty of an American citizen—I have not been able to make up my mind to raise my hand against my relatives, my children, my home. I have therefore resigned my commission in the army, and save in defense of my native State, with the sincere hope that my poor services may never be needed, I hope I may never be called upon to draw my sword."

"In this letter the plain reason of General Lee's resignation is set forth. To him had been offered the command of the army of the United States. It was evident that the battle ground would soon be in Virginia, and he very naturally shrank from marching an army into Virginia or commanding it there in campaign or battle; but probably he would have done as did Generals Scott, George H. Thomas, Robert Williams, John Newton, Craigbill, Farragut and others, that is, decided to sustain the flag and the Union, had it not been for his strong conviction that his first allegiance was due to the commonwealth of Virginia."

There are many pictures of General Lee on foot, on horseback, in commanding majesty mounted on Traveler, alone or with Stonewall Jackson, or others. But none can protray the strength and dignity, the wisdom and poise, the skill and learning, the meekness and majesty, the gentleness and greatness of our peerless hero. With uncovered head and reverent spirit, the visitor in the chapel of Washington and Lee University may stand before the recumbent statue made by the sculptor Valentine or in the office just as General Lee left it he may feel a regret that the man is not there. But that is all. The great man is in the lives impressed by his example, influence and instructions and the hearts that love him and long to be like him. Modest, humility, simplicity, and gentleness were most conspicuous in his daily life. Closely allied to his humility was his spirit of self-denial. These traits appear in a letter he wrote in reply to a Virginia lady who desired to visit him and secure materials for a biography which she wished to write. Here is a part of the reply: "I should be happy to see you in Lexington, but not on the errand you propose, for I know of nothing good I could tell you of myself and I fear I should not like to say anything evil."

Our hero was a Christian gentleman. The letter I have just quoted in part is a good illustration of his Christian character. He held humbly and trustingly to the hope of eternal life through Jesus Christ as his personal Savior and sought to serve Him as his Lord and Master. There is an incident in his life, which so far as I know, has never been published. It was told me by the minister who had a part in it. Rev. T. D. Witherspoon, a young preacher from Mississippi, who, after the war became an able preacher and teacher, entered the Southern army as a private and carried a musket into battle. After a battle he acted as chaplain. On one occasion he went to the headquarters of General Lee and asked permission to pass through the lines to a hospital. General Lee was not in. The adjutant said that he could not give permission as the orders of General Lee were very strict. Stepping to the door the adjutant said, "Here is General Lee now, I will state your request to him. He did so. General Lee said: "Impossible. The exigency of the hour is so serious that no one must be allowed to pass through the lines." "The request", said the adjutant, "is from a minister of the Gospel, who desires to go to a hospital." "That alters the case", said the general. At that moment Rev. Mr. Witherspoon stepped out and was recognized by General Lee. "Do you make the request Mr. Witherspoon?" "Yes, General." "The situation is serious, but you may go. Your orders rank mine." This shows what respect General Lee had for the Supreme Commander, whose he was and whom he served. He was a constant reader of the Bible. One of his friends says that as he watched beside his body the day after death, he picked up from the table a well-worn pocket Bible in which was written in the hand writing of the owner these words: "R. E. Lee, Lieutenant Colonel of U. S. Army." This little book had been the light of his pathway through many trials.

You all know, my friends, as everyone ought to know, how much more remains to be said of the deeds and life of our hero; more than time now at our disposal would warrant or this occasion need to stir up a sacred memory of that sacred past in which he lived and you brave veterans had a noble part.

Bear with me in this personal parting word, please. As far as I could I have tried to avoid the text or tone of a sermon, and yet unable and indeed unwilling to address you in any other spirit than that of a minister of the Gospel, which was dear to the heart of him whom we seek to appreciate and to lift up as an example for the youth of today, it has been no easy task for me to speak in such words and spirit as the greatness of my subject makes me wish to do. So, leaving to soldiers to speak of his military greatness and to scholars to speak of his learning and to future generations to appreciate more and more his character as boy, man, soldier and civilian, I would with reverent spirit and admiring love confess my sense of failure to do justice to the nobility of his character and the greatness of his life.

Other Exercises.

Standing, the audience sang, "The Old North State," at the conclusion of Dr. McClure's address, after which General Metts read Hon. Ben. Hill's tribute to General Lee, which was one of the best of the many deserving tributes paid the Confederacy's greatest general and every word of which was endorsed by the audience, many of whom had never been privileged to hear it read before. The climax of the gathering came when, after the reading of the tribute, the orchestra played a medley of old Southern songs, and when the strains of "Dixie" were struck up the audience could not retain itself. Arising the people cheered, clapped their hands, waived hats and handkerchiefs and kept time with their feet in vigorous fashion. It was a most inspiring scene and one that will not soon be forgotten by those present.

Crosses of honor were then bestowed upon the following by the officers of the Chapter, the veterans going upon the stage as their names were called: Messrs. Geo. K. Bagby, G. J. Boney, J. T. Cobb, R. S. Murray, Henry C. Moore, G. W. Rogers, J. Wesley Woolvin, J. R. Turrentine and J. H. Ruark.

After the crosses had been pinned on the lapels of the coats of the veterans the orchestra played "Dixie," which again aroused the greatest enthusiasm, and the benediction was pronounced by Rev. Dr. Milton.

The Daughters desire to return their thanks to Mr. Will Rehder, the florist, for the use of plams and assistance on Lee birthday anniversaries for the past four years, and Mrs. Geo. Brooks for the use of ferns and beautiful red and white carnations, these being used in the Academy of Music.

At Hemenway School.

At 11:30 o'clock yesterday morning the pupils of Hemenway graded school gathered in the auditorium for exercises appropriate to the day. There were present a large number of the patrons and friends of the school and the programme was of an interesting nature, being as follows: Recitation: "The Sword of Lee" (Father Ryan), by eighth grade; "Life of Lee," Edwin McClure; School song—"Massa's in the Cold, Cold Ground;" recitation, "Confederate Victories,' by class; Song by school, "Bonnie Blue Flag;" "Conquered Banner," by Miss Jean LaFrage; "Life of Jackson," by Allie Fechtig; "Mater Mea Carolina," by class; "Explanatory Notes of Mater Mea," Genevieve Dushan; "Ho! for Carolina;" and "Dixie," by the school.

At Union School.

The exercises at Union school were held at 9:30 o'clock and were attended by many friends and patrons of the school. The following was the programme: "Bonnie Blue Flag," by the school; "The Sword of Lee," Clewell Howell; essay, "General Robert E. Lee," Blanche Tripp; selection from Father Ryan, sixth grade; recitation, "Lee, the Soldier and Gentleman," Walker Taylor, Jr.; "The Conquered Banner," Gray Hicks; song, "Dixie Land," by school; "Lee's Farewell to His Soldiers," Franklin Brown; singing by school.

At the High School appropriate exercises were held in the different rooms.

PRODUCER AND SPOT HOLDER

Should Co-operate at This Time in Cotton—Market Conditions.

New Orleans, Jan. 19.—Apropos of the so-called bear raid in the New York cotton market, President W. B. Thompson, of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, issued a signed statement tonight in which he says:

"If there was ever a time when the cotton producer and the holder of spot cotton should make a stand, that time is the present. We have recently passed through one of the most trying and unwarranted declines in the history of the cotton trade. Spot cotton is intrinsically worth little if any less than it was two weeks ago, yet in the meantime through the manipulaifon of a few bear operators in the New York market the entire cotton trade has been for the time being demoralized.

"Let it be understood that the slump in the contract market has not affected the intrinsic value of cotton. The law of supply and demand determines this value. The New York raid is not a legitimate incident of the cotton trade either in spots or futures. It represents the efforts of a few men with much money to gain their purpose by a guerilla attack.

"The issue is a large one. It comprehends more than the interests of the bear or bull operators in cotton. It raises the question as to whether a few manipulators shall demoralize a great trade system and go unpunished therefor. It affects the best interests of not only the spot market but the future market as well. The most powerful agent of retribution is within the control of the farmer and spot holders, if they will use it."

UNIONISTS STILL GAINING

But the Liberals Will Rule Parliament. Yesterday's Polling.

London, Jan. 19.—All the returns of today's elections which are likely to be received tonight show that the Unionists gained five seats and the Liberals one, leaving the present position of the parties as follows: Unionists 129; Liverals 119; Laborites 22; Nationalists, 44.

Thus far, therefore the Unionists have a net gain of 45 seats. They are required to obtain at least 168 net gains to wipe out the Liberal majority in the last Parliament.

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clothes will give you just this sort of value; the all-wool fabrics are such as any man can respect; the tailoring and style are the kind that makes you feel, as well as look, well-dressed.

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Clothiers, Tailors and Furnishers.

Ja 9 tf

A Record Order for Typewriters Is Given the Victor Typewriter Co.

For 7,500 Victor Machines.

The Victor Typewriter Company has recently received an order from the International Correspondence Schools of Scranton, Pennsylvania, for 7,500 Victor Typewriters to be delivered to them as soon as possible.

The International Correspondence School has also entered into agreement with the Victor Typewriter Company to use the Victor exclusively in all its offices and among its students. For several years the above mentioned company has endeavored to find a typewriter suitable to their needs and after a careful and exhaustive examination of all typewriters on the market, they decided that the Victor machine fills the requirements of typewriter users, is better constructed, and possesses more up to date practical features than any other machine on the market. After giving the matter due consideration, they placed the above mentioned order with the Victor Typewriter Company and also entered into the above mentioned agreement.

When the high character of the International Correspondence Schools is taken into consideration, both with respect to financial standing and its business methods, this transaction is certainly the highest testimonial for excellence, the Victor machine could possibly have.

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Ja 14 tf

GASOLINE

OUR GASOLINE IS MORE VOLATILE THAN ANY GASOLINE ON THE MARKET, CONTAINING THE MAXIMUM PER CENT. OF POWER PER GALLON; MADE FROM ONE GRADE OF CRUDE, ENSURING UNIFORMITY IN QUALITY.

12c per Gallon in Galvanized Iron Barrels, F. O. B. Wilmington.

For Perfect Lubrication Use THEBEST Auto Oil.

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Choose the Middle Course

Be neither a miser nor a spendthrift.
Both are held in contempt.
Save something, but not all.
(You get 4 per cent. interest here.)

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Ja 14 tf

S.S.S. NATURE'S CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

In a disease so painful as Rheumatism, medicines containing opiates and nerve-quieting drugs are often used. Such treatment is dangerous not only because it frequently causes the sufferer to become addicted to the drug habit, but medicines of this nature are always injurious to the system. Rheumatism is a disease of the blood, and its cure depends entirely upon a thorough purification of the circulation. As long as the blood remains saturated with uric acid, an inflammatory condition of the nerves, muscles and tendons of the body will exist, and the pains, aches, soreness, and hot, feverish flesh of Rheumatism will continue. The one safe and sure cure for Rheumatism is S. S. S. It is nature's remedy for this disease, made entirely of the healing, cleansing juices and extracts of roots, herbs and barks from the natural forests. S. S. S. does not contain anything that is in the slightest way injurious to the system. It is absolutely and purely vegetable, and free from opiates or sedatives of any kind. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism by removing the uric acid from the circulation, it makes the blood pure, rich and healthy so that instead of depositing sharp, uratic impurities into the muscles, nerves, joints and bones, it nourishes every portion of the body with natural, healthful properties. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice free to all who write and request it.

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Ja 11 tf

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Capital	$ 200,000.00
Surplus and Profits	145,000.00
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MATT J. HEYER, President. CHAS. N. EVANS, Cashier.

THE STATE IN EPITOME

¶News, Comment and Incidents as Reflected in North Carolina. : : : : : : : : : :

MRS. EDWARDS' EX-HUSBAND.

Strange Biloxi Suicide Has North Carolina Side Light.

(Asheville Citizen.)

Special dispatches have come to The Citizen within the past week telling of the suicide of an unknown man at Biloxi, Miss. Later dispatches have told that the man's name was Eastman, and that he came from Chicago, but it was not until further news was received yesterday giving his full name as Barrett Eastman, dramatic writer and critic of Chicago, and former son-in-law of former Mayor Carter Harrison, of Chicago, that he was identified locally as the former husband of Mrs. Baker Edwards, of Buck Shoals, and another dramatic incident in her career was known. Barrett Eastman committed suicide in an obscure hotel in Biloxi, Miss., January 11, and so effectually had he destroyed all traces of his identity that it was not until last Saturday that the faintest intimation of where he came from leaked out. Then it was ascertained that he was a Chicago newspaper man, and later he was positively identified by his father, Col. F. A. Eastman, as his son.

The suicide was the divorced husband of Mrs. Baker Edwards, whose marriage in this city November 18th, 1908, was a national sensation. It will be recalled that Mrs. Edwards, then Mrs. Eastman, was living at Buck Shoals, Bill Nye's old home, and her affairs first came into publicity through litigation which was begun by her to oust Col. V. E. McBee from possession of the property in which they had some joint interest.

It was during the trial of this case that her contemplated marriage to Mr. Baker E. Edwards became known and after the litigation had evolved many interesting circumstances, Mrs. Eastman and Mr. Edwards were married in the law offices of Adams & Adams. Several ministers having refused to perform the ceremony, owing to the fact that both Mrs. Eastman and Mr. Edwards were divorced, the ceremony was performed by Justice Waddell. In connection with the suicide of Mrs. Edwards' former husband, it is said that Mr. and Mrs. Edwards closed their Buck Shoals house about ten days ago and came into the city to live, but after remaining here for a few days left for parts unknown.

ELECTRICAL THIEF.

Raleigh Man Charged With Robbing Power Co.

(News and Observer.)

One of the most interesting cases ever tried in the Raleigh police court was that against Silas Edwards, charged with the larceny of electricity, which was tried by Police Justice Stronach, yesterday morning. The defendant was fined $1 and costs. It seems that Edwards rents a stall on East Martin street, adjoining which is a store, from which the electric meter has been removed. It was found several days ago that Edwards had tapped the wires and connected them with an electric light, which he used to light his stall. For some time before his arrest the defendant had been using the electricity, for which he did not pay and which was taken from the wires in the adjoining store. John McNeill, colored, was charged with the larceny of wood from the yard of Johnson & Johnson, but the charged was changed to trespass as the boy did not get, as the chief of police expressed it, "more than five cents worth of wood". It seems that one of the hands had given him permission to pick up some chips, but the chips he picked up were too big and he was pulled and taken before Judge Stronach. The defendant was tried on the charge of trespass and taxed with the costs, which amounted to $2.85.

H. B. Bunch, white, was charged with keeping a vicious dog, but the case was dismissed, when the defendant had promised to take the animal to the country.

DEATHS AT ROCKY MOUNT.

Mrs. Matilda Peeden Passes—Remains Sent to Mount Olive.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Rocky Mount, N. C., Jan. 19.—After a short illness with pneumonia, Mrs. Matilda Peeden died yesterday at her home on Washington street. Due to her advanced years, being past the 60th mile stone, she fell easy prey to the diseases which made rapid advances. The remains were taken yesterday to Fremont where the funeral will be held this morning at 11 o'clock.

This morning the remains of Mrs. M. F. Saunders, accompanied by a number of relatives and friends, were taken to Mount Olive for interment there this afternoon. Mrs. Saunders died Tuesday morning at her home at No. 626 Pender street. She leaves seven children, five sons and three daughters.

The funeral was held this morning at 10 o'clock at Mount Olive, by Rev. Peter McIntyre, of the Presbyterian church, after which the remains were interred in the family plot in the cemetery there. The deceased was 48 years old and was a devout Christian woman.

GONE TO FARMING.

Constable Says He Can't Make Living Out of Office.

(News and Observer.)

Constable D. R. Byrum has begun the cultivation of a farm to help him make a living. He stated yesterday that since prohibition had been in effect it had been impossible for him to make a living as an officer from his fees for arrests. He said it had been so long since he had made an arrest that he barely remembered the time, and that practically all that he earns now is derived from the service of civil papers. He puts all the "blame" for the decrease in crime to the decrease in the consumption of liquor. Mr. Byrum is an excellent officer and has rendered splendid service in several important cases. He is also a good farmer and will make a model of his ten acres.

MOREHEAD FOR GOVERNOR.

District Attorney Holton Credits Generally Accepted Report.

(Charlotte Observer.)

The prediction has been freely made from time to time that Congressman John M. Morehead of Spray, representative in Washington from the Fifth North Carolina district, would be the next candidate for Governor on the Republican State ticket. In connection with an admirable article from Washington Monday morning, Mr. H. E. C. Bryant, Washington correspondent of The Observer, repeated the credited rumor with supplementary features that had a substantial bearing on the political situation in North Carolina. In this connection, the following interview which appeared in yesterday's Winston-Salem Journal, will be of interest:

"Congressman John M. Morehead will be the next Republican candidate for Governor of North Carolina' declared District Attorney Holton yesterday, 'if he makes good in Washington and if the Republicans of the State follow him and endorse his business views of running the government. And he is making good in Washington—there's no doubt about that.'

"'How about his chances of being elected?' was the question of a Journal reporter—asked laughingly.

"'He will have a fighting chance' the district attorney replied, 'daunted not a whit by Governor Kitchin's thirty-seven odd thousand.

"The discussion was brought about by Red Buck Bryant's prognostications in yesterday's Charlotte Observer, which are given in full at the tail end of this little yarn.

"Mr. Holton went on to say that Mr. Morehead would be the leader of the Taft forces in North Carolina. The people like his style, said the district attorney, like his way of going after things. Mr. Holton says Mr. Morehead will have no trouble in being re-elected to Congress, for he said, 'the district may now be regarded as Republican.'

"Well—the ball has been given a gentle start. It now remains to be seen how many posts it will run up against before the next gubernatorial campaign comes along."

AGED LADY SUES SOUTHERN.

Mrs. M. S. Arledge Asks $10,000 From Railroad Because of Injuries.

(Charlotte Observer.)

Seeking $10,000 as the result of painful bruises and other similar injuries inflicted on her, it is claimed, by the premature starting of a Southern Railway train, Mrs. M. S. Arledge appeared as plaintiff in the Superior court yesterday. When court adjourned for the day late in the afternoon, all the evidence was in and Mr. Neill R. Graham, of counsel for the plaintiff, had made a logical and forceful speech. He will be followed this morning by Col. W. B. Rodman for the railroad and Mr. E. R. Preston, who will close for the plaintiff. The case is rather unusual. Mrs. Arledge is nearly 70 years old. She lives in Charlotte with her daughter, Mrs. M. C. Quinn. Previously she has lived at Huntersville, Concord and Mooresville. On the night of December 13, 1908, provided with a ticket to Lowell, Mrs. Arledge boarded a Southern train here for the purpose of visiting relatives at Lowell. According to her statement she arose as soon as the train stopped, after the flagman had called the name of the station, and hastened through the car to get out. Just as she reached the platform she heard some one cry, "All aboard". Not aware that the train had begun to move, she placed one foot on the ground. The result was that she was hurled against the steps and bruised. Swinging thus, with one foot on the train step, the other on the ground or in space, she states that she managed to hold on while she was dragged about two car lengths. As a result she sustained sprains and bruises.

THE NEWS AT CLINTON.

Barn and Stables Burned—Improvements in the Star—Accidents.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Clinton, N. C., Jan. 19.—The barn and stables of Mr. Jerry J. Matthis were burned on Monday night about 2 o'clock together with some 500 bushels of corn, a pair of fine horses valued at $500, a cow and a hog. The loss is estimated at $1,200 and there was no insurance. The fire is said to have been of incendiary origin and efforts are being made to secure sufficient proof to make an arrest.

Mr. Hardy Shipp, a young white man, had his leg broken at Waller's saw mill near here today by the carriage running into him. He was an employe of the mill.

Mr. Hardy Royal, a citizen of the Beaman's Cross Roads section of this county, dropped dead on the public road near Steven's Bridge this morning. He was traveling alone at the time. He was an industrious farmer, aged about 60 year, and leaves a family.

A forest fire north of the railroad between Garland and Tomahawk did considerable damage yesterday afternoon and night. It was finally checked by a shower of rain which prevented further damage.

Mr. J. H. Maxwell, representing The Star, was here today calling upon our people. The great improvement in the news service and mechanical get-up of The Star is a matter of comment and should greatly increase its circulation.

Malaria Makes Pale Blood.

The Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria and builds up the system. For grown people and children, 50c.

N. Y. Mills Bleaching in 5 to 20 yard lengths (regular 15c grade) 10 cents at Gaylord's. **

New Spring dress gingham 12 1-2 cents now on display at Rehder's **

ONLY NECESSARY TO TREAT THE STOMACH, SAYS COOPER

The new theory advanced by L. T. Cooper relative to the human stomach has attracted such widespread attention that the public in cities visited by the young man has been joined by many physicians in a discussion of his beliefs and medicines.

Mr. Cooper says that human health is dependent almost entirely upon the stomach. He says that no disease can be conquered without first alleviating all stomach disorders. He further says that most men and women of this generation are half sick, owing to degenerate stomachs. And lastly, he claims that his New Discovery medicine will rejuvenate the human stomach in 90 days.

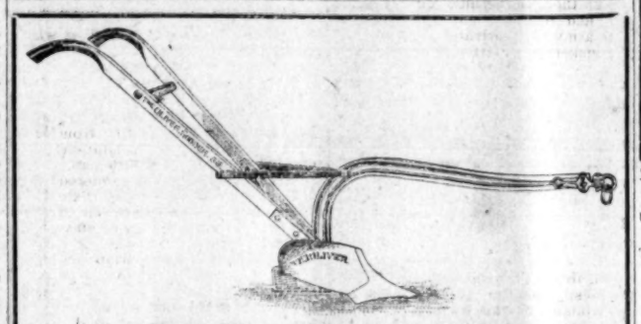
Cooper has been traveling from one city to another, conducting in each what he calls a campaign of education. For the past year he has met the public in the larger cities of the country, and his success has been phenomenal. Thousands of people have flocked to his headquarters wherever he has gone, and the sale of his medicine has been beyond anything of the kind ever before witnessed.

Possibly the most interesting feature of the attention this young man has attracted is what his army of followers, whom he has converted to his beliefs through his medicines, have to say on the subject. The following statements are from two well-known residents of Chicago and Boston, respectively, and the enthusiasm of these is characteristic of Cooper's admirers generally.

Mrs. H. B. Mack, of 3201 State street, Chicago, says: "I have been suffering for 12 years from a combination of stomach troubles, catarrh and constipation. I had a gnawing pain in the pit of my stomach, a sort of a dull pain that I could not quite understand. Then there was a dull headache, and my mind seemed to be wandering continually. I could not eat, and what little solid food I did eat I could not retain on my stomach. I tried every remedy I could think of, and also tried out a number of patent medicines, but without any apparent result. It was through one of my friends that I heard of Cooper's preparation, and I immediately decided to try some of it. It is two weeks since I took my first dose of it, and I feel like a new woman. The headache seems to have disappeared, and the pain in my stomach along with it. The medicine is worth its weight in gold, and I want to thank Mr. Cooper for what he has done for me."

Mr. Edwin F. Morse, of 20 Oakley street, Dorchester, a suburb of Boston, says: "For three years I had not a well day. My stomach was in frightful shape; the mere thought of food would nauseate me and I really had a horror of anything to eat. All solid food would cause me extreme indigestion, bloating and gas on my stomach, and nothing tasted right. Some time ago I got some of this Cooper's medicines, about which there is so much talk. I actually feel as well and strong as a boy ever since the first bottle. Every sign of stomach trouble has disappeared, and I have a hearty appetite and eat three square meals; everything seems to taste good. Anyone who knows what chronic indigestion is can appreciate what this means to me. I consider this the most remarkable medicine I ever heard of."

We sell Mr. Cooper's medicines, and find them to be all he claims.—J. H. Hardin.



OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS

These are the only genuine Chilled Plows on the market today. There are several imitations being offered to the public and, of course, just as good and cheaper than the old original Oliver Chilled Plows, but every farmer knows better, while the imitations may be some little cheaper, but there they stop. We have the sole agency for the following counties: New Hanover, Pender, Onslow, Duplin, Sampson, Bladen, Jones, Carteret, Columbus and Brunswick.

We will have a car load of these celebrated plows and repairs here ready for distribution the latter part of this month.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

A Few More Days of Grace!

From now until January 1st, at which date we take stock, we will sell goods cheaper than ever.

While our holiday trade was heavier than ever before, we still have plenty of bright, new, fresh goods with which to supply the requirements of our customers. Our low prices will greatly help out those who have had considerable expense during the holidays.

Call and examine our goods and get our prices if interested.

Remember that these prices are until Jan. 1st, 1910, only. Dollars saved by buying now.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.

Wilmington, N. C.

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK

Capital and Surplus:
$925,000.00

Largest and Strongest Bank in This Section.

ja 12 tf

Pale Export BEER

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.

4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $3.00.
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $7.50

DARLEY PARK BREWING COMPANY

G. MORGAN KNIGHT, Manager. PETERSBURG, VA.

"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine"

Take advantage of the common sense contained in the above old adage, by giving us your orders for Stoves and Heaters before the cold weather arrives.

We carry one of the largest stocks and best assortment of Hardware in the State at prices which defy competition.

Come in, call up 106 or 1030—or write and let us figure with you.

J. W. MURCHISON & COMPANY.

109-111 North Front Street.

Seed Oats & Rye

2,000 Bushels Seed Oats.
50 Bushels Seed Rye
1,000 Sacks Rice, (all grades)
1,800 Bbls. Flour.
300 Bbls. Nice Mullets, (100 lbs).
120,000 Lbs. No. 1 Timothy Hay
4,000 Kegs Steel Cut and Wire Nails.
8,000 Sacks Fine Salt
200 Sacks Rock Salt
200 Sacks Ice Cream Salt
300 Bbls. Pkt. Salt
5,000 Cases Canned Goods and Vegetables.

We are in a position to accommodate any customer, large or small. If you are not already a customer, get on the band wagon.

D. L. GORE CO.

Wholesale Grocer and Importer
Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE

United States of America—Eastern District of North Carolina Circuit Court at Wilmington—Fourth Circuit.

The United States of America, Plaintiff, vs. Walter G. MacRae, Mayor of the City of Wilmington, W. L. West, C. F. W. Rehder, Joseph H. Hinton, F. W. Bonitz, S. J. Ellis, L. E. Hall, B. O. Stone, W. E. Yopp, T. B. Willard and J. R. Fales, composing the Board of Aldermen of the City of Wilmington, North Carolina; and all other citizens of Wilmington or elsewhere, who have or claim any right or title, Mrs. Kate Curtis, R. E. Williams, D. O'Connor, and Mary O'Connor, Boney & Harper Milling Company, C. J. Mitchell, and C. S. Elli C. S. Ellis Executor of Mrs. Lucretia Russell, Charles F. McMillen, Charles D. Russell, Miss Annie D. Russell, Mrs. Maggie R. Vaughan and S. Russell, heirs at law and devisees of Mrs. Lucretia Russell, deceased: Defendants:

All of the above except the Aldermen of the City of Wilmington being abutting owner on Gable's Alley, Custom House Alley and Ewing's Alley in the City of Wilmington:

And to all known and unknown heirs or claimants to any interest in the fee simple title in Gable's, Ewing's and Custom House Alleys;

And to all other citizens of Wilmington, North Carolina, or elsewhere, who have or claim any right, title, interest easement or privilege in Gable's, Ewing's and Custom House Alleys, lying between Front and Water Streets and Princess and Market streets, in the City of Wilmington, North Carolina. Defendants:—

The Defendants, above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Circuit Court of the United States in the Wilmington Division of the Eastern District of North Carolina, for the purpose of condemning for public use as part of a site upon which to construct a United States Custom House, other Government Offices and a Government Warehouse or Appraisers Store Building, in the City of Wilmington, the following described parcels of land to-wit:—

Those certain pieces of land referred to in the plat filed in this cause with the Clerk of the U. S. Court at Wilmington, as Gable's Alley, Custom House Alley and Ewing's Alley, lying West of the blue line indicated on said plat leading into Wright's Alley and Water Street in the City of Wilmington, N. C.

That the said land sought to be condemned in this proceeding are now occupied by the City of Wilmington as public Alleys, in which the other defendants have or claim some interest, right or privilege. A full and particular description of the same is contained in the Petition filed in this cause.

The Said Defendants Will Further Take Notice that they are required to appear before the Circuit Court of the United States at Wilmington, North Carolina, on or before the 8th Day of February 1910, then and there to Answer or Demur to the Petition filed in this cause, or the said United States will then apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said Petition now on file.

This the 6th day of January 1910.

SAM. P. COLLIER, Clerk.
(Seal.) United States Circuit Court.

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No. 9120.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER CAUNTY.

We, the undersigned, B. E. Hollis and J. W. Hollis, of the County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, do hereby enter and lay claim to the following vacant and unappropriated land, subject to entry, located in Masonboro township, New Hanover county, State aforesaid, viz: Bounded on the north by swimming hole sluc, on the east and south by Rock hole sluc, on the west by the channel of Myrtle Grove Sound and known as Skip Jack Shoals, containin- two acres, more or less. January 6th, 1910.

R. E. HOLLIS,
J. W. HOLLIS,

Filed January 6th, 1910.

JOHN HAAR,
Register of Deeds and Acting Entry Taker.

ja 7 30t *

STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Wilmington Homestead & Loan Association will be held on Thursday evening, January 20, at 8 o'clock, at their office, room 3 Odd Fellows Building.

All stockholders are requested to attend in person or send their proxies to the Secretary.

J. G. BARENTINE,
President.

Attest,
C. C. BROWN,
Secretary.

ja 18 3t

PARLOR CAR SERVICE ON SEABOARD BETWEEN HAMLET AND WILMINGTON.

The Seaboard has re-established Parlor Car Service on their trains Nos. 39 and 40 between Hamlet and Wilmington, effective December 20th. Leave Hamlet 9.05 A. M., arrive Wilmington 1.15 P. M.; returning leave Wilmington 3.20 P. M. arrive Hamlet 7.30 P. M.

C. H. GATTIS,
District Passenger Agent
Raleigh, N. C.

de 23

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME DAILY

BIJOU

... OUT NEVER OVER

5 Cents.

Atlantic Coast Line

CORRECT TO DECEMBER 22nd.

NOTICE.

The arrivals and departure are given as information, as well as connections with other companies, but arrivals and connections are not guaranteed.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48. Daily.	No. 42. Daily
Lv. Wilmington ..	8:45 am	7:00 pm
Ar. Goldsboro ..	12:00 pm	9:55 pm
Ar. Wilson ..	1:00 pm	10:52 pm
Ar. Rocky Mount	1:35 pm	11:30 pm
Ar. Weldon ..	4:55 pm	2:00 am
Ar. Norfolk ..	8:55 pm	*8:35 am
Ar. Petersburg ..	7:05 pm	4:05 am
Ar. Richmond ..	8:00 pm	4:40 am
Ar. Washington ..	11:50 pm	8:00 am
Ar. Baltimore ..	1:20 am	9:16 am
Ar. W. Philadelphia	3:40 am	11:35 pm
Ar. New York	6:30 am	2:00 pm

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41. Daily.	No. 49. Daily.
Lv. New York	3:25 pm	9:25 pm
Lv. W. Philadelphia	5:44 pm	12:19 am
Lv. Baltimore ..	8:20 pm	2:46 am
Lv. Washington ..	10:00 pm	4:20 am
Lv. Norfolk	3:20 pm	8:25 am
Lv. Richmond ..	1:20 am	8:15 am
Lv. Petersburg ..	1:55 am	9:13 am
Lv. Weldon ..	3:40 am	11:35 am
Lv. Goldsboro ..	6:05 am	12:50 pm
Lv. Wilson ..	5:49 am	2:00 pm
Lv. Rocky Mount	6:35 am	3:05 pm
Ar. Wilmington ..	9:30 am	6:10 pm

WEST AND SOUTH.

	51.	55	via Wilson 42
Lv. Wilmington	6:00 am	3:30 pm	7:00 pm
Ar. Florence	9:25 am	7:25 pm	4:01 am
Ar. Columbia ...	1:00 pm	10:45 pm	
Ar. Augusta	3:00 pm		
Ar. Atlanta	8:20 pm		
Ar. Nashville ...	6:30 am		
Ar. Memphis	3:30 pm		
Ar. Louisville ...	1:10 pm		
Ar. Cov'ti	4:35 pm		
Ar. Charleston ..	1:15 pm	11:20 pm	7:05 am
Ar Savannah ...	3:55 pm	2:20 am	9:30 am
Ar. Jacksonville.	8:15 pm	7:15 am	1:30 pm
Ar. Tampa	7:00 am	7:00 pm	10:25 pm

Pullman service Florence to Atlanta and Atlanta to destination.

NORTHBOUND.

	50 Daily.	54 Daily
Lv. Tampa	9:00 pm	10:30 am
Lv. Jacksonville	7:30 am	7:45 pm
Lv. Savannah	11:55 am	12:15 am
Lv. Charleston	4:25 pm	5:10 am
Lv. Columbia	4:25 pm	6:00 am
Lv. Augusta	2:45 pm	
Lv. Florence	8:03 pm	9:25 am
Ar. Wilmington	11:30 pm	1:25 pm

WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

Westbound. 53 Daily.		Eastbound 52 Daily.
8:40 AM	Lv. Wilmington Ar.	8:05 PM
11:45 AM	Ar. Fayetteville Lv.	4:50 PM
12:10 PM	Lv. Fayetteville Ar.	4:45 PM
1:40 PM	Ar. Sanford Lv.	3:30 PM

WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

Northbound. 62 Daily except Sunday.		Southbound 63
2:25 PM	Lv. Wilmington Ar.	12:50 PM
5:17 PM	Ar. Jacksonville Lv.	10:55 AM
6:44 PM	Ar. N. & S. Jct. Lv.	9:35 AM
6:50 PM	Ar. Newbern Lv.	9:30 AM

*VIA PETERSBURG AND N. & W. RY.
**Daily Except Sunday.

Trains No. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping cars with broiler service, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Pennsylvania R. R., for all points East.

Trains 48 and 49 carry Pullman Parlor cars betwen Wilmington and Norfolk.

Trains No. 53 and 50 carry Pullman Sleeping cars between Wilmington and Columbia.

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway
SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office or S. A. L. Railway Freight Office Telephones No. 1294 or No. 5.

Trains Leave Wilmington Effective January 3, 1910.

No. 45—4:50 A. M.—For Hamlet, and Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 60 for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—4:00 P. M.—For Hamlet, connecting with through trains for Atlanta, Charlotte, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York and trains in all directions.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington

No. 40—1:15 P. M.—From Hamlet.

No. 44—12:20 A. M.—From Charlotte and Hamlet.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 60 for all points North at Monroe with No. 53 for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41 for Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis and Charlotte, with No. 84 and No. 92 for Washington and New York and Portsmouth, Norfolk and No. 43 for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Parlor Car Service will be maintained between Wilmington and Hamlet on No. 39 leaving Wilmington at 4 P. M., and No. 40 arriving at W..mington at 1:15 P. M.

E. W. ARRINGTON,
Union Ticket Agent.
Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Agent.
Phone No. 5.

H. S. LEARD,
Div. Passenger Agent.,
Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. BRYAN,
General Passenger Agent,
Portsmouth, Va

Clyde Steamship Company
to NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

NEW YORK TO WILMINGTON.
S. S. "Carib" ..... Friday, Jan. 21, 1910
S. S. "Navahoe" ..... Friday, Jan. 28, 1910

WILMINGTON TO NEW YORK.
S. S. "Navahoe" .... Saturday, Jan. 22, 1910
S. S. "Carib" ..... Saturday, Jan. 29, 1910

WILMINGTON TO GEORGETOWN.
S. S. "Navahoe" ..... Monday, Jan. 17, 1910
S. S. "Carib" ..... Monday, Jan. 24, 1910

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina

For freight and passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD, F. T. M.
H. H. RAYMOND, V. P. & G. M.
General Offices, Pier 26 N. R., N. Y.

HUGH MacRAE & CO.
BANKERS,

Miscellaneous Southern Securities
Cotton Mill Stocks

WILMINGTON, N. C.
New York City, 149 Broadway

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect Thursday, September 30th 1909.

TO BEACH.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:30, 10:00, and 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 7:10 and 8:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:06, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10 and 8:30 P M.

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Lumina at 7:45, 9:15, and 10:45 A. M., 12:15, 1:45, 3:45, 5:15, 7:50 and 9:15 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Lumina at 9:45, 10:45 A. M., 12:15, 1:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, 6:25, 6:50, 7:50, and 9:15 P M.

TO WRIGHTSVILLE.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 6:20, 7:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:55 A. M., 12:25, 1:55, 3:55, 5:25, 6:25, 8:00, 9:25 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 9:55, 10:55 A. M., 12:25, 1:55, 3:25, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:35, 7:00, 8:00, 9:25, 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

CAROLINA PLACE, FRONT AND PRINCESS TO CAROLINA PLACE.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess 6:52 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:37 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess 8:22 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:37 P. M.

TO FRONT AND PRINCESS.

WEEK DAYS—Leave 17th and Market 6:45 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:45 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave 17th and Market 8:30 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:45 P. M.

FREIGHT.

Leave Wilmington daily except Sunday at 4:00 P. M. Freight Depot from 3:00 to 4:00 P. M.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and best Line West and Northwest.

Rock System, Rock Ballast, 85-lb. Rail

Schedule in Effect May 1st, 1909.

Lv	Norfolk	7:30 a.m.	7:30 p.m.
Lv	Petersburg	10:25 a.m.	10:20 p.m.
Lv	Durham	1:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv	Lynchburg	2:30 p.m.	2:15 a.m.
Ar	Cincinnati	7:30 a.m.	7:20 p.m.
Ar	Columbus	6:45 a.m.	7:45 p.m.
Ar	Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar	St. Louis	7:25 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points. Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass Agent, Roanoke, Va.
H. BOSLEY,
Gen. Pass Agent, Richmond, Va.

"THE FIRST STEP TO BEAUTY"

consists in a perfectly made and finished set of artificial teeth. No woman can be really attractive whose mouth is disfigured by decayed and ugly teeth.

GOOD TEETH ARE ESSENTIAL to good digestion and their care should commence in childhood. Come and let us take your impression for a new set of teeth.

DR. JAS. W. POWELL
Dentist.

ja 16 tf

J. W. H. FUCHS

Buster Brown Shoes for Boys and Girls.

Clothing for Men and Boys.

Suits Made to Order.

J. W. H FUCHS

128 to 134 S. Front St.
Phone 800.

Holeproof Hose and Stockings.

de 24 tf.

Blue prints of all kinds are made by Southern Map Co., phone 813, So. Bldg.

NEW MODEL No. 10
REMINGTON TYPEWRITER
$84.50
RAMOS TYPEWRITER CO.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

rectly in front of the stage and behind them sat members of the W. L. I.

At The Academy.

The Academy of Music never presented a more beautiful scene than on this occasion. The decorations were arranged under the direction of Mrs. Cuthbert Martin, whose exquisite taste and fine judgment was amply reflected in the beauty of the scene which met the gaze of those who composed the audience. The simple statement that Mrs. Martin was in charge is sufficient within itself to convince those who were not present that it would have been exceedingly difficult to have improved upon the decorations in any way. The scenery and decorations were so arranged as to represent a forest scene. Banked about the stake in great profusion were palms, Southern smilax, red and white carnations, while the edge of the stage was draped with red and white bunting, colors of the chapter. On the centre of the stage, in the rear, were arranged in "V" shape a battle flag, North Carolina flag and a Confederate flag. In the centre, near the top, was a splendid likeness of General Lee, around which was a wreath tied with red and white ribbon.

Seated on the stage were members of the Chapter, Mrs. Wm. Parsley, retiring president; Mrs. Cuthbert Martin, retiring secretary; Mrs. Junius Davis, the newly elected president; and Mrs. James F. Woolvin, the newly elected treasurer; Miss Hettie James, historian; Mrs. Jane DeRosset, chairman of the George Davis Memorial committee; General James I. Metts, who was master of ceremonies; Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton, rector of St. James' Episcopal church; Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church and orator of the day; General W. L. London, of Pittsboro, who is on a visit here; Mr. G. J. Boney, Mr. Sykes, color bearer for the Camp; Colonel W. L. DeRosset, Captain Geo. W. Huggins, Mr. Clayton Giles, Mr. L. Leon, adjutant of the camp; Messrs. Henry Miller and Clayton Giles, Jr., and others.

The exercises began with a selection by Hollowbush's orchestra, after which Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton offered a most fervent prayer. General Metts announced regretfully that owing to illness and a misunderstanding the Acme Male Quartette, which had been given a prominent place on the musical programme, was unable to sing, and the music would be furnished by the orchestra. Notwithstanding the disappointment occasioned on account of the failure of the quartette to be present the music was one of the distinct pleasing features of the gathering, the musicians winning applause time and again. Following another selection by the orchestra, General Metts introduced the speaker of the occasion, Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, who made one of those deep, forcible and earnest addresses for which he is widely known. The speaker arose amidst the applause of the large audience and frequently his remarks were heartily endorsed by the audience by ringing applause. Dr. McClure spoke as follows:

Gentlemen of the Committee, Veterans, Sons of Veterans, Daughters of the Confederacy, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen:

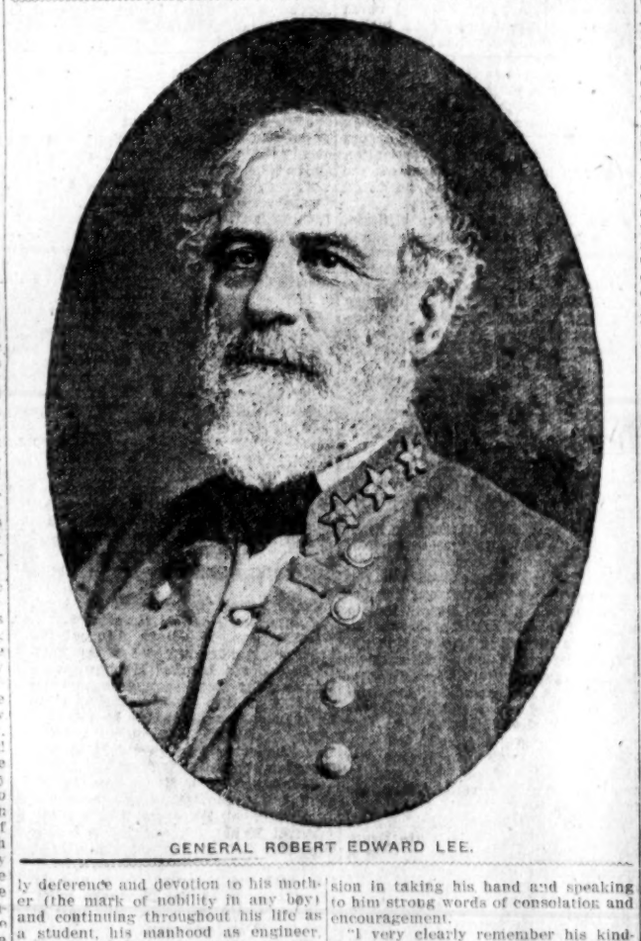
Please accept my thanks for the compliment implied in your invitation to address you on this anniversary celebration of the birthday of General Robert E. Lee. I hesitated to accept the honor and still doubt the wisdom of bestowing it upon me, because it seemed to take me out of my preferred calling to preach the gospel, and to place me where I have less fitness, experience and ability than the occasion demands. The theme for this hour, and the treatment, deserve true convictions, clear thinking and eloquent expression.

We meet to pay respect to the life and labors of a great military chief tain and patriotic civilian. This gives us opportunity to express our abiding admiration for the heroic men in the armies of which our hero was easily the foremost man and greatest general. In doing this we would pay due respect to the cause to which they gave themselves nobly and honestly. We should, and we do with proud hearts and fond affection, mention the noble women who suffered heroically at home. These deserve but they do not need eulogy. That was written in life blood and tears, in deeds of valor and days of endurance, which can never be fully known until they are told with meek humility on the shores of eternal peace. He would be daring indeed who would think himself able to put in words an adequate appreciation of the lives given, the hardships borne and the blood shed in those dark days when war waged havoc and desolation in our beloved Southland. Time has tested and critics have searched the records of those days only to find their deeds more marvelous and their devotion more glorious. Foes on the field of battle are friends in peace and admirers of character discovered by the horrors of war; characters more magnificent in the later lives of these heroes, in the days of reconstruction and adjustment to new conditions, and in the rebuilding and development of our devastated country.

In all this our hero had a large place and a most important part. No less in peace, if not more than in war, he deserves all honor and praise. It was his father, Light Horse Harry Lee who paid that tribute to General George Washington which seems to fit in just here, as the best description of his great son, our hero. General Robert E. Lee, "First in War, first in peace and first in the hearts of his countrymen. As commander and comrade in war Gen. Robert E. Lee was, by every test, "first in war.' As the unselfish nobleman, refusing the use of his name for personal advantage, as the wise counsellor of his soldiers after the strife of war, and as the President of the college which as University now is fortunate to bear his name with that of Washington, he was "first in peace." In our meeting today, because this day was chosen as the best in which to enshrine the cause we love, throughout our Southland he is with, increasing admiration, "first in the hearts of his countrymen." In confirmation of this I quote from an address made in this city in 1889 at a meeting in honour of ex President Jefferson Davis, by the Hon. George Davis, whom we delight to honor. He was then "of commanding intellect and wide experience, after he had reached the limits of three score years and ten." He said "My public life was long since over; my ambition went down with the banner of the South, and, like it never rose again. I have had abundant time in all these quiet years, and it has been my favorite occupation to review the occurrences of that time, and recall over the history of that tremendous struggle; to remember with love and admiration the great men who bore their parts in its events.

"I have often thought what was it that the Southern people had to be most proud of in all the proud things of their record? Not the achievement of our arms! No man rejoices more in Mannassas, Chancellorsville and in Richmond. But all nations have had their victories. There is something I think better than that and it was this; that through all the bitterness of that time and throughout all the heat of that fierce contest, Jefferson Davis and Robert E. Lee never spoke a word, never wrote a line, that the whole neutral world did not accept as the very indisputable truth. Aye; truth was the guiding star of both of them, and that is a grand thing to remember, upon that my memory rests more proudly than upon anything else. It is a monument better than marble, more enduring than brass." Without any reflection upon President Davis, I make bold to say that in this, after all these years, General Robert E. Lee is "first in the hearts of his countrymen." Soon after his death these beautiful words were spoken of him: 'General Lee's fame is not bounded by the limits of the South, nor by the Continent. I rejoice that the South gave him birth. I rejoice that the South will hold his ashes. But his fame belongs to the human race. Washington too was born in the South but his fame belongs to mankind. We place the name of Lee beside that of Washington. They both belong to the world."

Our hero was a nobleman in this country where men do not wear the titles and do not bear the insignia of nobility. He was worthy of admiration, esteem and love. The prose poet Ruskin has written "The nobleness of life depends on its constancy, cleanness of purpose, and ceaseless activity." As these point to nobleness in a good man, and a good life devoted to personal purity, domestic felicity, spotless social habits and bearbearing and faithful discharge of public duty, they are the marks by which all the world knows and attests Robert E. Lee a nobleman. Beginning in his boyhood with its filial and princely deference and devotion to his mother (the mark of nobility in any boy) and continuing throughout his life as a student, his manhood as engineer, and military officer of rapidly increasing and deserved promotion; in his ing and faithful discharge of pub and deserved promotion, in his achievement as military commander and his life rising to its climax in the office of President of Washington College, he was always and everywhere a nobleman, measured by his consistent devotion to duty, "cleanness of purpose" to do his whole duty at what ever cost and "quiet and ceaseless energy" of heart, mind and body, to be the best and do the holiest in the cause that was right.



GENERAL ROBERT EDWARD LEE.

There was no assertion of lordly self-conscious superiority in our hero. While he was imposing in presence by reason of real superiority and impressive by a dignity that befitted his greatness, at heart he was meek and in dealing with others, gentle. Meekness, the putting away of all self importance and all self interest and having consideration and concern for the good of others and the welfare of the interests he represented, was a great element in this man. It made him gentle, considerate of the rights and feeling of others and, while faithful, still impartial and kind in reproving the unfaithful and administering discipline to the disloyal or the disobedient. There was in him none of that tyrannical or cruel way which some men have, of bearing and language which under the pretext of being candid wounds the sensitive spirit and needlessly hurts the helpless victim.

The one word "Duty"—to do what he ought—was the one controlling the conscience and moulding the life of this nobleman. Whatever he believed to be his duty to God, his country and himself put every other consideration aside and sustained him in the greatest dangers and difficulties. And this is the noblest thing in life. It is nobler than what most men call love. In its lower ranges love even is tinged with selfishness. The moment one rises above all these lower ranges of selfishness to where love is pure, it is by the clear sense of duty to serve and to minister to men. The highest holiest duty is to love. Duty is the one adequate law of life. It brings peace and good conscience and takes away all distress and unrest and cowardice. It alone can make men ready for the crisis and tests of life. Bearing on this I have in hand an article written about General Lee by General O. O. Howard of the Federal Army a little while ago just before his death. Here it is: a fine tribute to our hero by one who was against him in the war between the States. "In these days when public men and private citizens North, South, East and West earnestly desire to have the sentiments of cordial union and abiding friendship permeate every portion of our country it is difficult for a participant in the great Civil War on the one side or on the other to write with absolute impartiality upon matters touching that war. It is specially hard for an officer on either side to defend his own position.

Before graduating from the Military Academy in 1864, I had been under the superintendency of Colonel Robert E. Lee.

His family record, including that of his father, General Harry Lee, who openly advocated State sovereignty; his instruction at the Military Academy where the doctrine of State supremacy was plainly taught; his great ability as a military engineer, his magnificent record in the Mexican War, which so pleased General Scott; and his superior personal character coupled with unusual executive ability—all this placed a figure before us cadets which begot respect, reverence and devotion which our previous commanding officers had not succeeded in producing.

"Faithful to the last degree in the performance of duty, by the demands of his office Colonel Lee came into personal contact with every cadet. Sooner or later the cadet looked into the face of a hightoned, upright courteous gentleman and went from him with a conviction more or less realized that this officer of so high standing was his friend.

"There was added to this uniform courtesy and kindness of administration, on Lee's part a habit of visiting any young men who were injured in the riding-hall or elsewhere, or were thrown into the hospital by illness.

By a Boys' Bedside.

As he sat by the bedside of a cadet who was ill and deeply longing for home nursing, comforts and sympathy, the young man was made to feel the impress of a fatherly love, so that he never forgot Colonel Lee's condescension in taking his hand and speaking to him strong words of consolation and encouragement.

"I very clearly remember his kindness on examination, always dignified, yet singularly sympathetic and affectionate in his manner towards a cadet who was embarrassed or likely to fail. I recall also how he encouraged the cadets in their sports, their evening musical entertainments, and in their "hops" in the dancing-hall. He would extend the time for these dances when it was possible as parents would do for their children.

"Taking this brief sketch into the account, I wish to quote extracts from a letter that General Lee wrote to his sister on the day when he tendered his resignation of his commission as an officer of the army.

"Arlington, Va., April 20, 1861.

"My Dear Sister:—I am grieved at my inability to see you. * * * I have been waiting for 'a more convenient season' which has brought to many before me deep and lasting regret. We are now in a state of war which will yield to nothing. The whole South is in a state of revolution, into which Virginia after a long struggle has been drawn; and though I recognize no necessity for this state of things, and would have forborne and pleaded to the end for redress of grievances real or supposed, yet in my own person I had to meet the question whether I would take part against my native State. With all my devotion to the Union, and the feeling of loyalty and duty of an American citizen—I have not been able to make up my mind to raise my hand against my relatives, my children, my home. I have therefore resigned my commission in the army, and save in defense of my native State, with the sincere hope that my poor services may never be needed, I hope I may never be called upon to draw my sword."

"In this letter the plain reason of General Lee's resignation is set forth. To him had been offered the command of the army of the United States. It was evident that the battle ground would soon be in Virginia, and he very naturally shrank from marching an army into Virginia or commanding it there in campaign or battle; but probably he would have done as did Generals Scott, George H. Thomas, Robert Williams, John Newton, Craighill, Farragut and others, that is, decided to sustain the flag and the Union, had it not been for his strong conviction that his first allegiance was due to the commonwealth of Virginia."

"There are many pictures of General Lee on foot, on horseback, in commanding majesty mounted on Traveler, alone or with Stonewall Jackson, or others. But none can protray the strength and dignity, the wisdom and poise, the skill and learning, the meekness and majesty, the gentleness and greatness of our peerless hero. With uncovered head and reverent spirit, the visitor in the chapel of Washington and Lee University may stand before the recumbent statue made by the sculptor Valentine or in the office just as General Lee left it he may feel a regret that the man is not there. But that is all. The great man is in the lives impressed by his example, influence and instructions and the hearts that love him and long to be like him. Modest, humility, simplicity, and gentleness were most conspicuous in his daily life. Closely allied to his humility was his spirit of self-denial. These traits appear in a letter he wrote in reply to a Virginia lady who desired to visit him and secure materials for a biography which she wished to write. Here is a part of the reply: "I should be happy to see you in Lexington, but not on the errand you propose, for I know of nothing good I could tell you of myself and I fear I should not like to say anything evil."

Our hero was a Christian gentleman. The letter I have just quoted in part is a good illustration of his Christian character. He held humbly and trustingly to the hope of eternal life through Jesus Christ as his personal Savior and sought to serve Him as his Lord and Master. There is an incident in his life, which so far as I know, has never been published. It was told me by the minister who had a part in it. Rev. T. D. Witherspoon, a young preacher from Mississippi, who, after the war became an able preacher and teacher, entered the Southern army as a private and carried a musket into battle. After a battle he acted as chaplain. On one occasion he went to the headquarters of General Lee and asked permission to pass through the lines to a hospital. General Lee was not in. The adjutant said that he could not give permission as the orders of General Lee were very strict. Stepping to the door the adjutant said, "Here is General Lee now, I will state your request to him. He did so. General Lee said: "Impossible. The exigency of the hour is so serious that no one must be allowed to pass through the lines." "The request", said the adjutant, "is from a minister of the Gospel, who desires to go to a hospital." "That alters the case", said the general. At that moment Rev. Mr. Witherspoon stepped out and was recognized by General Lee. "Do you make the request Mr. Witherspoon?" "Yes, General." "The situation is serious, but you may go. Your orders rank mine." This shows what respect General Lee had for the Supreme Commander, whose he was and whom he served. He was a constant reader of the Bible. One of his friends says that as he watched beside his body the day after death, he picked up from the table a well-worn pocket Bible in which was written in the hand writing of the owner these words: "R. E. Lee, Lieutenant Colonel of U. S. Army." This little book had been the light of his pathway through many trials.

You all know, my friends, as everyone ought to know, how much more remains to be said of the deeds and life of our hero; more than time now at our disposal would warrant or this occasion need to stir up a sacred memory of that sacred past in which he lived and you brave veterans had a noble part.

Bear with me in this personal parting word, please. As far as I could I have tried to avoid the text or tone of a sermon, and yet unable and indeed unwilling to address you in any other spirit than that of a minister of the Gospel, which was dear to the heart of him whom we seek to appreciate and to lift up as an example for the youth of today, it has been no easy task for me to speak in such words and spirit as the greatness of my subject makes me wish to do. So, leaving to soldiers to speak of his military greatness and to scholars to speak of his learning and to future generations to appreciate more and more his character as boy, man, soldier and civilian, I would with reverent spirit and admiring love confess my sense of failure to do justice to the nobility of his character and the greatness of his life.

Other Exercises.

Standing, the audience sang, "The Old North State," at the conclusion of Dr. McClure's address, after which General Metts read Hon. Ben. Hill's tribute to General Lee, which was one of the best of the many deserving tributes paid the Confederacy's greatest general and every word of which was endorsed by the audience, many of whom had never been privileged to hear it read before. The climax of the gathering came when, after the reading of the tribute, the orchestra played a medley of old Southern songs, and when the strains of "Dixie" were struck up the audience could not retain itself. Arising the people cheered, clapped their hands, waived hats and handkerchiefs and kept time with their feet in vigorous fashion. It was a most inspiring scene and one that will not soon be forgotten by those present.

Crosses of honor were then bestowed upon the following by the officers of the Chapter, the veterans going upon the stage as their names were called: Messrs. Geo. K. Bagby, G. J. Boney, J. T. Cobb, R. S. Murray, Henry C. Moore, G. W. Rogers, J. Wesley Woolvin, J. R. Turrentine and J. H. Ruark.

After the crosses had been pinned on the lapels of the coats of the veterans the orchestra played "Dixie," which again aroused the greatest enthusiasm, and the benediction was pronounced by Rev. Dr. Milton.

The Daughters desire to return their thanks to Mr. Will Rehder, the florist, for the use of plams and assistance on Lee birthday anniversaries for the past four years, and Mrs. Geo. Brooks for the use of ferns and beautiful red and white carnations, these being used in the Academy of Music.

At Hemenway School.

At 11:30 o'clock yesterday morning the pupils of Hemenway graded school gathered in the auditorium for exercises appropriate to the day. There were present a large number of the patrons and friends of the school and the programme was of an interesting nature, being as follows: Recitation: "The Sword of Lee" (Father Ryan), by eighth grade; "Life of Lee," Edwin McClure; School song—"Massa's in the Cold, Cold Ground;" recitation, "Confederate Victories," by class; Song by school, "Bonnie Blue Flag;" "Conquered Banner," by Miss Jean La-Frage; "Life of Jackson," by Allie Fechtig; "Mater Mea Carolina," by class; "Explanatory Notes of Mater Men," Genevieve Dushan; "Ho! for Carolina;" and "Dixie," by the school.

At Union School.

The exercises at Union school were held at 9:30 o'clock and were attended by many friends and patrons of the school. The following was the programme: "Bonnie Blue Flag," by the school; "The Sword of Lee," Clewell Howell; essay, "General Robert E. Lee," Blanche Tripp; selection from Father Ryan, sixth grade; recitation, "Lee, the Soldier and Gentleman," Walker Taylor, Jr.; "The Conquered Banner," Gray Hicks; song, "Dixie Land," by school; "Lee's Farewell to His Soldiers," Franklin Brown; singing by school.

At the High School appropriate exercises were held in the different rooms.

PRODUCER AND SPOT HOLDER

Should Co-operate at This Time in Cotton—Market Conditions.

New Orleans, Jan. 19.—Apropos of the so-called bear raid in the New York cotton market, President W. B. Thompson, of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, issued a signed statement tonight in which he says:

"If there was ever a time when the cotton producer and the holder of spot cotton should make a stand, that time is the present. We have recently passed through one of the most trying and unwarranted declines in the history of the cotton trade. Spot cotton is intrinsically worth little if any less than it was two weeks ago, yet in the meantime through the manipulation of a few bear operators in the New York market the entire cotton trade has been for the time being demoralized.

"Let it be understood that the slump in the contract market has not affected the intrinsic value of cotton. The law of supply and demand determines this value. The New York raid is not a legitimate incident of the cotton trade either in spots or futures. It represents the efforts of a few men with much money to gain their purpose by a guerilla attack.

"The issue is a large one. It comprehends more than the interests of the bear or bull operators in cotton. It raises the question as to whether a few manipulators shall demoralize a great trade system and go unpunished therefor. It affects the best interests of not only the spot market but the future market as well. The most powerful agent of retribution is within the control of the farmer and spot holders, if they will use it."

UNIONISTS STILL GAINING

But the Liberals Will Rule Parliament. Yesterday's Polling.

London, Jan. 19.—All the returns of today's elections which are likely to be received tonight show that the Unionists gained five seats and the Liberals one, leaving the present position of the parties as follows: Unionists 129; Liverals 119; Laborites 22; Nationalists, 44.

Thus far, therefore the Unionists have a net gain of 45 seats. They are required to obtain at least 168 net gains to wipe out the Liberal majority in the last Parliament.

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clothes will give you just this sort of value; the all-wool fabrics are such as any man can respect; the tailoring and style are the kind that makes you feel, as well as look, well-dressed.

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Clothiers, Tailors and Furnishers.

ja 9 tf

A Record Order for Typewriters Is Given the Victor Typewriter Co.

For 7,500 Victor Machines.

The Victor Typewriter Company has recently received an order from the International Correspondence Schools of Scranton, Pennsylvania, for 7,500 Victor Typewriters to be delivered to them as soon as possible.

The International Correspondence School has also entered into agreement with the Victor Typewriter Company to use the Victor exclusively in all its offices and among its students. For several years the above mentioned company has endeavored to find a typewriter suitable to their needs and after a careful and exhaustive examination of all typewriters on the market, they decided that the Victor machine fills the requirements of typewriter users, is better constructed, and possesses more up-to-date practical features than any other machine on the market. After giving the matter due consideration, they placed the above mentioned order with the Victor Typewriter Company and also entered into the above mentioned agreement.

When the high character of the International Correspondence Schools is taken into consideration, both with respect to financial standing and its business methods, this transaction is certainly the highest testimonial for excellence, the Victor machine could possibly have.

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Ramos Typewriter Co.,

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OUR GASOLINE IS MORE VOLATILE THAN ANY GASOLINE ON THE MARKET, CONTAINING THE MAXIMUM PER CENT. OF POWER PER GALLON; MADE FROM ONE GRADE OF CRUDE, ENSURING UNIFORMITY IN QUALITY.

12c per Gallon in Galvanized Iron Barrels, F. O. B. Wilmington.

For Perfect Lubrication Use THEBEST Auto Oil.

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Choose the Middle Course

Be neither a miser nor a spendthrift.
Both are held in contempt.
Save something, but not all.
(You get 4 per cent. interest here.)

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S.S.S. NATURE'S CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

In a disease so painful as Rheumatism, medicines containing opiates and nerve-quieting drugs are often used. Such treatment is dangerous not only because it frequently causes the sufferer to become addicted to the drug habit, but medicines of this nature are always injurious to the system. Rheumatism is a disease of the blood, and its cure depends entirely upon a thorough purification of the circulation. As long as the blood remains saturated with uric acid, an inflammatory condition of the nerves, muscles and tendons of the body will exist, and the pains, aches, soreness, and hot, feverish flesh of Rheumatism will continue. The one safe and sure cure for Rheumatism is S.S.S. It is nature's remedy for this disease, made entirely of the healing, cleansing juices and extracts of roots, herbs and barks from the natural forests. S.S.S. does not contain anything that is in the slightest way injurious to the system. It is absolutely and purely vegetable, and free from opiates or sedatives of any kind. S.S.S. cures Rheumatism by removing the uric acid from the circulation, it makes the blood pure, rich and healthy so that instead of depositing sharp, uratic impurities into the muscles, nerves, joints and bones, it nourishes every portion of the body with natural, healthful properties. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice free to all who write and request it.

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Opposite Postoffice. Organized 1905.

Capital	$ 200,000.00
Surplus and Profits	145,000.00
Total Assets	2,225.000.00

MATT J. HEYER, President. CHAS. N. EVANS, Cashier.

THE STATE IN EPITOME

¶News, Comment and Incidents as Reflected in North Carolina. : : : : : : : : : :

MRS. EDWARDS' EX-HUSBAND.

Strange Biloxi Suicide Has North Carolina Side Light.

(Asheville Citizen.)

Special dispatches have come to The Citizen within the past week telling of the suicide of an unknown man at Biloxi, Miss. Later dispatches have told that the man's name was Eastman, and that he came from Chicago, but it was not until further news was received yesterday giving his full name as Barrett Eastman, dramatic writer and critic of Chicago, and former son-in-law of former Mayor Carter Harrison, of Chicago, that he was identified locally as the former husband of Mrs. Baker Edwards, of Buck Shoals, and another dramatic incident in her career was known. Barrett Eastman committed suicide in an obscure hotel in Biloxi, Miss., January 11, and so effectually had he destroyed all traces of his identity that it was not until last Saturday that the faintest intimation of where he came from leaked out. Then it was ascertained that he was a Chicago newspaper man, and later he was positively identified by his father, Col. F. A. Eastman, as his son.

The suicide was the divorced husband of Mrs. Baker Edwards, whose marriage in this city November 18th, 1908, was a national sensation. It will be recalled that Mrs. Edwards, then Mrs. Eastman, was living at Buck Shoals, Bill Nye's old home, and her affairs first came into publicity through litigation which was begun by her to oust Col. V. E. McBee from possession of the property in which they had some joint interest.

It was during the trial of this case that her contemplated marriage to Mr. Baker E. Edwards became known and after the litigation had evolved many interesting circumstances, Mrs. Eastman and Mr. Edwards were married in the law offices of Adams & Adams. Several ministers having refused to perform the ceremony, owing to the fact that both Mrs. Eastman and Mr. Edwards were divorced, the ceremony was performed by Justice Waddell. In connection with the suicide of Mrs. Edwards' former husband, it is said that Mr. and Mrs. Edwards closed their Buck Shoals house about ten days ago and came into the city to live, but after remaining here for a few days left for parts unknown.

ELECTRICAL THIEF.

Raleigh Man Charged With Robbing Power Co.

(News and Observer.)

One of the most interesting cases ever tried in the Raleigh police court was that against Silas Edwards, charged with the larceny of electricity, which was tried by Police Justice Stronach, yesterday morning. The defendant was fined $1 and costs. It seems that Edwards rents a stall on East Martin street, adjoining which is a store, from which the electric meter has been removed. It was found several days ago that Edwards had tapped the wires and connected them with an electric light, which he used to light his stall. For some time before his arrest the defendant had been using the electricity, for which he did not pay and which was taken from the wires in the adjoining store. John McNeill, colored, was charged with the larceny of wood from the yard of Johnson & Johnson, but the charged was changed to trespass as the boy did not get, as the chief of police expressed it, "more than five cents worth of wood". It seems that one of the hands had given him permission to pick up some chips, but the chips he picked up were too big and he was pulled and taken before Judge Stronach. The defendant was tried on the charge of trespass and taxed with the costs, which amounted to $2.85.

H. B. Bunch, white, was charged with keeping a vicious dog, but the case was dismissed, when the defendant had promised to take the animal to the country.

DEATHS AT ROCKY MOUNT.

Mrs. Matilda Peeden Passes—Remains Sent to Mount Olive.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Rocky Mount, N. C., Jan. 19.—After a short illness with pneumonia, Mrs. Matilda Peeden died yesterday at her home on Washington street. Due to her advanced years, being past the 60th mile stone, she fell easy prey to the diseases which made rapid advances. The remains were taken yesterday to Fremont where the funeral will be held this morning at 11 o'clock.

This morning the remains of Mrs. M. F. Saunders, accompanied by a number of relatives and friends, were taken to Mount Olive for interment there this afternoon. Mrs. Saunders died Tuesday morning at her home at No. 626 Pender street. She leaves seven children, five sons and three daughters.

The funeral was held this morning at 10 o'clock at Mount Olive, by Rev. Peter McIntyre, of the Presbyterian church, after which the remains were interred in the family plot in the cemetery there. The deceased was 48 years old and was a devout Christian woman.

GONE TO FARMING.

Constable Says He Can't Make Living Out of Office.

(News and Observer.)

Constable D. R. Byrum has begun the cultivation of a farm to help him make a living. He stated yesterday that since prohibition had been in effect it had been impossible for him to make a living as an officer from his fees for arrests. He said it had been so long since he had made an arrest that he barely remembered the time, and that practically all that he earns now is derived from the service of civil papers. He puts all the "blame" for the decrease in crime to the decrease in the consumption of liquor. Mr. Byrum is an excellent officer and has rendered splendid service in several important cases. He is also a good farmer and will make a model of his ten acres.

MOREHEAD FOR GOVERNOR.

District Attorney Holton Credits Generally Accepted Report.

(Charlotte Observer.)

The prediction has been freely made from time to time that Congressman John M. Morehead of Spray, representative in Washington from the Fifth North Carolina district, would be the next candidate for Governor on the Republican State ticket. In connection with an admirable article from Washington Monday morning, Mr. H. E. C. Bryant, Washington correspondent of The Observer, repeated the credited rumor with supplementary features that had a substantial bearing on the political situation in North Carolina. In this connection, the following interview which appeared in yesterday's Winston-Salem Journal, will be of interest:

"Congressman John M. Morehead will be the next Republican candidate for Governor of North Carolina' declared District Attorney Holton yesterday, 'if he makes good in Washington and if the Republicans of the State follow him and endorse his business views of running the government. And he is making good in Washington—there's no doubt about that.'

"'How about his chances of being elected?' was the question of a Journal reporter—asked laughingly.

"'He will have a fighting chance' the district attorney replied, 'daunted not a whit by Governor Kitchin's thirty-seven odd thousand.

"The discussion was brought about by Red Buck Bryant's prognostications in yesterday's Charlotte Observer, which are given in full at the tail end of this little yarn.

"Mr. Holton went on to say that Mr. Morehead would be the leader of the Taft forces in North Carolina. The people like his style, said the district attorney, like his way of going after things. Mr. Holton says Mr. Morehead will have no trouble in being re-elected to Congress, for he said, 'the district may now be regarded as Republican.'

"Well—the ball has been given a gentle start. It now remains to be seen how many posts it will run up against before the next gubernatorial campaign comes along."

AGED LADY SUES SOUTHERN.

Mrs. M. S. Arledge Asks $10,000 From Railroad Because of Injuries.

(Charlotte Observer.)

Seeking $10,000 as the result of painful bruises and other similar injuries inflicted on her, it is claimed, by the premature starting of a Southern Railway train, Mrs. M. S. Arledge appeared as plaintiff in the Superior court yesterday. When court adjourned for the day late in the afternoon, all the evidence was in and Mr. Neill R. Graham, of counsel for the plaintiff, had made a logical and forceful speech. He will be followed this morning by Col. W. B. Rodman for the railroad and Mr. E. R. Preston, who will close for the plaintiff. The case is rather unusual. Mrs. Arledge is nearly 70 years old. She lives in Charlotte with her daughter, Mrs. M. C. Quinn. Previously she has lived at Huntersville, Concord and Mooresville. On the night of December 13, 1908, provided with a ticket to Lowell, Mrs. Arledge boarded a Southern train here for the purpose of visiting relatives at Lowell. According to her statement she arose as soon as the train stopped, after the flagman had called the name of the station, and hastened through the car to get out. Just as she reached the platform she heard some one cry, "All aboard". Not aware that the train had begun to move, she placed one foot on the ground. The result was that she was hurled against the steps and bruised. Swinging thus, with one foot on the train step, the other on the ground or in space, she states that she managed to hold on while she was dragged about two car lengths. As a result she sustained sprains and bruises.

THE NEWS AT CLINTON.

Barn and Stables Burned—Improvements in the Star—Accidents.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Clinton, N. C., Jan. 19.—The barn and stables of Mr. Jerry J. Matthis were burned on Monday night about 2 o'clock together with some 500 bushels of corn, a pair of fine horses valued at $500, a cow and a hog. The loss is estimated at $1,200 and there was no insurance. The fire is said to have been of incendiary origin and efforts are being made to secure sufficient proof to make an arrest.

Mr. Hardy Shipp, a young white man, had his leg broken at Waller's saw mill near here today by the carriage running into him. He was an employe of the mill.

Mr. Hardy Royal, a citizen of the Beaman's Cross Roads section of this county, dropped dead on the public road near Steven's Bridge this morning. He was traveling alone at the time. He was an industrious farmer, aged about 60 year, and leaves a family.

A forest fire north of the railroad between Garland and Tomahawk did considerable damage yesterday afternoon and night. It was finally checked by a shower of rain which prevented further damage.

Mr. J. H. Maxwell, representing The Star, was here today calling upon our people. The great improvement in the news service and mechanical getup of The Star is a matter of comment and should greatly increase its circulation.

Malaria Makes Pale Blood.
The Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria and builds up the system. For grown people and children, 50c.

N. Y. Mills Bleaching in 5 to 20 yard lengths (regular 15c grade) 10 cents at Gaylord's. **

New Spring dress gingham 12 1-2 cents now on display at Rohder's **

ONLY NECESSARY TO TREAT THE STOMACH, SAYS COOPER

The new theory advanced by L. T. Cooper relative to the human stomach has attracted such widespread attention that the public in cities visited by the young man has been joined by many physicians in a discussion of his beliefs and medicines.

Mr. Cooper says that human health is dependent almost entirely upon the stomach. He says that no disease can be conquered without first alleviating all stomach disorders. He further says that most men and women of this generation are half sick, owing to degenerate stomachs. And lastly, he claims that his New Discovery medicine will rejuvenate the human stomach in 90 days.

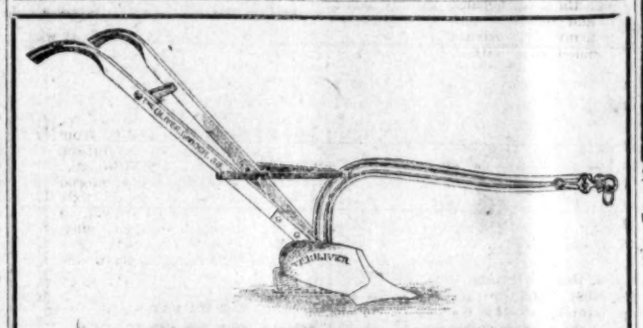
Cooper has been traveling from one city to another, conducting in each what he calls a campaign of education. For the past year he has met the public in the larger cities of the country, and his success has been phenomenal. Thousands of people have flocked to his headquarters wherever he has gone, and the sale of his medicine has been beyond anything of the kind ever before witnessed.

Possibly the most interesting feature of the attention this young man has attracted is what his army of followers, whom he has converted to his beliefs through his medicines, have to say on the subject. The following statements are from two well-known residents of Chicago and Boston, respectively, and the enthusiasm of these is characteristic of Cooper's admirers generally.

Mrs. H. B. Mack, of 3201 State street, Chicago, says: "I have been suffering for 12 years from a combination of stomach troubles, catarrh and constipation. I had a gnawing pain in the pit of my stomach, a sort of a dull pain that I could not quite understand. Then there was a dull headache, and my mind seemed to be wandering continually. I could not eat, and what little solid food I did eat I could not retain on my stomach. I tried every remedy I could think of, and also tried out a number of patent medicines, but without any apparent result. It was through one of my friends that I heard of Cooper's preparation, and I immediately decided to try some of it. It is two weeks since I took my first dose of it, and I feel like a new woman. The headache seems to have disappeared, and the pain in my stomach along with it. The medicine is worth its weight in gold, and I want to thank Mr. Cooper for what he has done for me."

Mr. Edwin F. Morse, of 20 Oakley street, Dorchester, a suburb of Boston, says: "For three years I had not a well day. My stomach was in frightful shape; the mere thought of food would nauseate me and I really had a horror of anything to eat. All solid food would cause me extreme indigestion, bloating and gas on my stomach, and nothing tasted right. Some time ago I got some of this Cooper's medicines, about which there is so much talk. I actually feel as well and strong as a boy ever since the first bottle. Every sign of stomach trouble has disappeared, and I have a hearty appetite and eat three square meals; everything seems to taste good. Anyone who knows what chronic indigestion is can appreciate what this means to me. I consider this the most remarkable medicine I ever heard of."

We sell Mr. Cooper's medicines, and find them to be all he claims.—J. H. Hardin.



OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS

These are the only genuine Chilled Plows on the market today. There are several imitations being offered to the public and, of course, just as good and cheaper than the old original Oliver Chilled Plows, but every farmer knows better, while the imitations may be some little cheaper, but there they stop. We have the sole agency for the following counties: New Hanover, Pender, Onslow, Duplin, Sampson, Bladen, Jones, Carteret, Columbus and Brunswick.

We will have a car load of these celebrated plows and repairs here ready for distribution the latter part of this month.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

A Few More Days of Grace!

From now until January 1st, at which date we take stock, we will sell goods cheaper than ever.

While our holiday trade was heavier than ever before, we still have plenty of bright, new, fresh goods with which to supply the requirements of our customers. Our low prices will greatly help out those who have had considerable expense during the holidays.

Call and examine our goods and get our prices if interested.

Remember that these prices are until Jan. 1st, 1910, only. Dollars saved by buying now.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.
Wilmington, N. C.

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK

Capital and Surplus:
$925,000.00

Largest and Strongest Bank in This Section.

ja 12 tf

Pale Export BEER

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.

4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $3.00.
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $7.50

DARLEY PARK BREWING COMPANY
G. MORGAN KNIGHT, Manager. PETERSBURG, VA.

"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine"

Take advantage of the common sense contained in the above old adage, by giving us your orders for Stoves and heaters before the cold weather arrives.

We carry one of the largest stocks and best assortment of Hardware in the State at prices which defy competition.

Come in, call up 106 or 1030—or write and let us figure with you.

J. W. MURCHISON & COMPANY.
109-111 North Front Street.

Seed Oats & Rye

2,000 Bushels Seed Oats.
50 Bushels Seed Rye
1,000 Sacks Rice, (all grades)
1,800 Bbls. Flour.
300 Bbls. Nice Mullets, (100 lbs).
120,000 Lbs. No. 1 Timothy Hay
4,000 Kegs Steel Cut and Wire Nails.
8,000 Sacks Fine Salt
200 Sacks Rock Salt
200 Sacks Ice Cream Salt
300 Bbls. Pkt. Salt
5,000 Cases Canned Goods and Vegetables.

We are in a position to accommodate any customer, large or small. If you are not already a customer, get on the band wagon.

O. L. GORE CO.
Wholesale Grocer and Importer
Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE

United States of America—Eastern District of North Carolina Circuit Court at Wilmington—Fourth Circuit.

The United States of America, Plaintiff, vs. Walter G. MacRae, Mayor of the City of Wilmington, W. L. West, C. F. W. Rehder, Joseph H. Hinton, F. W. Bonitz, S. J. Ellis, L. E. Hall, B. O. Stone, W. E. Yopp, T. B. Willard and J. B. Failes, composing the Board of Aldermen of the City of Wilmington, North Carolina; and all other citizens of Wilmington or elsewhere, who have or claim any right or title, Mrs. Kate Curtis, R. E. Williams, D. O'Connor, and Mary O'Connor, Boney & Harper Milling Company, C. J. Mitchell, and C. S. Elli C. S. Ellis Executor of Mrs. Lucretia Russell, Charles F. McMillen, Charles D. Russell, Miss Annie D. Russell, Mrs. Maggie R. Vaughan and S. Russell, heirs at law and devisees of Mrs. Lucretia Russell, deceased: Defendants:

All of the above except the Aldermen of the City of Wilmington being abutting owner on Gable's Alley, Custom House Alley and Ewing's Alley in the City of Wilmington:

And to all known and unknown heirs or claimants to any interest in the fee simple title in Gable's, Ewing's and Custom House Alleys:

And to all other citizens of Wilmington, North Carolina, or elsewhere, who have or claim any right, title, interest easement or privilege in Gable's, Ewing's and Custom House Alleys, lying between Front and Water Streets and Princess and Market streets, in the City of Wilmington, North Carolina. Defendants:—

The Defendants, above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Circuit Court of the United States in the Wilmington Division of the Eastern District of North Carolina, for the purpose of condemning for public use as part of a site upon which to construct a United States Custom House, other Government Offices and a Government Warehouse or Appraisers Store Building, in the City of Wilmington, the following described parcels of land to-wit:—

Those certain pieces of land referred to in the plat filed in this cause with the Clerk of the U. S. Court at Wilmington, as Gabie's Alley, Custom House Alley and Ewing's Alley, lying West of the blue line indicated on said plat leading into Wright's Alley and Water Street in the City of Wilmington, N. C.

That the said land sought to be condemned in this proceeding are now occupied by the City of Wilmington as public Alleys, in which the other defendants have or claim some interest, right or privilege. A full and particular description of the same is contained in the Petition filed in this cause.

The Said Defendants Will Further Take Notice that they are required to appear before the Circuit Court of the United States at Wilmington, North Carolina, on or before the 8th Day of February 1910, then and there to Answer or Demur to the Petition filed in this cause, or the said United States will then apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said Petition now on file.

This the 6th day of January 1910.
SAM. P. COLLIER, Clerk.
(Seal.) United States Circuit Court.
ja 11 to fe 8

No. 9120.
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER CAUNTY.

We, the undersigned, B. E. Hollis and J. W. Hollis, of the County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, do hereby enter and lay claim to the following vacant and unappropriated land, subject to entry, located in Masonboro township, New Hanover county, State aforesaid, viz: Bounded on the north by swimming hole slue, on the east and south by Rock hole slue, on the west by the channel of Myrtle Grove Sound and known as Skip Jack Shoals, containing two acres, more or less. January 6th, 1910.

R. E. HOLLIS,
J. W. HOLLIS,
Filed January 6th, 1910.
JOHN HAAR,
Register of Deeds and Acting Entry Taker.
ja 7 30d *

STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Wilmington Homestead & Loan Association will be held on Thursday evening, January 20, at 8 o'clock, at their office, room 5 Odd Fellows Building.

All stockholders are requested to attend in person or send their proxies to the Secretary.

Attest, J. G. BARENTINE, President.
C. C. BROWN, Secretary.
ja 18 3t

PARLOR CAR SERVICE ON SEABOARD BETWEEN HAMLET AND WILMINGTON.

The Seaboard has re-established Parlor Car Service on their trains Nos. 39 and 40 between Hamlet and Wilmington, effective December 20th. Leave Hamlet 9.05 A. M., arrive Wilmington 1.15 P. M.; returning leave Wilmington 3.20 P. M. arrive Hamlet 7.30 P. M.

C. H. GATTIS,
District Passenger Agent
Raleigh
de 23 tf

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME DAILY
BIJOU
UP TO DATE NEVER OVER
5 Cents.

Atlantic Coast Line

CORRECT TO DECEMBER 22nd.

NOTICE.
The arrivals and departure are given as information, as well as connections with other companies, but arrivals and connections are not guaranteed.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48. Daily.	No. 42 Daily
Lv. Wilmington	8:45 am	7:00 pm
Ar. Goldsboro	12:00 pm	9:55 pm
Ar. Wilson	1:00 pm	10:52 pm
Ar. Rocky Mount	1:35 pm	11:30 pm
Ar. Weldon	4:35 pm	2:00 am
Ar. Norfolk	8:55 pm	*8:35 am
Ar. Petersburg	7:05 pm	4:05 am
Ar. Richmond	8:00 pm	4:40 am
Ar. Washington	11:50 pm	8:00 am
Ar. Baltimore	1:20 am	9:16 am
Ar. W. Philadelphia	3:40 am	11:35 pm
Ar. New York	6:30 am	2:00 pm

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41. Daily.	No. 49. Daily.
Lv. New York	3:25 pm	9:25 pm
Lv. W. Philadelphia	5:44 pm	12:19 am
Lv. Baltimore	8:20 pm	2:46 am
Lv. Washington	10:00 pm	4:20 am
Lv. Norfolk	3:20 pm	8:25 am
Lv. Richmond	1:20 am	8:15 am
Lv. Petersburg	1:55 am	9:13 am
Lv. Weldon	3:40 am	11:35 am
Lv. Rocky Mount	5:05 am	12:50 pm
Lv. Wilson	5:49 am	2:00 pm
Lv. Goldsboro	6:35 am	3:05 pm
Ar. Wilmington	9:30 am	6:10 pm

WEST AND SOUTH.

	51.	55	via Wilson 42
Lv. Wilmington	6:00 am	3:30 pm	7:00 pm
Ar. Florence	9:25 am	7:25 pm	4:01 am
Ar. Columbia	1:00 pm	10:45 pm	
Ar. Augusta	3:00 pm		
Ar. Atlanta	8:20 pm		
Ar. Nashville	6:30 am		
Ar. Memphis	3:30 pm		
Ar. Louisville	1:10 pm		
Ar. Cin'ti	4:35 pm		
Ar. Charleston	1:15 pm	11:20 pm	7:05 am
Ar Savannah	3:55 pm	2:20 am	9:30 am
Ar. Jacksonville	8:15 pm	7:15 am	1:30 pm
Ar. Tampa	7:00 am	7:00 pm	10:25 pm

Pullman service Florence to Atlanta and Atlanta to destination.

NORTHBOUND.

	50 Daily.	54 Daily
Lv. Tampa	9:00 pm	10:30 am
Lv. Jacksonville	7:30 am	7:45 pm
Lv. Savannah	11:55 am	12:15 am
Lv. Charleston	4:25 pm	5:10 am
Lv. Columbia	4:25 pm	6:00 am
Lv. Augusta	2:45 pm	
Lv. Florence	8:03 pm	9:25 am
Ar. Wilmington	11:30 pm	1:25 pm

WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

Westbound. 53 Daily.		Eastbound 52 Daily.
8:40 AM	Lv. Wilmington Ar.	8:05 PM
11:45 AM	Ar. Fayetteville Lv.	4:50 PM
12:10 PM	Lv. Fayetteville Ar.	4:45 PM
1:40 PM	Ar. Sanford Lv.	3:30 PM

WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

Northbound. 62		Southbound 63
	Daily except Sunday.	
2:25 PM	Lv. Wilmington Ar.	12:50 PM
5:17 PM	A. Jacksonville Lv.	10:55 AM
6:44 PM	Ar. N. & S. Jct. Lv.	9:35 AM
6:50 PM	Ar. Newbern Lv.	9:30 AM

*VIA PETERSBURG AND N. & W. RY.
**Daily Except Sunday.

Trains No. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping cars with broiler service, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Pennsylvania R. R., for all points East.

Trains 48 and 49 carry Pullman Parlor cars betwen Wilmington and Norfolk.

Trains No. 55 and 50 carry Pullman Sleeping cars between Wilmington and Columbia.

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway
SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office or S. A. L. Railway Freight Office Telephones No. 1294 or No. 5.

Trains Leave Wilmington Effective January 3, 1910.

No. 45—4:50 A. M.—For Hamlet and Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—4:00 P. M.—For Hamlet, connecting with through trains for Atlanta, Charlotte, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York and trains in all directions.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington

No. 40—1:15 P. M.—From Hamlet.

No. 44—12:20 A. M.—From Charlotte and Hamlet.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for all points North at Monroe with No. 53 for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41 for Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis and Charlotte, with No. 84 and No. 92 for Washington and New York and Portsmouth, Norfolk and No. 43 for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Parlor Car Service will be maintained between Wilmington and Hamlet on No. 39 leaving Wilmington at 4 P. M., and No. 40 arriving at Wilmington at 1:15 P. M.

B. W. ARRINGTON,
Union Ticket Agent.
Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Agent.
Phone No. 5.

H. S. LEARD,
Div. Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. BRYAN,
General Passenger Agent,
Portsmouth, Va

Clyde Steamship Company
to NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

NEW YORK TO WILMINGTON.
S. S. "Carib".....Friday, Jan. 21, 1910
S. S. "Navahoe".....Friday, Jan. 28, 1910

WILMINGTON TO NEW YORK.
S. S. "Navahoe"....Saturday, Jan. 22, 1910
S. S. "Carib".....Saturday, Jan. 29, 1910

WILMINGTON TO GEORGETOWN.
S. S. "Navahoe".....Monday, Jan. 17, 1910
S. S. "Carib".....Monday, Jan. 24, 1910

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina

For freight and passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD, F. T. M.
H. H. RAYMOND, V. P. & G. M.
General Offices, Pier 26 N. R., N. Y

HUGH MacRAE & CO.
BANKERS,
Miscellaneous Southern Securities
Cotton Mill Stocks
WILMINGTON, N. C.
New York City, 149 Broadway

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect Thursday, September 30th 1909.

TO BEACH.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:30, 10:00, and 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 7:10 and 8:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:06, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10 and 8:30 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Lumina at 7:45, 9:15, and 10:45 A. M., 12:15, 1:45, 3:45, 5:15, 7:50 and 9:15 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Lumina at 9:45, 10:45 A. M., 12:15, 1:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, 6:35, 6:50, 7:50, and 9:15 P. M.

TO WRIGHTSVILLE.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 6:20, 7:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:55 A. M., 12:25, 1:55, 3:55, 5:25, 6:25, 8:00, 9:25 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 9:55, 10:55 A. M., 12:25, 1:55, 3:25, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:35, 7:00, 8:00, 9:25, 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

CAROLINA PLACE.
FRONT AND PRINCESS TO CAROLINA PLACE.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess 6:52 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:37 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess 8:22 A. M., and every 5 minutes thereafter until 10:37 P. M.

TO FRONT AND PRINCESS.

WEEK DAYS—Leave 17th and Market 6:45 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:45 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave 17th and Market 8:30 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:45 P. M.

FREIGHT.

Leave Wilmington daily except Sunday at 4:00 P. M. Freight Depot from 3:00 to 4:00 P. M.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and best Line West and Northwest.

Rock System, Rock Ballast, 85-lb. Rail

Schedule in Effect May 1st, 1909.

Lv	Norfolk	7:30 a.m.	7:30 p.m.
Lv	Petersburg	10:25 a.m.	10:20 p.m.
Lv	Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv	Lynchburg	2:30 p.m.	2:13 a.m.
Ar	Cincinnati	7:30 a.m.	7:30 p.m.
Ar	Columbus	6:45 a.m.	7:41 p.m.
Ar	Chicago	6:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar	St Louis	7:28 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points. Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence solicited.

W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass. Agent, Roanoke, Va.
H. BOSLEY,
Asst. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

"THE FIRST STEP TO BEAUTY"

consists in a perfectly made and finished set of artificial teeth. No woman can be really attractive whose mouth is disfigured by decayed and ugly teeth.

GOOD TEETH ARE ESSENTIAL to good digestion and their care should commence in childhood. Come and let us take your impression for a new set of teeth.

DR. JAS. W. POWELL
Dentist.
ja 16 tf

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Buster Brown Shoes for Boys and Girls.

Clothing for Men and Boys.

Suits Made to Order.

J. W. H FUCHS

128 to 134 S. Front St.
Phone 800.

Holeproof Hose and Stockings.

de 24 tf.

Blue prints of all kinds are made by Southern Map Co., phone 813, So. Bldg.

NEW MODEL No. 10
REMINGTON TYPEWRITER
$84.50
RAMOS TYPEWRITER CO.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY (Inc.) Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under act of Congress, March 2nd 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carrier in the city or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for times actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms No. 61. Call either if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will be invariably rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

Thursday, January 20, 1910.

AMEND STATE INCOME TAX.

In his message to the Virginia Legislature, Governor Swanson, in advocating the passage of the National Income Tax Amendment, said:

"At present most of its (the United States') vast revenue is collected by a tax upon consumption—thus the people are taxed on what they need, not on what they possess. A fair system of taxation should be based on the abundance of the people, and not on their necessities."

There can be little controversy over the soundness of Governor Swanson's view as here expressed. We favor the income tax—Governor Hughes and his State's Rights theories to the contrary—but it is not our purpose here to discuss either the income tax, per se, or the declaration of the Governor of Virginia. His statement of the case, on the other hand, suggests forcibly a needed amendment to our own income tax. Is it not true that in addition to taxing that which a man has, the laws of North Carolina also tax, by means of the income provision of the revenue act, that which he needs to live on? In other words, is not the income tax with us a burden instead of a blessing?

It begins at $1,000 per year. Has a man with such an income even the dollar to pay to the State when the time comes for the State to take tithe of his industry? Has not the increased cost of living made it impossible for a man to support a family on such a sum and keep clear of debt? Is it not true that the indirect taxation of the government has already operated to make the North Carolina income tax a serious matter to any man of moderate responsibilities and moderate income? Is it not true that the great State of North Carolina, which we are so fond of calling "great" that it rolls off the tongue and pen alike, in this matter compromising its true greatness by exacting a toll from the direst poverty? Twenty years ago, perhaps, a $1,000 income might have been a proper subject for taxation. Twenty years ago its purchasing power was that of practically $2,000 today. If the higher standard of living be considered; if the ordinary "modern conveniences" now generally considered as necessary to ordinary decency be taken into account, the difference in the twenty years, together with the cost of living, is at least one hundred per cent. So that, in the face of common knowledge as to the cost of existence, the State still inflicts this small but onerous and unjust tax upon—what? Upon the most ordinary necessities, no more no less, and that in addition to the ordinary tax upon even the smallest personal possessions.

We are not entirely clear upon the effect of a government tax on income upon State taxation of a like sort. We are inclined to think that it will supercede taxation by the States, certainly at the amount at which the government tax shall start. That will not be less than $5,000. And anything else, any taxation upon incomes below that figure, is necessarily either a tax on poverty, as is the case of income taxation on amounts less than $2,000 per year, or a tax on thrift.

It would be a good thing should this State clear the way for the consideration of the national amendment by first clearing its skirts of its own ill advised and burdensome provision.

Mr. Taft was mistaken in his men if he expected to excite sympathy by calling the assembled Governors "My Fellow Sufferers." Not one of them but would be glad to shoulder his burdens, even including the Congress.

Any way, this season was distinguished for the fact that cotton did not commence to go down until the farmers had cashed in.

POVERTY RETIRES A GOVERNOR.

Governor Hughes, of New York, has announced his intention of retiring to private life after his present term of office shall have expired. We have never shared the Hughes enthusiasm. It appears to us that he has worn his riorals, as he wears his whiskers, all over his face, so to speak; so that to look at Hughes is to say there goes a good man, much as in the same way to look at him personally is to conclude that there passes a feather duster. We believe that it is some sort of faculty of this sort that has made for him a great fame out of small but conspicuous virtues. He is, nevertheless moderately virtuous, moderately honest, moderately able. He has been immoderately lucky, but not so immoderately so as he contemplated being when, inspired by the example of that greatest of all discoverers of platitudes, he thought to go from the Governorship of New York to the Presidency of the nation. We do not believe that New York will suffer overmuch from his retirement, but we are impressed with the reasons assigned for it, as expressed by the New York Tribune, which says:

"The reasons for his retirement are compelling. He has given four years of his life when his earning capacity was at its highest to the service of the public, and he is said to be about $40,000 poorer than when he entered office.

"Mr. Hughes may not call this a sacrifice, but as words are ordinarily employed it is a greater sacrifice than the public should require of those who serve it. The inadequacy of the salary of Governor has been recognized since the first term of Mr. Hughes. The Tribune repeatedly urged the passage of the bill proposed two years ago raising the salary of the office to $25,000, but the same small variety of politics that attempted to stand in the way of his renomination stood in the way of making his compensation for a second term adequate."

The above is exactly in line with what we had occasion recently to say about official salaries in North Carolina. It ought not to be of comfort to us to know that what is a vice with us is a vice in New York. In both States the condition is the same; that is ,that a man who is worthy of the office is very apt either to be debarred from holding the office, or, if he does so, must take it at a sacrifice. Certainly the highest office in the gift of a State ought not to be put on a plane where a man must either not aspire to it, must pay for the privilege of having it, or must, worst of all, strive for the position, not for itself, but for the ulterior end to which it may contribute. Cold and phlegmatic as he is, Governor Hughes would probably never have sought the Governorship of New York had his fish-like brain not received the stimulus of a Presidential premonition. That having failed him, he is retiring from his position and giving up the honor, because it does not pay, and because to continue is to invite poverty. Not being rich, in the New York sense, he cannot afford himself the luxury of even the highest public office in the gift of the State.

Take the other view: Here is the man whose most conspicuous executive act was to force a law in the interest of an anti-gambling crusade. According to his record, as disclosed by the Tribune, he has himself spent $40,000 in backing his chances in the most dangerous of all gambles. He took the Governorship as the man in front of a faro table chooses a card. The "box" went back on him. He leaves his stake on the table and leaves the room to go to work. No matter how diligently the official in such case may work for the State, the system that makes such a thing possible is a wrong system. The State is, as it were, running a lottery, a chance in which is part payment for the service it contracts for. Only the rich can play the game in good conscience. The poor who try it risk more than the money they can ill afford to lose.

"JOHN L." MAKES A FOUL.

Hear the great and only "John L." telegraph to "Honey Fitz," mayor elect of Boston:

"Now show these human hogs living outside the pen, who were so dirty in their knocking that you are the right man in the right place, and the man who had the courage of his convictions."

We should call this both equivocal as a sentiment and a foul as a blow. Did "John L." mean to say that the Bostonese are hogs, or that Boston is a penitentiary? Either is bad enough for a city that calls itself a "modern Athens" and yet aspires to civic virtue, to stand. It is not the old Sullivan's method of delivering a punch.

Attorney Carter, counsel for Mrs. Reed, who sent a special delivery letter to Congressman Grant, asking the latter to acquaint him with the charges the latter secretly filed with the Postmaster General, was informed—through the messenger boy—that he could "crack his whip". Mr. Grant will hear the crack all right, and just an instant after he feels the lash.

A number of papers have been reprinting Henry Grady's poetical rhapsody concerning "Cotton." Few of them have thought to mention his sober opinion of the much lauded staple, to the effect that it was a "d— fool."

AS TO JUGS.

The Kinston Free Press devotes its leading editorial to wondering what a correspondent means when he says that he has a jug, brought over from England 160 years ago, which is "still doing good service." It opines that in a prohibition State the service to which a jug was formerly set is not now to be designated as "good;" and yet it all but shudders at the thought that, while a jug might hold water, it should be put to such a task.

The Free Press should consider that a jug is opaque, and that what it contains is prima facie that which the times and the law sanction and approve. Whoso is present at the opening of a jug, being, as it were, particeps criminis, cannot be heard to testify, and so it is still possible for so old a jug, so fragrant a jug, to retain its color and its flavor, as a dispensation, if not a providence. As to the "good service," that is for the jug and not for those who daily with it. The service of a jug is to hold and not to dispense; those who make it speak with its gurgle rob it of its character, if they aid it in its destiny. The jug, by the way, is the prohibitionist's paradox, most harmless when it's full, most dangerous when it's emptied, most baneful when it gets full again. What might this old jug not tell! With what secrets, scandals, merriment, and tragedy, is its clay not saturate! Who, leaning to the "lip of this poor earthen urn" might not, indeed, believe

"* * * the Vessel, that with fugitive
"Articulation answer'd, once did live,
"And drink; and Ah! the passive Lip I kiss'd
"How many kisses might it take—and give!—

but of course nobody in Lenoir county is thinking these days of pressing the lip of so wanton a thing as a jug! The inquiry is, of course, purely academic. But if any did kiss it, he would be doubly beholden to mind the fundamental execration in which are held all those who "kiss and tell."

A "MONSTROUS" WORD.

Concerning that word—if it is a word—"eumoriety", we are permitted by a friend to print the comment thereon by Basil L. Gildersleeve, an authority, who is the editor of The American Journal of Philology of Baltimore. He says:

"The monstrous word eumoriety, which I have never seen before and hope never to see again, seems to have been made up out of Greek and Latin elements by some one profoundly ignorant of both languages and the meaning is doubtless that which you attribute to it: euthanasia."

Thus are we justified from a high source in the attempt recently made to make good hard sense out of soft and mushy pedantry. Possibly, the gentleman who first used the word meant something entirely different from that which it could only mean. If he was, on the other hand, trying to suggest that some gentleman cashed in his checks and, though a heavy loser, quit the game with a pleasant smile, why didn't he give the family the benefit of the encomium applied instead of implying a libel against the dear departed, which, while not subject to damages at law, still left upon the family name that worst of all stigmas—an epithet that might mean anything?

For our part, half the pleasure of dying is taken away in advance by the thought that, on account of this unpleasant controversy, somebody will use the term about us. In advance, therefore, we desire to say in self protection that, no matter what bluff the circumstances compel us to make over the performance, there will be no real and sincere "eumoriety" in our passing out.

HORRID SOUNDS.

"Have you ever heard," asks the Asheville Citizen, "the roar of the mob in pursuit of a human being; the yelp of the wolf; the horrid laugh of the hyena, the snarl of the tiger, the deep growl o. the bear, the howling of the dog?"

We reply that we have not, speaking of such an august diapason collectively and not individually, though with some slight acquaintance with horrid sounds. But the Citizen continues: "All are as music that is sweet compared to the wild cry of the mob in pursuit of human prey."

Has the Citizen been mobbed? Was it reading a circus advertisement, or listening to piano practice next door? But, while it was ringing in the menagerie, why did it omit the roaring of the lions, the chattering of the monkeys, the trumpetings of the elephant, the snortings of the bongo and—last, but not least—those wild and ferocious yells of Kermit rushing on his prey, and those teeth whose grinding in the jungle have been for over a year making the largest beast Kraal in existence stand still and shivering in every tooth, tusk and toenail! Noises! The Citizen, for all its nervous excitement, has evidently been existing in a brooding solitude.

"John R. Walsh," convicted banker who was once noted for his declaration that he had started out to "save the national honor," has had his petition for certiorari "turned down," and must serve out his prison sentence. This may or may not be a comfort to Charles W. Morse, in somewhat the same plight.

MORE FROM THE LIGHTS.

Commenting on Wilmington's system of street lighting, the Asheville Gazette-News says:

"If we are correctly informed, this special illumination in Wilmington is paid for out of the city's treasury. That means that the burden is equally distributed amongst the property owners, who benefit equally according to their holdings ,and not upon one class—the merchants. Property owners, even those who have considerable property used for business purposes, are not notoriously eager to contribute for the advancement of progressive measures."

The Gazette-News is correctly informed. This city takes the view that municipal lighting is a city expense, instead of a private enterprise. Like all other benefits dependent on taxation for support, the individual benefit is in relation to the individual burden, taking the citizens as a whole. Wilmington is looking forward to being a city of a hundred thousand people within the easily discerned future. It sings no motto such as "Watch us Grow," but is meeting its growth half way with measures tending to make it easier and swifter. You won't have to "watch Wilmington grow;" you'll hear it.

The Charlotte News tries to "get gay" with this office because some one stole its Bible. Thinking that some thirsting soul had borrowed the Book, we advertised for its return. It has not returned. We fear the theft was prompted by a commercial instead of a religious desire. However that may be, we decline the News' offer to replace our loss with the statement that we hope its experience will incite it to equip its own library with its first essential, and that it hereafter fortify itself with Scripture before it attempts to preach it.

Writing of the sale of the Baltimore Sun, the Greenville (S. C.) News says that "it lives well up to the motto which floats from its mast head, 'If you see it in the Sun, it's so.'" Several people have recently referred to the New York Sun as having been founded by Charles Dana Gibson, but this is the first time we have discovered anyone trying to deprive it of its motto, which it treats in the way of genius by not letting it interfere with its business.

The insurgents are now wondering where to insurge. Nothing like being run away with by a habit.

CURRENT COMMENT.

It is reported that Heney may be the attorney for Glavis in the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation. Glavis would do well to look out. He may get San Franciscoed too.—Charleston News and Courier.

We are told that Mr. Roosevelt would make no comment when informed of Mr. Pinchot's dismissal by President Taft. Refusal to talk is a new "stunt" for our strenuous ex-President.—Twin City Sentinel.

News that the Senate has passed a bill providing for an additional circuit judge in this district will have upon some folks an effect almost as electrifying as would news that Judge Pritchard was ill and not expected to recover.—Charlotte Observer.

The Durham Sun puts a head over our paragraph of a few days ago which was "People who buy 'near beer,' don't usually care how near it is." The head they put over it was "Near Enough to Make Drunk Come." No doubt this is one of the causes of the popularity of this drink.—New bern Sun.

In speaking of Governor Kitchin's visit to Washington just now to attend the conference of governors a State paper notes the fact that this is Mr. Kitchin's first trip out of the State during the twelve months that he has been governor. Those who have been contending in the past that some of our governors have made too many trips out of the State surely "have no kick coming" now.—Twin City Sentinel.

In view of the report that Chairman Samuel L. Rogers of the corporation commission is to retire after his term expires, the Wilmington Star urges that Mr. Henry Clay Brown, who has been clerk to the commission for twenty years, is the man for the vacancy. To all of this we heartily subscribe. There are other good men, but there is no man in North Carolina who knows more about the work, who is more faithful and who has given the State better service.—Twin City Sentinel.

Among Governor Swanson's recommendations to the Virginia Legislature is one that the examination for law license be entrusted to a board of five persons, appointed by the Governor. He considers the work "very onerous" and wants the Supreme Court of Appeals relieved of it as soon as possible. This is strange, in view of the fact that the Supreme Court of North Carolina justice rather appear to enjoy the annual examinations, though probably worked quite as hard as their lazy brethren in Virginia.—Charlotte Observer.

The Columbia Record makes note of the fact that a father and son are members of the House of the present Legislature. The father is J. W. Ashley ("Uncle Josh") of Anderson, and the son, M. J. Ashley, of Abbeville. The old man has been there for the sixth consecutive term. The extensive lands of father and son overlap the two counties they represent. It is a rare occurrence to find father and son members of the same branch of the Legislature, though doubtless there has been an instance of the sort in North Carolina.—Charlotte Observer.

A reporter and a citizen were discussing a little matter hidden from the public eye. "Ain't it a sight what goes on and people don't know it?" asked the citizen. "A few may get on to it now and then, as in this case, but the average man does not know anything about what happens. You could get some good cop if you would write up all this," he said, and the reported replied, "And also get chased out of my hide ,the town and the State of my nativity." However, it is a fact that the best of all copy never gets into a newspaper. And it is well enough. There is enough crookedness published in papers anyway ,and if all of it were printed, a fellow would think there wasn't any good left in the world, and might patch.—Rocky Mount Record.

London society dogs now dress for the hour, just as their mistresses do; and the really swell London society woman has several dogs to match her costumes. The full dress evening dog wears linen collar, boots laced with ribbon, cutaway coat and leggins. The "promenade" dog has a Norfolk jacket, boots, turndown linen collar, colored tie and russet leather belt. Each dog has his maid and lives in a private house lined with satin and with lace curtains. There are dog tailors and dog barbers and dog manicures and dog doctors. Fashion has decreed that doggie musn't walk, so the fine dame takes him in an automobile and then in her arms. The report is that London society is "simply dog crazy." Apparently London society has got to be crazy about something, and it might as well be dogs.—Savannah News.

Strange, how the type of character persists! Now, it is shown that Roberta de Janon, whose escapade in eloping with a married man, a waiter, is the talk of the country, is the grand daughter of a Tennessee woman who had also an escapade, resulting in the killing of her husband by a man who afterwards became known as a story writer under the name of "Ned Buntline." The early affair took place in Nashville in 1846, and created talk that has drifted down to even our day. The murder of a prominent citizen was not alone a remarkable affair, but what followed. The citizens arose in a vast crowd that filled the public square, broke open the jail, took E. Z. Judson (Ned Buntline) and hanged him to a lamp post. The rope broke or was cut, and Judson got away, running into the City Hotel, that faced the square and backed upon the river. He was pursued and jumped from an upper gallery over into the river, falling a great distance, as the hotel was built on the high bluff. The crowd hastened to the water's edge, expecting to find Judson dead or dying upon the rocks at the foot of the bluff; but he had disappeared. He went to sea later, and when next heard of was writing sea stories that in their time had great popularity.—Mobile Register.

A LARGE CONTRACT.

When J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., the enterprising druggists, first offered a 50c package of Dr. Howard's specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia at half price, and guaranteed to return the money if it did not cure, they thought it probable from their experience with other medicines for these diseases, that they would have a good many packages returned. But although they have sold hundreds of bottles, not one has been brought back.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. want every person in Wilmington, who has constipation, dyspepsia, headaches, or liver trouble, to come to their store or send J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., 25 cents by mail and get 60 doses of the best medicine ever made at half the regular price, with their personal guarantee to refund the money if it does not cure.

To those suffering with dizziness, headache, poor digestion, constipation, and straining, Dr. Howard's specific offers quick relief.

Just received at Rehder's new lot of Irish poplin. All colors 25 cents. **

Splendid bargains in all wool blankets at Gaylord's. **

Great Reduction Sale
OF
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING

For one week we will give a reduction of one-fourth off on all Winter Clothing. This is in order to make room for our new Spring stock which will arrive soon.

$ 7.50 Wool Suits, one-fourth off..... $ 5.63
10.00 Wool Suits, one-fourth off..... 7.50
15.00 Wool Suits, one-fourth off..... 11.25
10.00 Overcoats, one-fourth off..... 7.50
20.00 Overcoats, one-fourth off..... 15.00

Also big reduction in stylish Furs, Cloaks, Rain Coats, Skirts and Baby Cloaks.

See us for the best Mattings, Rugs, Art Squares, Etc.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

42-inch Rain Proof Cloth this week 50c the yard.

THE FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE.

Happy New Year!

I wish to thank my friends and customers for their liberal patronage during the year just closed, and trust our business relations in future will continue to be pleasant and profitable to each of us.

J. W. BROOKS
Wholesale Grocer. — Wilmington, N. C.

SPECIAL VALUES FOR CHRISTMAS.

Here's the place and now's the time to meet the size of your pocketbook. We have had made for us especially cigars in boxes of 25-5c for $1.00 per box; 25 10c cigars, $2.00; up to 20c each, or $4.50 per box

Best cigars obtainable at their several prices. Lots of beautiful Xmas presents—Rubber Gloves, Perfumery, etc.

Come here and buy your Xmas goods and vote for the piano. Look at the list of participants:

Miss Lena McKenzie	1,189	Miss Annie Banks	320
Delgado Sunday School	222	Miss Rosa May Furlong	353
Y. M. C. A.	1,040	Miss Lillian Bannerman	2,652
Miss Thelma Fillyaw	785	Brotherhood Railway Clerks.	359
Major Johnson	206	Miss Lydia Davis	240
Miss Fenley, for Hospital	209	Miss Lillian Vaughn	261
Mrs. C. Williams	2,502	W. E. Jays	321
St. John's Sunday School	2,686	Miss Mallie Houston	977
Miss Viola East	311	Fenley Bros.	1,649
D. Hendricks	217	Naval Reserves	206
First Presbyterian S. S.	207		

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Grand Opening
AT
A. D. BROWN'S
OF
White Goods, Laces, Embroideries and Muslin Underwear.
Coat Suits and Furs at Half Price
Agent for
Butterick Patterns, Black Cat Hosiery and American Lady Corsets.
All mail orders will receive prompt attention.

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WILL MEET AT GOLDSBORO

County Superintendents of Southeastern Division Will Gather in February—Also High School Principals Will Meet.

The Southeastern Division of the Association of County Superintendents of Public Instruction, of which Prof. Washington Catlett, of this city, is the popular secretary, will meet in regular annual session at Goldsboro February 3rd for a three days' session with the president, Prof. S. M. Brinson, superintendent of public instruction of Craven county, presiding.

Prof. Catlett stated yesterday that he would probably leave Wilmington on Thursday night, February 3rd, to attend the sessions, although he has not yet definitely decided when he will go. This will be the first meeting of the association in two years, no session being held last year. The last meeting was held at Jacksonville, N. C., and was largely attended.

The meeting this year promises to be the most important ever held. State Superintendent J. Y. Joyner writes Prof. Catlett that he has several matters of great importance to bring up for the consideration of the association. One of the features will be an address by Mr. Joyner in which he will tell something of what he saw in the schools of the West on a recent trip through that part of the country.

The division comprises 20 counties, and in these 20 counties are 31 public high schools. Mr. Joyner has called a meeting of the principals of the high schools to be held in Goldsboro on the 4th and 5th of February in order that a joint conference of the superintendents and principals may be held. The first session of the High School principals will be held Friday night, February 4th, and the second on Saturday, February 5th.

To the high school principals Mr. Joyner has written in part as follows: "There are doubtless many questions you and other principals would like to ask, and some explanations you would like to have made. And, too, there are several matters we wish to call your attention to, and a number of suggestions we wish to make to the principals. Mr. Walker, State inspector of high schools, and I, will both be present and take part in the discussions and we will endeavor to render you some helpful assistance. No formal programme will be prepared. Thus, you see, the meeting will be entirely informal and will concern itself wholly with the immediate problems which the principals may bring up. Please be present without fail. The necessity and importance of this meeting make it the duty of every principal to attend."

BEST PAYING ACRE

Mr. B. F. Keith Writes Interestingly in Progressive Farmer.

(Progressive Farmer, 18th)

Messrs. Editors: The man who denies his garden the first place on the farm or even in the village, town or city, has not learned the art of enjoying living, nor does he prize health and happiness as he should. One acre planted in vegetables of all kinds, thoroughly manured, with barnyard manure when possible, thoroughly cultivated, as soon as one vegetable is exhausted planted over, will pay better than five acres planted to any other crop.

I plant everything that can be had on the market, and have found more real worth and pleasure in the garden than I find in anything else on the farm. If you have never tried it, begin this year planting a few rows of all vegetables. It will not require so much of any one kind, still you will find it will more than supply one-half of your eating expenses, to say nothing of the diversity of your meals, health, wealth and happiness.

B. F. KEITH.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

Mr. E. M. Beery Peppered With Bird Shot While Hunting.

While gunning in a thicket, near the second toll house, four miles from the city, about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Mr. E. M. Beery, of this city, was accidentally shot in the shoulder by a companion, Mr. J. M. Stevenson, who did not see him on account of the dense undergrowth. Mr. Stevenson was standing some distance from Mr. Beery when the accident occurred. Mr. Beery was wearing a thick hunting coat, which prevented the 30 or 40 bird shot from doing any serious injury. Messrs. Beery and Stevenson and a friend, who was hunting with them, went to the trolley line and came to the city, Mr. Beery going to his home, where he was attended by Dr. W .E. Storm, who stated last night that Mr. Beery would probably be out again today. Friends of both Messrs. Beery and Stevenson were glad to learn that the accident was not of a serious nature.

BUYS OUT "CANDYCAPPS."

Mr. W. L. Bissinger is Now Owner and Will Take Charge Today.

The cigar and pool room of Mr. D. L. T. Capps on Princess street, known as "Candycapps" has been purchased by Mr. W. L. Bissinger, who will take charge today, and conduct it under the firm name of the Bissinger Cigar Store.

The purchase was made yesterday by Mr. Bissinger and the place will be under his management. The new owner has for some time been with the Crescent Cigar Store, on Princess, between Second and Third streets, and at one time, as will be recalled, was owner of this concern. Mr. Bissinger solicits the patronage of the public

Making Life Safer.

Everywhere life is being made more safe through the work of Dr. King's New Life Pills in Constipation, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver troubles, Kidney Diseases and Bowel Disorders. They're easy, but sure, and perfectly build up the health. 25c. at Robert R. Bellamy's.

Great bargains at Rehder's clearance sale Monday. Everybody extended invitation to attend. **

WOUNDED NEGRO FINED.

Arthur Davis, Clubbed by Policeman, Assessed $10 and Costs.

In the Recorder's court yesterday morning Arthur Davis, colored, who resisted arrest so strenuously Saturday night that he had to be clubbed by Officer J. S. Lane to such an extent that it was necessary for him to go to the hospital for repairs, was given a hearing on the charge of assault with deadly weapon on Mr. W. B. Sheehan. It was alleged that Davis threw a stone at Mr. Sheehan at the latter's store Saturday night and it was for this offense that the negro was arrested by Officer Lane. The Recorder found him guilty and fined him $10 and costs, or three months on the county roads. The negro had not paid the amount late yesterday afternoon.

Randolph Williams and John Russ, young white men, about 17 years old, on a charge of stealing a quantity of clothing from the residence of Mr. H. S. Schwartz, on South Second street, during Christmas week, were arraigned. K. C. Sidbury, Esq., represented the defendants. Judgment was reserved until this morning.

The case against James Pratt, colored, charged with assault with deadly weapon on Dan Williams, colored, Saturday night a week ago, was discharged, there being no one to appear against him. It was stated that Williams, who was shot in the shoulder, was discharged from the hospital one day last week and the officers had been unable to locate him.

Henry Gause and John Williams, colored, were tried on the charge of vagrancy. The additional charge of carrying concealed weapons was lodged against Gause, a pistol being found on his person when arrested. His case was left open until today, when another charge may be brought against him. The case against Williams was dismissed, it appearing to the court that the negro had been at work at Almont factory up to a few days ago.

58TH WEDDING ANNIVERSARY.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Monroe Will Celebrate Event Tonight.

Today marks the 58th anniversary of the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Monroe, who will celebrate the happy event by a family reunion at their home, 316 North Second street, tonight. Mr. and Mrs. Monroe were married January 20th, 1852, at the home of Mrs. Monroe, on Long Creek, five miles beyond Burgaw, which was then a part of New Hanover county, Rev. Colin Shaw officiating. In order to cross the creek the bridal party had to break the ice in the stream. There are living now only four persons, who were present at the marriage—Mr. David T. Smith, of Parkersburg, N. C.; Mr. R. W. Collins, of Burgaw, brother of Mrs. Monroe; Mrs. Barbara Johnson, of Sampson county, and Mrs. M. S. King, of Sumter, S. C., who was only about three years old. There are three children living—Capt. W. P. Monroe, Mrs. Mary A. Bryant and Mrs. H. W. Collins. Mr. Monroe is 84 years old, his last birthday being last Saturday, and Mrs. Monroe is 83 years old. Mr. and Mrs. Monroe will keep "open house" tonight and will greet any of their numerous friends who may call.

CONFESSED THEFT OF PISTOL

Simon Brown, Col., to be Tried by Recorder on Two Charges.

Confronted with the accusation that he stole a Smith & Wesson pistol from Mr. Jesse J. Dicksey yesterday morning and later carried the weapon to a pawn shop, Simon Brown, colored, yesterday afternoon made a confession to Constable W. B. Savage, after he had been placed under arrest on the charge. Brown will also be called upon to answer the charge of carrying concealed weapons, because he carried the pistol to the pawn shop. In default of bond he was lodged in the county jail to await hearing before the Recorder this morning.

Mr. Dicksey missed the pistol yesterday morning and sent a description to the pawn shop. Brown had already been there and pawned the weapon. But as luck would have it, he returned later in the day to redeem the weapon. The manager of the shop called Constable Savage by telephone and the negro was placed under arrest.

THE BASEBALL FRANCHISE.

Stock Company of Devotees of Sport Will be Formed, It is Said.

It is understood that a movement is making among the devotees of the sport in Wilmington to organize a stock company for taking over the franchise of the Wilmington Baseball team in the Eastern Carolina League and that the movement has every promise of success. As is well known, the team last year was not a paying institution and toward the last of the season seventeen or more of those interested in the continuance of the game endorsed for the amount necessary to continue the club in the circuit. A meeting of these endorsers was held on Tuesday night at which it was decided to foreclose the mortgage on the franchise, etc., of the team and after due advertisement, it is understood that a strong stock company will make a bid for the appurtenances of the team, franchise, etc., and that a strong aggregation will represent Wilmington on the diamond next season.

Awnings Were Burned.

The burning of awnings in front of the stores of the Crescent Cigar Store, the funeral parlors of Mr. Walter E. Yopp, and the Bonitz building, caused some little excitement on Princess street, near Second, about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The fire started in the awning of the Crescent Cigar store and was probably due to the careless throwing of a match or cigar or cigarette stump and the damage will be about $60.

St. Matthew's Lutheran Church.

There will be a special prayer service this evening at 8 o'clock at St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, conducted by the Rev. C. R. W. Kegley. There will be a church council meeting after this service. A full attendance is urged.

A TEMPTING REPAST is assured when use is made of SAUER'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS

OPERATION OF COAL CARTS

Proving None the Less Problem for the Company Than Subject of Comment for the Public—the Difficulties That Beset.

In view of the widespread comment on the street with reference to the operation of the coal carts, accentuated Tuesday by the accident in which a negro was injured on the wharf, a representative of the Star yesterday with a desire to get at the exact status of the situation, called on Mr. J. A Springer, president of the Springer Coal Company, and asked for a statement in regard to the matter and to the alleged time limit placed on the drivers making deliveries, etc.

Mr. Springer, than whom there is perhaps not a more law abiding citizen in any community, was seemingly a little hurt at the attitude that some of the public has assumed with reference to the officials of his company and said that the matter was none the less a problem for them than it was a prolific source of criticism for the public, which is apparently laboring under a misapprehension as to the company's attitude toward the conditions complained of. He said that employes of the company are expressly charged and recharged at all times to observe the laws of the city as to driving and to exercise every precaution for the safety of the public in the operation of the heavier vehicles necessary to the traffic in coal and wood; in fact the policy of the company was only last week illustrated in this respect in the refusal of the company to pay a nominal fine for one of its drivers convicted in the Recorder's court of fast driving and who was allowed to go to the roads for 60 days for violating the laws of the city and the orders of his employer. "Although this driver was badly needed at the time and we didn't know how we were to replace him," said Mr. Springer, "we were sensible of the wrong committed and preferred to let the negro pay the penalty of his express violation."

Mr. Springer further said that an erroneous impression had been conveyed by the statement in yesterday's paper that drivers are given an allotted time to make deliveries and return to the yards. The negro drivers have often resorted to the circulation of this false report to shield themselves, he said, but the fact is no time limit is placed on the men, who are given no further instructions than to proceed at all times with due precaution and return to the yards in a reasonable length of time.

"We should certainly not want our live stock and our rolling stock to be put out of commission by such driving as is complained of," said Mr. Springer, "even if there was no other consideration. We are often asked why we do not discharge all our present force of drivers and employ new ones, but any person the least acquainted with the class of labor required for this branch of traffic, which must go on rain, snow or shine, will appreciate with conditions of the negro labor on the wharf that this would be little less than 'swapping the devil for the witch.' We employ the very best labor it is possible to get and pay the best wages and do not hesitate to discharge for any case of violation of our rules or desregard of the rights of the public, but it is a great problem for us as well as for the public," continued Mr. Springer

Without in the least attempting to condone the offense of fast driving, Mr. Springer stated that frequently the public is too quick to determine the measure of speed at which a cart is moving by the noise it keeps. Necessarily the carts have to be of the heaviest type and it has been impossible to get a substitute for the class of vehicles now being used. He assured the representative of the Star who called upon him that the Springer Coal Company is quite as anxious as the people to see that this and every other good law is enforced and he regrets much if there has been cause for complaint.

FOR RIVER IMPROVEMENTS.

Live Matters Will be Discussed by Chamber of Commerce Today.

An interesting meeting for the discussion of matters pertaining to the future welfare of Wilmington as a port, will mark the called session of the Chamber of Commerce today. The meeting will be with special reference to terminal facilities upon a report from Capt. Earl I. Brown and as to the need of a mooring basin as suggested by Capt. Edgar Williams, the harbor master.

The constant need for a mooring basin has been attracting the attention of the shipping interests at the port for some time and the Chamber will likely be asked to take some action in the matter. Capt. Brown's report is of vital concern and will doubtless be a source of much information as to the proposed terminal advantages for the port. Capt. Williams will have something to say in regard to other river improvements in addition to that referred to.

Another live matter that will be presented for some action is in regard to the Fort Fisher Battle Ground Park.

The meeting will be held at 12 o'clock and it is especially requested that a full attendance of the Chamber be present.

Mr. Graves Locates Here.

Mr. C. C. Graves has accepted a position as traveling freight agent for the Kanawha Dispatch Routes, via Chesapeake & Ohio Railway, and located in the city, succeeding Mr. J. King Corbett, who recently went from this city to Baltimore. Mr. Graves comes here from Norfolk, Va. Mr. Corbett, who made Wilmington his headquarters for several years, has recently accepted a position in Baltimore.

A Wretched Mistake

to endure the itching, painful distress of Piles. There's no need to. Listen: "I suffered much from Piles," writes Will. A. Marsh, of Silver City, N. C., "till I got a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and was soon cured." Burns, Boils, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Eczema, Cuts, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, vanish before it. 25c. at Robert R. Bellamy's.

ROMANTIC MARRIAGE HERE.

Miss Ida B. Gaeney Becomes Bride of Mr. Ernest O. King.

A romantic marriage was celebrated at 8 o'clock last night at the home of Mr. B. F. Lane, 515 South Fourth street, when Miss Ida B. Gaeney, the young and attractive daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Gaeney, of Brunswick county, became the bride of Mr. Ernest O. King, son of Rev. James M. King, a popular young man of this city, the ceremony being performed by Rev. J. W. S. Harvey, in the presence of only a few relatives and friends.

The bride came to the city yesterday afternoon with her mother, Mrs. L. D. Gaeney, on a shopping trip, and stopped at Mrs. Nathan's boarding house, corner Front and Orange streets. The couple had been engaged for some time but the marriage was not to be for some months yet. After a brief conference in the afternoon the couple decided to marry last night. The license was secured, the minister engaged and a few friends invited to be at the home of Mr. Allen at 8 o'clock, when the ceremony was performed. Mrs. Gaeney received her first intimation of the marriage from a representative of The Star shortly before 9 o'clock. It is said that there was no objection to the marriage, the couple just deciding to take the bride's parents by surprise, in which they succeeded most admirably.

Mr. and Mrs. King will reside at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lane for the present, Mrs. Lane being a sister of the groom. Mr. King has resided in Florida for the last six months, returning to Wilmington about Christmas for a visit. He will probably not return to Florida, but will make Wilmington his home.

He and his attractive bride have a wide circle of friends who wish for them the full measure of happiness.

THANKS ARE RETURNED.

Substantial Donation to Furnishing Colored Wards at Hospital.

The Board of Managers of the James Walker Memorial Hospital, none the less for the spirit that prompted it than for its real need and value, desire to acknowledge with thanks a very generous donation of $10 from St. Stephen's A. M. E. Z. Church toward a fund for the furnishing of linen for the colored wards at the hospital. The donation was very timely and is much appreciated by the Board of Managers. The contribution suggests the idea that this affords a fine opportunity for other colored people or congregations to share in this splendid work which is being done for the colored people of the city and community. It is understood that any donations would be thankfully received by the Board of Managers.

JUDGE O. H. GUION WILL PRESIDE

Court Next Week Will Not Convene Until Monday Afternoon.

Col. John D. Taylor, Clerk of Superior Court, received a letter yesterday morning from Judge O. H. Guion, of Newbern, who will hold court here next week, having exchanged appointments with Judge C. M. Cooke of Louisburg, stating that as there is no Sunday train from Newbern to Wilmington he would not arrive here until 12:50 o'clock Monday afternoon. He will open court immediately upon arrival. Col. Taylor says that the jurors drawn for the term need not go to the Court House until that hour. The term is for two weeks and is for the trial of criminal causes. However, should the criminal docket not require all the time of the session civil matters may be taken up.

Interesting Athletic Event.

Quite a large number of members of the Y. M. C. A. gathered in the gymnasium of the association last night for the second of the series of athletic events arranged by Mr. B. H. Tyrrell, physical director. In the 15-yard dash W. H. Fits and Melvin Malloy tied for first honors, the time being two seconds, and in the pole vault Utley King made the best record, 7 feet and 4 inches. There were many contestants and great interest was taken in the two events. The basketball game announced to be played tonight between the Senior team of the Y. M. C. A. and a similar team from the Boys' Brigade has been postponed until Tuesday night, when it will certainly be played

Solky's Special Clothing Sale.

Messrs. J. M. Solky & Co., announce that before stock taking they will place on sale today their men's, boys' and children's clothing at a reduction of from 10 to 50 per cent. off regular price. All men's suits in Strouse & Brothers' and B. Kuppenheimer makes will be offered at attractive prices which are quoted in an advertisement elsewhere in today's paper. These reductions are strictly bona-fide and the careful buyer will do well to look up the items in this large and well selected stock.

Lost Nearly All Household Effects.

Originating from a defective flue, fire at 1:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon did a damage of about $250 to a house at 912 South Sixth street, owned by Mr. Calvin Reaves and occupied by Mr. T. J. Hodges and family, destroying practically all the furniture of the latter. The fire department was called out from box 56. The building was enveloped in flames when the firemen arrived, but in a short time they had the fire extinguished.

BILL TO PROHIBIT FOOTBALL.

Made a Misdemeanor by Bill Offered in Virginia Legislature.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 19.—The playing of football in Virginia is made a misdemeanor under a bill offered in the Senate today by Capt. Parks, of Page county.

The game is prohibited, and all players, promoters and managers are rendered liable to punishment by fine in the first case, and by confinement in jail for a second offense.

The bill will be pressed by Capt. Parks, who is a stout champion of any measure he advocates, and the opposition, it is understood, will be led by Senator Early of Greene, who in his day was the "center" of one of the best teams the University of Virginia ever boasted.

Just received at Rehder's new lot of Irish poplin. All colors 25 cents. **

MR. OWEN M'REE HOLMES DEAD

Passed Away Yesterday at Home in Newberry, S. C.—Remains Will Be Brought to Wilmington For Interment—Death Sudden.

A long distance telephone message to the family in this city yesterday morning conveyed to friends and loved ones the distressing intelligence of the death of Mr. Owen McRee Holmes, for many years a resident of this city but for a long time a citizen and prominent cotton merchant of Newberry, S. C., in which city he passed away. While Mr. Holmes had been in poor health for some time, his death came rather suddenly and was a great shock to the family and friends. The remains will reach Wilmington on the late train from the south tonight and the funeral will take place in this city tomorrow at an hour to be later announced.

Mr. Holmes was in the 57th year of his age and was a son of the late Owen D. Holmes and Mrs. Ann Hill Holmes, of Wilmington and Kendall Plantation, the deceased himself having been one of the former owners of "Kendall," which was in the Holmes family for three generations, and which is one of the fine country places near Wilmington, dating their origin from Colonial times. The news of the death of Mr. Holmes was received in Wilmington with great sorrow many of the older residents especially remembering him for his kindly and genial personality and his many fine attributes as a gentleman of fine breeding and rare intellect. He had been successful as a cotton merchant at Newberry and was senior member of the firm of O. McRee Holmes & Co., a leader in the commercial life of that community.

Mr. Holmes was twice married, first to Miss McCaughrin, of Newberry, S. C., and as the result of that union there are surviving one son, Mr. Robert Holmes, of Newberry. He was married a second time to Miss Minnie Schenck, of this city, and she with two other sons, Owen and Nicholas, also survive. In addition to these relatives there are also left to mourn their loss one brother, Mr. R. Lee Holmes, of Wilmington, and two sisters, Mrs. B. P. Harrison, of this city, and Mrs. William G. Haughton, of Spartanburg, with four nephews, Messrs. Pierre M., Owen D., Ed H. and James G. Holmes, all of Wilmington. The bereaved ones have the tenderest sympathy of many friends in their loss. As stated above, the remains of Mr. Holmes will reach the city on the late train tonight from the south and the funeral and interment will take place some time tomorrow.

Named as Special Delegate.

Dr. Russell Bellamy, of Wilmington, has been named by State Geologist Joseph Hyde Pratt as a special delegate to the good roads congress to be held in Raleigh Thursday of next week. Dr. Bellamy is an enthusiastic advocate of good roads and has made a study of the subject not only in this country but abroad. He will be a valuable member of the convention.

FIVE DEAD IN FACTORY FIRE.

Four Girls and One Man Leap to Death From Building.

Philadelphia, Jan. 19.—Five persons, four girls and one man, leaped to their death today in a panic caused by a fire in the four-story factory building at 208-10 Chancellor street, near Second and Walnut streets. Five others received injuries from which they will probably die and many more or less seriously hurt. Nearly all of the dead and several injured were employed in the shirtwaist factory of Joseph Sachkin, which occupied part of the fourth floor. One of Sachkin' daughters is dead and another injured and the third daughter probably escaped a like fate by being at home attending the mother, who is critically ill.

Sachkin's force of operators was greatly reduced owing to the shirtwaist strike. Otherwise it is believed the number of fatalities would have been even greater.

The flames which originated in the elevator shaft on the fourth floor are supposed to have been caused by the short-circuiting of the electric motor which ran the elevator. Although the fire spread rapidly, the employes of the other establishments in the same building nearly all managed to escape in safety.

The girls and men in Sachkin's factory became panic stricken and jumped wildly from the fourth story windows. Men on the street spread blankets over an awning to break the falls but because of the dense smoke which filled the narrow street, many fell to the pavement before these improvised fire nets could be extended for them. The building was perfectly equipped with fire escapes and nearly every window had a rope. These proved useless, however, to the panic-stricken shirtwaist makers. One man instead of lowering the rope and sliding down it jumped from the window with the loose end in his hands. He died with a fractured skull. Others had their hands burned to the bone by their rapid descent on the ropes. The monetary loss is estimated at $50,000.

Something doing at Rehder's Monday, Big Clearance Sale. **

Splendid bargains in all wool blankets at Gaylord's. **

WALSH NOW A NUMBER.

Spends His First Night in Federal Prison at Leavenworth.

Leavenworth, Kas., Jan. 19.—On an iron cot, in a cell of the Federal prison, John R. Walsh, 72 years old, who today began serving a five year sentence for misapplying the funds of the Chicago National Bank, spent his first night in the penitentiary.

Walsh accepted his new situation with smiling good grace. While talking today with an old friend, Mr. Walsh remarked: "I don't believe I shall ever live out my sentence if I am not pardoned."

The new surroundings did not make Mr. Walsh, who is now known as "Convict No. 6821" nervous. He sat calmly in his cell tonight and read until the big gong sounded "lights out" at 9 o'clock. Then he went to bed.

Mr. Walsh took his first meal in prison tonight. It consisted of warm biscuits, fried potatoes, onions and block coffee. Mr. Walsh ate heartily.

OPINION OF CONGRESSMAN.

Says Taft Does Not Believe Original Bill Can be Drafted.

Washington, Jan. 19.—"President Taft does not seem to think there is sufficient sagacity in the House and Senate to draft an origina. bill," was the sarcastic comment in the House today of Representative Garrett, of Tennessee, referring to the administration measure introduced by Representative Townsend, of Michigan, amending the inter-State commerce laws.

Defending the President, Representative Mann, of Illinois, said that as a draft of a bill was a mere expression of a President's views he saw no impropriety in his offering it.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The House committee on Naval Affairs voted unanimously today to report a bill abolishing the bureau of equipment of the navy department. This is the first step by Congress in the inauguration of Secretary Meyer's plan for the reorganization of the Navy Department.

Something doing at Rehder's Monday, Big Clearance Sale. **

Procrastination is a Big Thief

The man who puts off doing till to-morrow what would save money to-day is a poor economist. Let us submit an estimate and guaranteed proposition on your coal requirements, not next week or next year (though better late than never), but NOW. Write us; your letter will be appreciated and promptly answered.

Atlantic States Coal & Coke Co., Richmond, Va.

ATLANTIC STATES COAL & COKE CO. TRADE MARK. "ATLANTIC" GUARANTEED COAL.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

Special Clothing SALE!

Before stock taking we will place on sale, beginning **Today, January 20th,** our Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing at a reduction from

10% to 50% Off REGULAR PRICE.

All our Men's Suits, in Strouse & Bros. and B. Kuppenheimer makes, every suit this season's goods, in sizes to fit all..... **10% Off** Regular price.

Men's Overcoats and Rain Coats, no left-overs from last season, all new merchandise..... **10% Off** Regular price.

Special lot of Men's Suits, in small sizes only, formerly sold at $15 to $18.50 a suit, to close out at..... **$10 Now**

Another special lot of Men's Suits, if we have your size, would be cheap at $10 a suit, now marked to close out for..... **$7.50 a Suit**

A lot of Youths' Long Pants Suits, sizes from 14 to 19 years, to be sold at..... **One-Half Off** Regular price.

All of our Children's Straight Knee Pants Suits, in serges and mixed worsteds, to be sold at..... **33 1-3 per cent Off** Regular price.

Our entire lot of Children's Bloomer Knee Pants Suits, every one a neat pattern and new goods, to be sold at..... **10% Off** Regular price.

Boys' and Children's Overcoats, Rain Coats and Reefers, just the time to buy now, will be sold at..... **33 1-3% Off** Regular Price. Sizes Limited.

Let us impress this on your mind that these reductions are strictly as we tell you and everything sold as advertised and guaranteed satisfaction or your money refunded just as freely as you give it to us.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

Phone 617. Masonic Building.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Brief Mention, News of Societies, Meetings, etc

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. King, of Philadelphia, are visiting Mrs. King's brother, Mr. J. A. Springer, 102 North Fifth street.

* * *

Mr. W. Elliott Fox left for Richmond, Va., last night to attend the funeral of Mr. Elliott's mother, Mrs. R. W. Fox.

* * *

Raleigh Evening Times: "Miss Annie Watters, of Wilmington, is visiting Miss Nannie Hay and Miss Juliette Crews."

* * *

There will be a meeting of the W. C. T. U. at 4 o'clock this afternoon in the First Baptist Church. Members are urged to attend.

* * *

Raleigh News and Observer: "Bishop Joseph B. Cheshire left yesterday afternoon to conduct the funeral of Rev. Frederick Fetter, rector of the church at Monroe, who died in Norfolk."

Mr. W. I. Baxter returned yesterday morning from Richmond, Va., whither he went to accompany his aunt, Mrs. Isabelle Miller, of Goldsboro, who has entered Dr. Hodges' Hygeia Hospital in that city for special treatment.

* * *

There will be an important meeting of the executive committee of the "Helping Hand Class" Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at the home of Misses Glasgow, 319 South Second street. Every member is urged to be present.

* * *

Mr. Edward Kidder has been spending some time in the city and at "Kendall" on a visit to friends at his old home. Mr. Kidder will return to his present home in New York the latter part of this week.

* * *

The North Carolina Sorosis will hold its first social meeting of the year this afternoon at the Owls' Club rooms at 4 o'clock. The Home Science Department will be the hostess and has prepared an attractive programme.

* * *

All members are asked to remember the annual meeting of Cape Fear Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Wilmington Light Infantry armory. This will be one of the most important meetings of the year and it is especially desired that there be a large attendance.

* * *

Register of Deeds John Haar was among those who left yesterday afternoon for Columbia, S. C., to attend the closing sessions of the South Carolina State Laymen's Missionary Movement. From the Palmetto capital Mr. Haar goes to Savannah, Ga., where he will visit relatives and friends for a few days, returning to Wilmington Monday or Tuesday.

* * *

Clinton, N. C., Jan. 19.—Mr. Henry S. Southerland, a prominent young merchant of this place, and Miss Minnie White Williams, were married this morning at the home of the bride's grandmother, Mrs. Eliza F. White. Immediately after the ceremony which was performed by Rev. P. L. Clark, the happy young couple left for an extended bridal trip to Florida.

Decidedly the largest crowd of the season attended the dance at Knebel's Dancing Academy last night and many declared it to have been the most delightful given by the Academy this season. There were 74 couples on the floor. Mr. Kneisel announces that the regular dance in the future will be held on Tuesday and Friday nights and that beginning Friday, January 25th, his orchestra will furnish music every Friday night. This announcement comes as a very pleasant surprise and no doubt will have the effect of drawing large crowds.

* * *

PRETTY HOME WEDDING CELEBRATED YESTERDAY.

The wedding of Miss Carrie Sale Hardwicke, of this city, and Mr. Richard Adams Nelson, of West Virginia, was celebrated on yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock, at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Preston L. Cumming, in the presence of a limited number of invited friends. The beautiful wedding service of the Episcopal Church was rendered by the bride's pastor, the Rev. A. W. Seabreeze, of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, in a most impressive manner. The family home was prettily decorated in a white and green color scheme. The bride wore a going away gown of brown chiffon broadcloth, with seal ornaments and hat to match, trimmed with brown willow plumes. She carried a luxuriant arm bouquet of bride's roses. The groom, in afternoon dress, was attended by his brother, Mr. Cleland Kinloch Nelson, Jr., of West Virginia, his best man, while the bride's bright, charming and beautiful little sister Miss Ann Bacot Cumming, gracefully served as flower girl in attendance upon the bride. Among the out of town guests, was Mrs. W. J. Dickerson, of Buena Vista, Va., a cousin and intimate of the bride, whose presence lent the brightness of its charm to the auspicious occasion. After the ceremony refreshments were served, and the assembled guests, consisting of many of the bride's young lady friends, mingled their congratulations, good wishes and prophesies of a happy wedded life for the young couple. The bride and groom left on the 7 o'clock train for a visit to northern cities, but will be at home to their friends, after February 1st, at their future residence, Vivian, W. Va. Mr. Nelson comes of one of Virginia's prominent families and he himself is identified with large business interests in the coal fields of Virginia, where he holds a responsible position with several railroads, and has before him a bright business career which his abilities will open and command. The bride is one of Wilmington's young lady favorites and, educated and reared in a home of Christian refinement, she has shown in her own young ladyhood those graces of character and charm of manners that attract the love of friends and contribute to the happiness of her social cotorie.

The bride was the recipient of a large number of beautiful wedding presents from various friends, in and out of the city, and these were much admired. The occasion will be remembered by those attending as a sweet and charming home wedding that happily marked and carries with it the union of bride and groom whose life journey will be attended by the loving good wishes of a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq., returned yesterday from Burgaw, where he spent several days on legal business.

—Mr. Hilliard Bruce, associate editor of The Pensacola, Fla., Journal, is spending a few days in the city on business.

—Among the arrivals at the Southern Hotel yesterday were Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Cameron, Charlotte; J. W. Windham, Wilson; L. A. Byrd, Byrdsville; N. M. Flemming, Charlotte; Guy Tripp, Kinston; E. L. Peterson, Rocky Mount; T. L. Johnson, Kerr; W. B. Smith, Atkinson; A. B. Anders, Ivanhoe; H. M. Smith, Marion, S. C.; W. H. Croom, Currie.

HONOR LEE IN WASHINGTON.

Payed Unusual Tribute to Confederate General—Statue Decorated.

Washington, aJn. 19.—In an unusual; in fact, inprecedented, manner was the memory of Robert E. Lee honored at the Capitol today, despite the opposition which developed in the Senate against any action of the United States Government looking toward honoring the distinguished Confederate General.

Members of Congress passing through statuary hall saw the extraordinary addition to t hattesucmfwyp ordinary addition to the statues, of a high boquet of flowers adorning that of General Lee. These statesmen commented upon the departure, but those who had expected to hear criticisms on the part of Senators who opposed in the upper House the reception of the statue were disappointed.

Investigation revealed that the bouquet bore a card reading:

"Mrs. George W. Bolling, R. E. Lee Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, Falls Church, Va."

Attaches of the Capitol declared that the placing of the flowers on a statue in the Hall of Fame in honor of the birthday of the man thus commemorated marked a precedent. Not a single employe remembers a similar occurrence.

LIBEL TUG AND SCHOONER.

On Account of the Destruction of the Thimble Shoals Lighthouse.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 19.—The government, through United States District Attorney Lewis, has libeled the schooner Malcom Baxter, Jr., and the tug John Twohy, Jr., for the recovery of $50,000 damages by reason of the destruction by fire of the Thimble Shoal Lighthouse, December 27th. It is charged that the Baxter, while in tow of the Twohy, collided with the lighthouse and so wrecked it that coals from a hot stove set the wreckage on fire and destroyed it.

Extra good quality of Kilkerny linen 12 1-2 cents at Gaylord's. **

LOCAL DOTS.

—With the exception of the Register of Deeds' office the county offices closed at 12 o'clock yesterday on account of the Lee birthday anniversary.

—The Danish steamer Secalia, Capt. Jensen, cleared yesterday for Norfolk after discharging cargo of kainit to the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company. The vessel is by Heide & Co.

—By deed filed for record yesterday Marsden Bellamy, Jr., Esq., commissioner, transfers to Edward P. Bailey, for $365, lot on east side of 11th, 66 feet south of Queen street, 33x165 feet in size.

TURKISH PALACE DESTROYED.

Parliament Will be Seriously Interrupted—Documents Destroyed.

Constantinople, Jan. 19.—The palace of the Cherigan, where the Turkish Parliament meets, was entirely destroyed by fire today. The loss is great, as the building alone cost about $16,000,000.

The fire originated between the private apartments reserved for the Sultan and the Chamber of Deputies, and is believed to have been due to defective heating apparatus, although there have been reports current that reactionary agents were responsible for it.

The fire started shortly before noon and a strong wind fanned the flames, which spread with great rapidity. Little furniture and very few of the important documents were saved. Practically all the archives of the Chamber of Deputies, including important bills and the budget estimates, were burned. As a consequence the business of Parliament will be seriously interrupted.

What few effects were saved were taken from the palace by sailors stationed at the legations, principally the Russians and Americans, who were first to arrive on the scene. Thousands of persons witnessed the fire from the roofs of buildings. Superstitious Orientals regard the fire as an evil omen.

A Wild Blizzard Raging

brings danger, suffering—often death—to thousands, who take colds, coughs and lagrippe—that terror of Winter and Spring. Its danger signals are "stuffed up" nostrils, lower part of nose sore, chills and fever, pain in back of head, and a throat-gripping cough. When Grip attacks, as you value your life, don't delay getting Dr. King's New Discovery. "One bottel cured me," writes A. L. Dunn, of Pine Valley, Miss., "after being 'laid up' three weeks with Grip." For sore lungs, Hemorrhages, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, its supreme, 50c. $1.00. Guaranteed by Robert R. Bellamy.

Extra good quality of Kilkerny linen 12 1-2 cents at Gaylord's. **

PAULHAN'S NEW RECORD.

Frenchman Carries Three Passengers and Makes Another Long Trip.

Aviation Field, Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 19.—By carrying his wife in his bi-plane on a 22-mile cross country trip from Aviation Field to a point half a mile over the ocean and back, by taking another passenger on a 12-mile flight over the fields and by taking three other passengers, one at a time, on short flight, Louis Paulhan today established new world's records for heavier than air flying machines.

No other aviator has taken up so many passengers in one day and no other aviator has taken a woman for a high flight over fields and woods and villages and surf for more than 20 miles.

Paulhan flew at an altitude of from 500 to 1,000 feet over Redoundo Beach, Venice-by-Sea, and other resorts toward Point Firmin. There were no life buoys tied to the machine to save them from death in the waves should they fall. He made this trip and other perilous flights with ease.

Paulhan flew 33 minutes on his 22 mile trip with his wife. His twelve mile trip was made with Clifford B. Harmon, of New York. Besides these, he took up Mrs. Coutlandt F. Bishop, wife of President Bishop, of the Aero Club of America; Lieutenant Paul Beck, of the U. S. Army Signal Corps; William Randolph Hearst, a newspaper publisher, and a newspaper reporter. The flights were made under perfect atmospheric conditions.

The other aviators did not accomplish much. Charles M. Hamilton made three starts in an attempt to lower Paulhan's altitude record of 4,165 feet. On his first flight Hamilton rose 455 feet, on his second, 300 feet and on his third 700 feet.

The Gill-Dosch machine, owned by H. W. Gill, of Baltimore, met with an accident that eliminates it from any work tomorrow.

At a height varying from 30 to 100 feet, it circled the field once and then came down with a crash that wrecked the left plane. Hiliary Beachy, the driver, was not injured.

Glenn H. Curtiss made two appearances. The first time he went round the course three times and the second he tried for a speed record. His lap was 2:19, seven seconds from the record. Tomorrow is the last day of the meet.

FOR POSSESSION OF CHILD.

The Christie Suit at Zanesville—Sensational Features.

Zanesville, O., Jan. 19.—With the last bit of testimony submitted and last bit of testimony submitted and fore the adjournment of court this afternoon the disposition of Natalie Chandler Christie was left wholly within the hands of Judge H. C. Smith before whom the legal battle between father and mother for possession of child has been waged.

"The consideration of the evidence in this case will consume several days and I expect to render my decision about the first of next week," was the statement made by the court immediately after the hearing was concluded.

Then followed a short argument between Attorney Lemert, for Mrs. Christy, and Attorney Scuthard, for the artist, for the custody of Natalie pending the court's final decision, was the bone of contention. Judge Smith settled the matter by stating that the child would continue to remain in the Durban home and in the custody of Mrs. Durban and each of her parents should have the right of visiting her there.

A spanking administered to Mrs. Christy by her husband, which Mrs. Christy received in fairly good nature, was detailed by Miss Rose Christy, the artist's sister, who was the first witness examined today.

Miss Christy said that one night she overheard Mrs. Christy in her room, at the Christy home at Duncan Falls, rummaging through a trunk and mumbling and swearing, when Mr. Christy said if she did not stop her talking and go to bed he would spank her.

"I guess he did spank her,' Miss Christy said, "judging from the sounds which came from their room. The next morning Mrs. Christy laughed and said she 'guessed she deserved it.'"

Anna Washington, a colored maid, formerly at the Christy home in New York, said she often saw Mrs. Christy intoxicated and that she often called Purdy, the chauffeur, for her mistress and that she served drinks to both in Mrs. Christy's boudoir.

One one occasion, the maid testified, Mrs. Christy said to her, regarding Purdy, "I'm crazy about that man; isn't he handsome?" And that if it were not for Natalie she would be with him always. She also quoted Purdy as saying, "God only knows how much I love this woman," referring to Mrs. Christy.

EDITOR HONORED AS HERO.

Awarded Medal by the Carnegie Commission—Others Awarded.

Pittsburg, Jan. 19.—A newspaper man with a comfortable income, no debts and also a bank account was unearthed by the Carnegie hero fund commission while investigating an act of heroism reported to it. The story became public today when the commission announced that 17 more heroes had been added to the list. Geo. F. Burba, of Dayton, O., editor of the Daily News, is the lucky newspaper man who under rare difficulties rescued Catherine Murty, 12 years old from drowning at Snydersville, O., on August 12th last and who was awarded a bronze medal.

There were five silver and 12 bronze medals awarded and about $19,000 in money. The acts of heroism cover rescues from drowning, electrocution, trains, and fire suffocation.

INSURANCE

that protects your life—not income only. Gowan's Preparation in the home insures against pneumonia, colds, croup, soreness in lungs and throat by destroying inflammation and congestion. External and penetrating. All Druggists. $1.00, 50c., 25c. Insure today.

DESTRUCTIVE BOLL WEEVILS.

Dr. Knapp Urges Fight Against the Insect—Cotton Planter.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 19.—"Boll weevils have cost the United States untold hundreds of thousands of dollars in the destruction of the cotton crops, but most of it is to be charged against the 'bluff' that the insect puts up, or rather, the fear that its approach inspires."

According to Dr. Seaman A. Knapp, of the Department of Agriculture, the average cotton planter was defeated before he ever began to fight the pest. Of all the draw-backs that confront the cotton planter, Dr. Knapp is convinced that pessimism is the worst. He said so plainly and emphatically here today in an address on the weevil and the evils that follow in its train.

"The first and most serious of these", he said, "is the wave of discouragement and pessimism in advance of the weevil. Many honest but mistaken men affirm in advance of the weevil that cotton cannot be successfully made where the weevil appears. Immediately the bankers and the merchants withhold credit. Labor is compelled to leave. The farmers do half work and frequently abandon a portion of their crop. This frequently results in a loss of 20 per cent. before the weevil has done any damage."

This "beaten-in-advance" attitude, Dr. Knapp went on to say, resulted in the humiliating surrender of planters and their "throwing up of the sponge" in the second year, with the result that the weevil is permitted a free territory in which to ravage and multiply and the crop falls to 25 per cent. of its average.

"Much of this loss is failure to plant and to cultivate," he said, with an earnestness that impressed his audience. "I will give you numerous examples in proof of what I say by quoting reliable government figures and instances in Texas and Louisiana."

The speaker then submitted a mass of statistical information touching on conditions in many counties in Texas and a number of the parishes of Louisiana. He insisted that from 30 to 40 per cent. of the decline in production in the second year of the weevil was due entirely to discouragement and the consequent inability to obtain advances from the bankers. All of this depression, Dr. Knapp declared, was charged to the boll weevil, while it rightfully should be charged against the planters who succumbed to opposition and threatened invasion.

Following up his araignment of the planters themselves, Dr. Knapp furnished seven rules for the guidance of those who would fight the pest successfully. They were as follows:

1. Early destruction of the stalks.
2. There must be better drainage of the soil so there will be a good stand and the crop can be worked soon after rains.
3. There must be excellent preparation of the soil for planting. Plant early as the season will permit and be safe.
4. Seed of an early maturing variety must be used; one that puts out its fruit limbs low on the stalk and fruits heavily. Rows wider apart than usual. The seed also must be of the best quality.
5. Cultivation should be intensive.
6. Do not lay by the cotton as usual, but continue to cultivate until the bolls begin to open. Cotton is thus made all the time. If the rules of producing cotton are followed a good crop can be made.

In addition to giving rules for the fight on the boll weevil and the production of good cotton crops in the face of all emergencies, Dr. Knapp advised his hearers not to forget that cotton was far from the only crop worth while cultivating. He declared the plantation should produce all the food necessary for men and live stock, and that, in addition, the other crops should pay most of the running expenses of the plantation.

Concluding, he said the delta lands were the most valuable on the continent. They were intrinsically worth $200 an acre, even if the bool weevil were an inch deep over every foot of the soil.

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE ACTS

Only Await Action of General Assembly to Call State Election.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 19.—The feature of today's session of the Virginia Anti-Saloon League convention was a resolution offered by State Senator Thomas, of Lynchburg, a member of the convention, reading as follows:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention, in the event that the General Assembly enacts a law submitting the liquor question to the voters, that the Anti-Saloon League should take steps to call such election at the earliest practicable time during the present year." The resolution was greeted with enthusiastic applause.

It was referred, and, a fight on it is expected tomorrow. The leaders of the anti-saloon movement are urging conservatism, but there is a strong element among the rank and file which demands radical action.

The Theatre

THEATRE. ... ...

The Crystal Palace strengthened its vaudeville part of the bill yesterday with the addition of J. C. Murphy, blackface comedian and the world's greatest bone manipulator. Due to the sickness of one of the feature artists booked for the Palace, the bill this week went an act short until yesterday, when Murphy came in from the South, making a big jump in order to play the Palace. He went on yesterday afternoon for the first time and made a big hit directly on the start. His bone playing, as the "end man in a minstrel show" is really remarkable. In fact, he has brought it up to an art and he received vigorous applause of approval yesterday. The other acts were also flatteringly received again yesterday. Today a complete change of programme will be made, including some of the best and finest subjects yet presneted by the Gaumont talking machine. These subjects will really be big ones and were posed for by celebrated artists.

The Return of "Black Patti".

The "Black Patti" show never does anything by halves and is always original. The manager, R. Voelckle, has just returned from a vacation in Europe and has inserted a number of original ideas in his show for this season—not satisfied with getting the pick of the colored theatrical profession which includes "Madame Sissieretta Jones", and "Jolly" John Larkins—he has gone to the expense of having a "Tri pto Africa" rehabited with new scenery from the Hyde Scenic Studio, New York Costumes, which have no equal with any other colored organization from Eades Costuming Co., New York City. The properties are by Siedel; electrical effects by Kleigel, and wigs by Bach. The chorus with the company this season has been trained by a well known New York professor and a special feature will be the "Jungle Drill", by the "Zamboo Tribe". Not only is this one of the great attractions, but the "Cat's Jubilee", in which a number of the chorus men take part is one of the most comical situations ever seen.

They will come to the Academy next Thursday night, January 27th.

What Opera Shall be Presented?

A week from tomorrow night the Academy will offer grand opera, something decidedly exceptional, and the production will be made by the New York Italian Opera Company, which will next week start on its way to Havana, Cuba, to fill a four weeks' guaranteed engagement. Only three cities in North Carolina, Raleigh, Charlotte and Wilmington, will be played and the giant and superb attraction comes under a heavy guarantee. It is a large company, including full chorus, ballet and orchestra and all special scenery is carried. So it can be seen that Wilmington is indeed fortunate in getting this extraordinary attraction and it will be up to the music loving public of Wilmington to show its appreciation. The operas in the company's repertoire was given in Sunday's Star and it was stated at the time that it was desired for the company to present the opera the people of Wilmington want, especially as the event is to be the greatest from a musical standpoint even given in Wilmington. In order to ascertain just what opera the people of Wilmington desire the management of the Academy of Music requests that music lovers make known their choice. This can be done either by letter or post card addressed to Mr. Marx Nathan, manager of the Academy, this city. The importance of this can well be seen, and should be appreciated, as Wilmington will likely not get another grand opera attraction for several years, especially one of the giant size and merit of the New York Italian Opera Company and which includes a large number of notables from both the Metropolitan and Grand Opera Houses of New York City. This list will be made known in a few days.

At the Bijou Today.

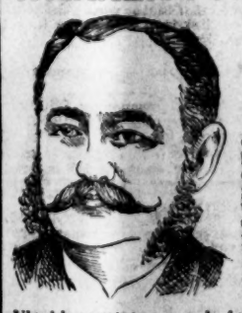
"The Bridegroom's Joke" and "Dirigible Balloons at St. Louis", are the titles of the pictures that will be shown at the Bijou today. The former is a delightful little comedy of unexpectedness and will greatly amuse the audiences. The photography of the second is unusually good and makes a most important contribution to the picture history of aviation.

DURHAM MAN CUTS THROAT.

W. H. Rowland, Leaf Tobacco Dealer, Attempts Suicide Twice.

Durham, N. C., Jan. 19.—After regaining consciousness from an attempt to kill himself by slashing his throat with a specially sharpened razor, W. H. Rowland, a leaf tobacco dealer of this city, made a second effort, which will prove fatal.

WARREN TOPPAN, Lynn, Mass.



Cured of severe compound cold and cough by

Vinol

"From Dec. 20, '08, to March 1, '09, I had three bad colds, one on top of the other. I got so weak I could hardly get around. Nothing seemed to help me until I began to take Vinol. The change was magic. Three bottles completely fixed that compound cold and stopped the terrible cough—and what surprises me most, at the same time it cured me of a severe stomach trouble that has bothered me for 20 years. Vinol is certainly a wonderful medicine."

Mr. Toppan is one of Lynn's most prominent and highly respected merchants, whose word is as good as his bond.

The reason Vinol is so successful in such cases is because it contains the two most world-famed tonics—the medicinal, strengthening, body-building elements of Cod Liver Oil and Tonic Iron.

Your Money Back If You Are Not Satisfied.

Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington.

Danderine

GROWS HAIR and we can

PROVE IT!

A lady from Minnesota writes: "As a result of using Danderine, my hair is close to five feet in length."

Beautiful Hair at Small Cost

HAIR troubles, like many other diseases, have been wrongly diagnosed and altogether misunderstood. The hair itself is not the thing to be treated, for the reason that it is simply a product of the scalp and wholly dependent upon its action. The scalp is the very soil in which the hair is produced, nurtured and grown, and it alone should receive the attention if results are to be expected. It would do no earthly good to treat the stem of a plant with a view of making it grow and become more beautiful—the soil in which the plant grows must be attended to. Therefore, the scalp in which the hair grows must receive the attention if you are to expect it to grow and become more beautiful.

Loss of hair is caused by the scalp drying up, or losing its supply of moisture or nutriment; when baldness occurs the scalp has simply lost all its nourishment, leaving nothing for the hair to feed upon (a plant or even a tree would die under similar conditions.)

The natural thing to do in either case, is to feed and replenish the soil or scalp as the case may be, and your crop will grow and multiply as nature intended it should.

Knowlton's Danderine has a most wonderful effect upon the hair glands and tissues of the scalp. It is the only remedy for the hair ever discovered that is similar to the natural hair foods or liquics of the scalp.

It penetrates the pores quickly and the hair soon shows the effects of its wonderfully exhilarating and life-producing qualities.

One 25-cent bottle is enough to convince you of its great worth as a hair growing and hair beautifying remedy—try it and see for yourself.

NOW at all druggists in three sizes, 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle.

Cut This Out — **FREE** To show how quickly Danderine acts, we will send a large sample free by return mail to anyone who sends this free coupon to the KNOWLTON DANDERINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL., with their name and address and 10c in silver or stamps to pay postage.

REMOVAL SALE

Beginning Saturday, January 15

In order to reduce my stock before moving, will offer special prices in all departments. Housekeepers needing Dishes or Glasses can supply their wants to advantage at this sale. These goods must be sold at some price in the next few weeks.

F. A. BISSINGER

119 Market Street.

ja 13 tf

New Spring Goods ARE HERE!

More attractive and prettier than ever; Silks, Ginghams, Percales, White Goods, Laces, and Embroideries.

We are offering 500 yards of white, pure Linen Lawn, a full yard wide, per yd..... **25c**

This is a wonderful value, considering the advance in the prices of linens.

C. H. Fore & Co.

Sole agents for Dr. Jaeger's Pure Wool Underwear and Warner's and Redfern Corsets.

COAL AND WOOD

Oak, Blackjack, Short and Long Leaf Pine and Soft Coal.

BUILDING MATERIAL

High grade Lime, Portland Cement, Wall Plaster, etc. Cypress Shingles—all grades.

W. B. THORPE & CO., Inc.

Phone 789.

THE **"Atlantic Inn"**

Opposite Union Depot.
European Plan.
Most convenient to traveling men. Elegant rooms, good service, personal attention. Our restaurant service satisfies a large number daily. Why not you?
GIESCHEN BROS., Props.

Advertising Cures Business Stagnation.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

¶ The Latest Reports From the Important Trading Centers and From Local Dealers.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 19.

No Markets, holiday.

PRODUCE MARKET.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith Jan. 8.)

PEANUTS—North Carolina prime 65@70; extra prime, 72 1-2; fancy 75@80c; Virginia, prime 65@70; extra prime 75@80s; Spanish $1.00@$1.05.

CORN—Firm 90@95c per bushel for mixed.

N. C. HAMS—Good demand; old hams 18c; shoulders 14@15; sides 14@15c.

EGGS—Dull 25c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Spring 20@30; grown 35@40c; scarce.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2c per pound.

BEEF CATTLE—Good demand at 2@3 1-2c per pound on foot.

HIDE—Dr. flint 14c; green 8c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Good demand 55@60c per bushel for yams.

WOOL—Burr 18c.; free of burr 24c.

CHEESE—50@55 per head.

PORK—Small corn fed 8@9; large 8@9 cents, owing to quality.

SHEEP—Old no demand; Lambs, dull $1.25@$2.50.

TURKEYS—Good demand 15@16c on foot; dressed 18@22c.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Jan. 19.—The tremendous liquidation of yesterday appeared to have relieved the cotton market of the weak long interest and trading today was less active with prices advancing sharply on covering and trade buying. The close was several points off from the best but very steady at a net gain of 14 to 48 points. The market opened firm at an advance of 15 to 37 points, in sympathy with relatively firm Liverpool cables, and on a continuation of the buying movement which developed after May contracts touched 13.50 yesterday afternoon. There was some irregularity during the morning and at one time prices sold off to 13.88 for March and 13.97 for May under liquidation and local bear pressure, the latter being encouraged by an idea that after the close of the English market and a withdrawal of arbitrage orders there would be hardly enough demand here to command an advance. But no liquidation of importance developed on this set back. On the contrary, there was a better demand from trade sources and, later when he was found that not even the troubles in stock exchange circles were bringing out any long cotton of consequence the market became very firm with March selling at 14.19 and May at 14.34 late in the afternoon or 55 to 56 points net higher and 48 to 85 points above the low prices of yesterday. There was realizing and some Wall street selling during the last few minutes with March closed at 14.12 and May at 14.21.

There has been no indication of organized bull support in the market today but the course of prices evidently strengthened the impression created by the rally of late yesterday that the recent drastic liquidation had pretty well eliminated the weak short interest and buyers showed greater confidence. Private advices from the South were generally bullish as to the spot situation, and it is reported that some cotton is to be shipped from the local stock to southern mills.

Receipts at the ports today were 27,744 bales against 23,336 last week and 42,300 last year. For the week 150,000 bales against 160,201 last week and 245,739 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans were 8,622 and 13,311 last year and at Houston 5,574 bales against 5,811 last year.

Spot cotton closed quiet 55 points higher; middling uplands 14.40; middling gulf 14.65. Sales none.

Futures opened firm and closed steady.

Month.	Open.	Close.
January	14.00	14.11
February		14.07
March	13.85	14.12
April		14.18
May	14.15	14.21
June		14.20
July	14.05	14.24
August	13.85	13.98
September	13.02	13.17
October	12.65	12.64
November		
December		12.50

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET

Liverpool, Jan. 19.—Spot good business done, prices 2 points lower; American middling fair 7.99; good middling 7.73; middling 7.59; low middling 7.49; good ordinary 7.25; ordinary 6.98.

The sales of the day were 12,000 bales of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 11,000 American. Receipts 13,000 bales including 4,000 American.

Futures opened easier and closed steady. January, January and February 7.42 1-2; February and March 7.44; March and April 7.45 1-2; April and May 7.48; May and June 7.50 1-2; June and July, July and August 7.51; August and September 7.30 1-2; September and October 6.39; October and November 6.69 1-2; November and December 6.60 1-2; December and January, January and February 6.59 1-2.

DICK BROS. & CO., COTTON LETTER.

New York, Jan. 19.—The cotton market was much steadier, today in spite of more or less nervousness created by the general sentiment in Wall street particularly after the suspension of two stock exchange houses. As a matter of fact, some of the bankers in this city attribute the weakness in the stock market to the losses sustained by the public in cotton during the recent slump, thus impairing their ability to hold their stocks. As far as the cotton market itself is concerned the news was of a much more encouraging character. Southern holders undoubtedly are hanging on to the remnant of the crop with great confidence. There is some hedged cotton for sale, but strong firms are selling it only on a basis at which they can replace it by purchases in the interior. Consequently middling cotton landed at eastern points is not selling much below 15 cents. This naturally makes the price of futures look very cheap. The sold out condition of the market was manifested very clearly in the late afternoon when the active options scored a further sharp recovery, with May and July crossing the basis of 14 1-4. Late spot advices stated that it was almost impossible to buy cotton anywhere in the South at prices any cheaper than before the break started. DICK BROS & CO.

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Easy, 15; net receipts 13,855; stock 189,951.

New Orleans—Nominal, 15; net receipts 8,262; stock 211,203.

Mobile—Steady, 14, net receipts 1,130; stock 44,558.

Savannah—Holiday; net receipts 2,163; stock 160,460.

Charleston—Nominal; net receipts 50; stock 33,250.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts 62; stock 14,503.

Norfolk—Holiday; net receipts 412; stock 34,971.

Baltimore—Nominal, 14 1-4; stock 11,466.

New York—Quiet, 14.40; net receipts 171,249.

Boston—Quiet, 14.40; net receipts 150.

Philadelphia—Steady, 14.65; net receipts 2,991.

Port Towusend—Net receipts 1,820.

Jacksonville—Net receipts 30.

Total today, at all ports, net receipts 27,744; Continent 12,121; Japan 1,620; stock 828,350.

Consolidated, at all ports, net receipts 92,898; Great Britain 3,743; France 5,271; Continent 35,252; Japtn 1,620.

Total since September 1st, at all ports, net receipts 5,494,555; Great Britain 1,490,615; France 725,109; Continent 1,696,029; Japan 31,143; Mexico 11,819.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Easy, 14 1-2; net receipts 5,574; stock 120,964.

Augusta—Firm, 14 1-4; net receipts 511; stock 65,548.

Memphis—Nominal, 15 1-4; net receipts 1,000; stock 189,562.

St. Louis—Nominal, 15 1-4; net receipts 324; stock 42,528.

Cincinnati—Net receipts 2,362; stock 14,955.

Little Rock—Nominal; net receipts 186; stock 50,300.

Louisville—Firm, 15 1-2.

Total today—Net receipts 9,957; gross receipts 12,726; shipments 16,830; sales 1,584; stock 492,945.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Jan. 19.—The cotton goods market holds very steady in prices despite the fluctuations in cotton. Jobbers in this market have made no change in prices as they had not reached the 15c level before the decline took place. Underwear and hosiery are being bought more liberally. Silk goods are being cleared up.

THE STOCK MARKET.

New York, Jan. 19.—Those concerned in the stock market had their attention diverted today from general causes affecting values to those having to do with purely speculative causes. The collapse in Columbus and Hocking Coal and Iron affected the market in much the same way as the Rock Island episode in the market of December 27.

The activities of a market pool in the Hocking stock have been notorious for months, in the course of which ventures-some bear traders attempted to profit by the evidence of inflation in the price of the stock by short sales. The collapse of Hocking stock to 25 compared with 87 1-4 for the last price yesterday and 92 1-2 last week represents a suddenness of deflation rare in the history of the New York stock exchange.

The sympathetic effect was particularly severe on stocks open to any suspicion of having been treated in a similar way in the course of rapid advances in their market quotations. The most flagrant examples were found in the list of so-called specialties usually obscure but made prominent through the instrumentality of market organization and manipulation. There were some of the stocks with a wider market than did not escape the unfavorable inference to be drawn from the days principal episode.

The violence of the fall in prices, in itself gave rise to many rumors, although these were advanced in explanation of the decline. The announcement during the day of two stock exchange failures, directly due to the collapse in Hocking Coal, naturally stimulated the spread of such rumors.

The final selling movement in the last hour gave special evidence of professional bear origin, and the very active demand to cover shorts and the vigor of the closing rally were convincing af the fact.

The opening market gave good promise of advancing, helped by foreign buying of stocks induced by the better feeling created in English financial circles, by the day's news from the elections in progress.

The stocks of the Standard Railroad companies, especially some of these which have been most depressed lately showed resistance for a time to the weakness, but were the special object of the drive against prices in the final hour. Prices closed considerably above the lowest and with an active rally in progress. The total sales, which amounted to 1,643,400 shares made the largest day's business since the panic period in 1907.

Bonds were weak. Total sales, par value, were $4,750,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

Total sales for the day were 1,643,400 shares.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Jan. 19.—Money on call steady 3 1-2 to 4 per cent., ruling rate, closing bid and offered at 3 3-4. Time loans easier; sixty days and ninety days 4 per cent., six months 4 1-4.

Prime mercantile paper 4 1-2 to 5 per cent. Sterling exchange easy with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8390 for sixty day bills and at 4.8800 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83 1-4 to 3-4. Bar silver 52 1-2. Mexican dollars 44.

U. S. BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2s, registered	100 5-8
U. S. ref. 2s, coupon	100 5-8
U. S. 3s, registered	101 3-4
U. S. 3s, coupon	101 3-4
U. S. 4s, registered	114 1-2
U. S. 4s, coupon	114 3-4
Allis Chalmers 1st 5s	81
American Agricultural 5s	102
American Tel. & Tel. cv. 4s	102 1-4
American Tobacco 4s	77 1-2
American Tobacco 6s	106 7-8
Armour & Co. 4 1-2s	93 3-4
Atchison gen. 4s	100
Atchison cv 4s	115 3-4
Atchison cv. 5s	117
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	94
Baltimore & Ohio 4s	99 1-8
Baltimore & Ohio 3 1-2s	92
Baltimore & Ohio S. W. 3 1-2s	90 1-8
Brooklyn Transit cv. 4s	83 1-2
Central of Georgia 5s	108 5-8
Central Leather 5s	99 3-8
Central R. R. of N. J. gen. 5s	124 1-2
Chesapeake & Ohio 4 1-2s	102 1-2
Chesapeake & Ohio ref 5s	104 1-4
Chicago & Alton 3 1-2s	74 1-2
Chicago, B. & Q. joint 4s	96 3-4
Chicago, B. & Q. gen. 4s	99
Chicago, Mil. & St. P. gen. 3 1-2s	89 3-4
Chicago, R. I. & P. R. R. col 4s	80
Chicago, R. I. & P. R. I. col. 5s	102 3-8
Chicago, R. I. & P. Ry. rfg. 4s	91
Colorado Industrial 5s	81 1-2
Colorado Midland 4s	80 1-4
Colo. & Southern ref & ext. 4 1-2s	98
Delaware & Hudson cv. 4s	100 1-8
Denver & Rio Grande 4s	96 1-4
Denver & Rio Grande ref. 5s	94
Distillers 5s	73
Erie prior lien 4s	85 3-4
Erie Gen. 4s	76 1-4
Erie cv. 4s series "A"	79
Erie cv. 4s series "D"	83 1-2
General Electric cv 5s	144
Illinois Central 1st ref. 4s	90 1-4
Interborough Met. 4 1-2s	81
Inter Merc. Marine 4 1-2s	68 1-8
Japan 4s	88 3-8
Japan 4 1-2s	95
Kansas City Southern 1st 3s	73
Lake Shore deb. 4s (1931)	94 1-2
Louisville & Nash. Un. 4s	99 3-4
Missouri, Kan. & Texas 1st 4s	99 3-8
Mo., Kan. & Texas gen. 4 1-2s	90
Missouri Pacific 4s	91 3-4
National Rys. of Mexico 4 1-2s	94 3-4
New York Central gen. 3 1-2s	91 1-4
New York Central deb. 4s	95 3-4
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford cv. 6s	134 1-4
Norfolk & Western 1st con. 4s	98 3-4
Norfolk & Western cv. 4s	100 7-8
Northern Pacific 4s	102 3-8
Northern Pacific 3s	73 1-2
Oregon Short Line rfdg 4s	94 3-4
Penn. cv. 3 1-2s, (1915)	96
Penn. Con. 4s	104 1-2
Reading Gen. 4s	99 1-8
St. Louis & San Fran. fg. 4s	84
St. Louis & San Fran. gen. 5s	88
St. Louis S'western con. 4s	78 3-4
St. Louis S'western 1st gold 4s	93
Seaboard Air Line 4s	86
Southern Pacific col. 4s	98 1-2
Southern Pacific cv. 4s	102 1-4
Southern P. R. R. 1st ref. 4s	94 7-8
Southern Railway 5s	109 3-4
Southern Railway gen. 4s	80 1-4
Union Pacific 4s	101 1-4
Union Pacific cv 4s	110 1-4
Union Pacific 1st and ref. 4s	91 1-8
U. S. Rubber 6s	105 1-8
U. S. Steel 2nd 5s	104 3-8
Virginia Car. Chemical 5s	98 1-2
Wabash 1st 5s	111 1-2
Wabash 1st and ext. 4s	72 3-4
Western Md. 4s	85
Westinghouse Electric cv. 5s	92
Wisconsin Central 4s	94 1-4

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis Chalmers pfd	47
Amalgamated Copper	81 1-2
American Agricultural	45
American Beet Sugar	41 1-4
American Can pfd	77
American Car & Foundry	64 1-2
American Cotton Oil	61 1-2
American Hide & Leather pfd	41 3-4
American Ice Securities	23 1-4
American Linseed	15 1-8
American Locomotive	53
American Smelting & Refng	92
Amer. Smelting & Refng pfd	100
American Sugar Refining	121
American Tel. & Tel.	135 1-2
American Tobacco pfd	93
American Woolen	32 1-2
Anaconda Mining Co.	49 3-4
Atchison	117
Atchison pfd	103
Atlantic Coast Line	129
Baltimore & Ohio	115
Baltimore & Ohio pfd	93
Bethlehem Steel	30 1-2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	72 1-8
Canadian Pacific	179 1-8
Central Leather	41
Central Leather pfd	103
Central of New Jersey	310
Chesapeake & Ohio	84 1-4
Chicago & Alton	60
Chicago Great Western	31 5-8
Chicago & Northwestern	156 1-2
Chicago, Mil & St. Paul	146 3-4
C. C. C. & St. Louis	78
Colorado Fuel & Iron	42 3-4
Colorado & Southern	57 1-2
Colorado & Southern 1st pfd	81
Colorado & Southern 2nd pfd	80
Consolidated Gas	145 1-2
Corn Products	10 1-4
Delaware & Hudson	175
Denver & Rio Grande	42 1-2
Denver & Rio Grande pfd	78 1-2
Distiller Securities	23
Erie	29 7-8
Erie 1st pfd	47 3-4
Erie 2nd pfd	37 1-2
General Electric	152
Great Northern pfd	131 1-2
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	72 1-2
Illinois Central	142
Interborough Met.	20 5-8
Interborough Met. pfd	56 1-8
Inter Harvester	118 1-2
Inter Marine pfd	10 1-4
International Paper	13 1-2
International Pump	48 1-2
Iowa Central	24
Kansas City Southern	28 3-4
Kansas City Southern pfd	67 1-2
Louisville & Nashville	140 3-4
Minneapolis & St. Louis	48
Minn., St. P. & Sault St. M.	133 3-4
Missouri Pacific Ex rights	68 1-2
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	43 1-4
Missouri, Kansas & Texas, pfd	75
National Biscuit	110
National Lead	83
Nat'l Rys. of Mexico 1st pfd	82 1-4
New York Central	117
New York, Ontario & Western	44 1-4
Norfolk & Western	96 7-8
North American	76 1-2
Northern Pacific	133 3-4
Pacific Mail	33 3-4
Pennsylvania	131 3-4
People's Gas	112
Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis	96 1-2
Pressed Steel Cars	44
Pullman Palace Car	199
Railway Steel Spring	45
Reading	159 5-8
Republic Steel	38 1-4
Republic Steel pfd	100
Rock Island Co.	40 3-4
Rock Island Co. pfd	82
St. Louis & San Fran. 2nd pfd	52 1-2
St. Louis Southwestern	29 1-4
St. Louis Southwestern pfd	72 1-2
Sloss Sheffield Steel & Iron	70 1-2
Southern Pacific	128 8-4
Southern Railway	30
Southern Railway pfd	66 5-8
Tennessee Copper	36
Texas & Pacific	30 1-2
Toledo, St. Louis & West	28
Toledo, St. Louis & West. pfd	65 1-2
Union Pacific	190 3-8
Union Pacific pfd	99 7-8
United States Realty	77 1-2
United States Rubber	44 1-2
United States Steel	81 3-4
United States Steel pfd	122
Utah Copper	51
Virginia Car. Chemical	52 3-8
Wabash	21
Wabash pfd	48
Western Maryland	49 1-4
Westinghouse Electric	71
Western Union	72 1-2
Wheeling & Lake Erie	6
Wisconsin Central	47 1-2

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Jan. 19.—Flour barely steady with a slow trade.

Rye Flour—Steady.

Buckwheat Flour—Quiet.

Buckwheat—Nominal.

Corn Meal—Barely Steady.

Wheat—Spot irregular; No. 2 red 1.28 elevator domestic and 1.28 fob afloat nominal. Options closed 1-4c net lower. May 1.16 3-8; July 1.08 1-4.

Corn—Spot steady; No. 2, 73 1-4 elevator domestic 73 3-4 delivered and 72 fob afloat nominal. Options closed unchanged to 3-8c net lower. May 76 3-4; July 76; September 75 3-4.

Oats—Spot easy; Mixed nominal 1. Options closed unchanged. May 53 1-2.

Lard—Easy.

Tallow—Firm.

Rice—Steady.

Molasses—Steady.

Raw Sugar—Nominal.

Coffee—Futures closed steady at a net decline of 5 to 10 points. Spot quiet No. 7, 11-16 to 8 3-4; Santos No. 4, 9 to 9 1-8. Mild quiet; Cordova 9 to 11 1-2c.

Potatoes—Firm; Bermuda second crop per barrel 3.00 to 4.75; Main per bag 1.75 to 2.00; Long Island 2.60 to 2.50.

Cabbages—Firm, unchanged.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

Butter—Steady at the decline; creamery specials 25; extras 34; third to firsts 29 to 33.

Cheese—Firm, unchanged.

Eggs—Steady, unchanged.

The cotton seed oil market was firmer, advancing 9 to 23 points with sales of 15,500 barrels. Offerings were smaller and commission houses and shorts were good buyers on the firm cotton market. January 7.14 to 24; March 7.16 to 7.29; May 7.26 to 7.27; July 7.30 to 7.31. Prime crude 6.00; do summer yellow 7.14 to 7.35; do winter 7.65 to 7.66; do summer white 7.20 to 8.00.

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Grain prices fell off sharply in the first half of the session here today and later rallied on covering trades. Corn and wheat closed near yesterday's final figures. Provisions exhibited the same general tendency.

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
Wheat—			
May	1 08 3-4	1 09	1 09
July	1 00 1-4	1 00 3-8	1 00 3-8
July	96 3-8	96 1-2	96 1-2
Corn			
May	67 3-8	67 5-8	67 5-8
July	67	67 1-4	67 1-4
Sept	66 7-8	67	67
Oats			
May	47 1-8	47 3-8	47 3-8
July	43 5-8	43 7-8	43 3-8
Sept	41	41 1-4	41 1-4
Mess Pork, per bbl.—			
Jan	21 42 1-2	21 55	21 55
May	21 75	21 90	21 90
July	21 75	21 90	21 90
Lard, per 100 lbs.—			
Jan.	12 47 1-2	12 47 1-2	12 45
May	12 00	12 12 1-2	12 10
July	11 92 1-2	12 02 1-2	12 00
Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.—			
Jan.	11 75	11 85	11 82 1-2
May	11 47 1-2	11 62 1-2	11 62 1-2
July	11 47 1-2	11 60	11 60

CHICAGO CASH GRAIN.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Cash wheat No. 2 red 1.23; No. 3 do 1.18 to 1.24; No. 2 hard 1.10 1-4 to 1.13; No. 3 do 1.06 to 1.12; No. 1 northern 1.12 to 1.13; No. 2 do 1.11 to 1.12; No. 3 spring 1.08 to 1.10 1-2.

Corn—No. 2, 64 1-2 to 64 3-4; No. 2 white 65 3-4 to 66; No. 2 yellow 65 to 65 1-4; No. 3, 63 1-4 to 63 3-4; No. 4, 62 3-4 to 63; No. 4 yellow 62 3-4 to 63 1-2; No. 3 do 63 1-2 to 64; No. 3 white 64 3-4 to 65 1-4.

Oats—No. 3, 48; No. 3 white 47 1-4 to 47 1-4; No. 4, do 46 3-4 to 47 1-2; standard 48 to 48.

NAVAL STORES.

New York, Jan. 19.—Rosin steady, turpentine dull.

Charleston, S. C., Jan. 19.—Turpentine quiet 59 1-2. Rosin firm. Quote: A, B, C, D, 4.22 1-2; E, 4.25; F, 4.25 to 4.30; G, 4.30 to 4.35; H, 4.35 to 4.40; I, 4.60; K, 5.70; M, 6.10; N, 6.65; WG, 6.85; WW, 7.05.

MARINE

CLEARED.

Str. City of Fayetteville, Smith, Fayetteville, C. F. Love.

Dan. str. Secalia, Jensen, Norfolk, Heide & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 19, 1910.

C. C. Railroad—2 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 14 barrels rosin, 34 barrels tar.

W. & W. Railroad—2 casks spirits turpentine, 2 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—47 bales cotton, 44 barrels tar, 11 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—34 barrels tar.

A. & N. Railroad—5 barrels crude turpentine.

Str. Whitlock—8 casks spirits turpentine, 48 barrels rosin.

Str. City of Fayetteville—46 barrels rosin, 141 barrels tar.

Str. Lyon—15 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 150 barrels rosin, 8 barrels tar, 4 barrels crude turpentine.

Barge 29—bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 253 barrels rosin, 263 barrels tar, 22 barrels crude turpentine.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Richmond (Br.) 1,859 tons, Ballard, Wilmington Compress & Warehouse Co.

Mariner (Br.) 1,525 tons, Morrison, Heide & Co.

Phoenix, (Gr.) 1,083 tons, Schultz, Heide & Co.

Secalia (Dan.) 1,683 tons, Jensen, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Wm. J. Quillen, 575 tons, Quillen, C. D. Maffitt.

Calhoun E. Ross, 378 tons, Colhoun, C. D. Maffitt.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHE.

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature E. W. GROVE. 25c.

The Best $3.50 Shoe in the World is Made in Lynchburg, Va.

THE South makes the best $3.50 shoe that money can buy or skilled labor put together. The South can well be proud of this fact, for it is a boast made good over generations of shoemakers in New England and all the other shoe sections combined.

$3.50 or $4.00 paid for a CRADDOCK SHOE will buy, for any Southern gentleman, more good leather, more style, more fit and better workmanship *than any other shoe manufacturer can afford to offer at this price.*

Why? Because climatic, living and labor conditions are more favorable than in New England. Because shoes can be shipped out of Lynchburg to any point in the South for less than from the West or New England. Because rents are less, Insurance is less, Taxes are less.

To sum it up in a few words—the makers of the CRADDOCK SHOE can give Southerners more value, detail for detail, point for point, more actual money value in leather, style, durability and comfort, at this price, than any other manufacturer in the world, because it actually costs less to do business. This saving is put into the wear and worth of the CRADDOCK SHOE.

To compete with these natural advantages and sell at the same price New England and Western makers scrimp and cut and shave the difference out of the shoes they send South.

In the hidden places they scalp a cent, a half cent, a fraction here and there. These make up the cost of competition—but what about the value of the shoe they offer?

The CRADDOCK SHOE—made by the most skilled, native, white labor—made from honest stock, —sold at an honest price, will wear thirty days longer than any other shoe at the same price.

CRADDOCK-TERRY CO., Manufacturers, Lynchburg, Va.

YOU WILL FIND THEM AT

The Wilmington Shoe Co.

523 N. FOURTH STREET.

Plant Wood's Seeds

For Superior Crops

Wood's 30th Annual Seed Book is one of the most useful and complete seed catalogues issued. It gives practical information about the best and most profitable seeds to plant for

The Market Grower
The Private Gardener
The Farmer

Wood's Seeds are grown and selected with special reference to the soils and climate of the South, and every southern planter should have **Wood's Seed Book** so as to be fully posted as to the best seeds for southern growing. Mailed free on request. Write for it.

T. W. WOOD & SONS,
Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

We are headquarters for Grass and Clover Seeds, Seed Potatoes, Seed Oats, Cow Peas, Soja Beans, and all Farm and Garden Seeds.

WHY NOT TRY POPHAM'S ASTHMA REMEDY

Gives prompt and positive relief in every case. Sold by druggists price $1.00. Trial package by mail 10 cents.

WILLIAMS' M'F'G. CO., Props. CLEVELAND, O.

Sold by R. R. Bellamy

HOW TO CURE RHEUMATISM.

It is an Internal Disease and Requires an Internal Remedy.

The cause of rheumatism and kindred diseases is an excess of uric acid in the blood. To cure this terrible disease this acid must be expelled and the system so regulated that no more acid will be formed in excessive quantities. Rheumatism is an internal disease and requires an internal remedy. Rubbing with oils and liniments will not cure, affords only temporary relief at best, and allows the malady to get a firmer hold on you. Liniments may ease the pain, but they will no more cure rheumatism than paint will change the fibre of rotten wood.

Science has at last discovered a perfect and complete cure, which is called "Rheumacide." Tested in hundreds of cases, it has effected the most marvelous cures; we believe it will cure you. Rheumacide "gets at the joints from the inside," sweeps the poisons out of the system, tones up the system, regulates the liver and kidneys and makes you feel well all over. Rheumacide "strikes the root of the disease and removes its cause." This splendid remedy is sold by druggists and dealers generally at 50c and $1 a bottle. In Tablet form at 25c and 50c a package. Get a bottle today. Booklet free if you write to Bobbitt Chemical Co, Baltimore, Md.

Hopkins

MOTOR BOAT & YACHT SUPPLIES

Send for Catalogue and Save Money

119 Chambers St., New York.

N. Y. Mills Bleaching in 5 to 20 yard lengths (regular 15c grade) 10 cents at Gaylord's.

Confirmation Dresses

Just Received and on Display at

GAYLORD'S

They are Dainty and Pretty Lace and Embroidery Trimmed made of fine Sheer Lawn; also Children's and Misses' **New Wash Dresses** for Spring in white and colors. Prices range from 75c to $5.00. It is worth you time to look at them even if you are not ready to purchase.

Some things that we must turn into **CASH.**

Six dozen Ladies' Silk Hats of $3.00 value, for.....$1.00

All trimmed Hats will be sold at an enormous reduction.

Nowhere will you find such bargains as we are offering in **Ladies' Suits and Furs.** We are overloaded and it is near the end of the season.

100 dozen Ladies' Hose, 10c quality, slightly damaged by water.....5c

Short lengths of 15c Percale.....10c

Small lot of 20c and 25c Galatea.....15c

Beautiful line of new Dress Ginghams for Spring. They are wonderful bargains at.....10c

We have a lot of English long cloth, high grade goods, of 18c and 20c value that will sell for **10c.** Don't miss it.

Nice line of Men's Pajamas and Night Shirts.....48c to 98c

Special Sale of **Men's and Boys' Suits**.....98c to $6.00

Nothing can equal it.

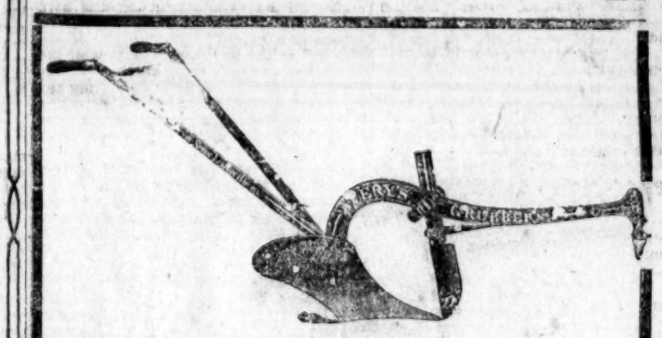
We sell for Spot Cash, but we give you good bargains.

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S

BIG DEPARTMENT STORE

210, 212, 214 N. FRONT ST.

ja 16 tf



Plow Deep

Go down deep with AVERY'S Subsoil or New Ground PLOWS and get better results from your work. All kinds of new ground and grub plows.

Syracuse one and two-horse plows and repairs.

N. Jacobi Hardware Co.

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We Are After the Men

who want good looking, durable and stylish Shoes at moderate prices. We'll just put it mildly and say that We've the best $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes this country produces.

In Pat. Kid, Gunmetal and Vici.

$3.50 and $4.00

HEWLETT & PRICE

109 MARKET ST.

CITY LIVERY COMPANY

108-110-112 N. Second St.

Up-to-Date Traps and Buggies

Carriages for Germans and Receptions a Specialty.

THE WEATHER

U. S. Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 20, 1910.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M. Wednesday, Jan. 19th:

Temperature at 8 A. M. 45 degrees; 8 P. M. 48 degrees; maximum 55 degrees; minimum 42 degrees; mean 48 degrees.

at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. Wednesday Rainfall for the day, .00; for the month, .28 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. Tuesday 3.2 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair Thursday, Friday unsettled; light variable winds becoming south.

Port Calendar—Jan. 20.

Sun Rises.....7:16 A. M.
Sun Sets.....5:30 P. M.
Day's Length.....10 hrs. 14 min.
High water at Southport 3:24 A. M.
High water at Wilmington 6:24 A. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Crystal Palace—Vaudeville.
J. M. Solky & Co.—Special Sale.
J. W. Fleet Co.—Unwary Buying.

Business Locals.

Lost—K. T. Charm.
Lost—Female Hound Dog.
For Rent—Six Room House.
Palace Market—Best Celery.
Wanted—Position as Collector.
For Rent—Furnished Apartment.
B. F. Keith Co.—Phosphate Lime.
Grand Union Tea Co.—Man Wanted.

CLOWRY TELLS OF STOCK.

Couples Connors With Big Transfer—May Probe Transaction.

New York, Jan. 19.—Col. Robert C. Clowry, president of the Western Union Telegraph Company, on the witness stand in the name of William J. Connors, of Buffalo, chairman of the Democratic State Committee, coupled with an alleged $2,000,000 stock transfer, brightened the otherwise routine proceedings today of the State Legislative Committee which is trying to determine the advisability of placing telegraph and telephone lines under the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission.

In a letter addressed to the chairman of the committee, State Senator George A. Davis, James M. O'Grady, of Rochester, N. Y., wants to know why Mr. Connors received from the promoters of an independent telephone company in Rochester $2,000,000 worth of stock, gratis, as was charged in testimony during recent litigation against the company. O'Grady, who is counsel for certain stockholders in a suit against directors of the United States Independent Telephone Company, renewed in his letter some details of testimony as brought out in the suit at Rochester in which it was, according to the writer "sworn by Albert O. Fenn, president of the Alliance Bank, of Rochester, that he had issued a certificate of stock of the face value of $2,000,000 to William J. Connors, of Buffalo, N. Y., without any consideration—at the request and under direction of Thomas W. Finucane—because he (Mr. Connors) was an influential man. Mr. Finucane is a Democratic State committeeman.

Mr. O'Grady then concludes with this request: "We desire to call the attention of your committee to this transaction, believing as we do that it is a matter that your committee should investigate and probe to the bottom in order that the real reason why this stock was turned over to Connors should be known and in order that proper legislation may be had to forbid similar transactions in the future. The committee took the matter under advisement.

The most interesting thing in Col Clowry's testimony, was that his company made an average profit of only 3 1-2 cents per message during last year. The average price paid, he testified, was 32 cents, the average cost to the company 29 1-2 cents.

"What is your opinion of placing public utilities under governmental and State control?" he was asked.

"I would not object to reasonable control or regulation," he said. "The principle seems to me to be correct so far as our business is concerned," he replied.

THE DAY AT LUMBERTON.

Veterans Meet—Change in Drug Company—Personal Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., Jan. 19.—Gen. Lee's birthday was not generally observed here, only the banks being closed. About 50 veterans met and transacted a good deal of business. A committee was appointed to confer with the Daughters of the Confederacy and make arrangements for the proper observance of the 10th of May. A committee, with Mr. M. G. McKenzie as chairman, was appointed to secure uniforms for the entire camp only about 30 members having uniforms. Commander J. A. McAllister was instructed to appoint ten delegates to represent the camp at the National Reunion, which will be held in Mobile, Ala., in April. Gen. F. A. Bond and Mr. M. G. McKenzie were appointed as a committee of two to take part in the parade on the 26th on horseback. All camps in the county are expected to be present and join in the parade. Several comrades being reported sick a committee was appointed to visit them all. The Daughters served a sumptuous dinner which was greatly enjoyed by the veterans.

At a called meeting of the board of directors of the McLean-Sledge Company, held this evening at 6 o'clock, among other matters, it was decided to change the name of the corporation to the Lumberton Drug Co. Mr. R. S. Sledge will be continued as manager. The business is in a highly satisfactory condition.

Mr. H. S. Leard, D. P. A. and Mr. R. M. Coffey, personal injury claim agent of the Seaboard, spent today in Lumberton, and left for Raleigh tonight.

Among Lumberton visitors from other towns today were Messrs. Leak Covington, Rockingham; Graham McKinnon, Rowland; A. J. Floyd, Fairmont, and James Irving, Wilmington.

Mr. R. C. Lawrence left for Wilmington tonight where he will spend tomorrow on business.

The cost of a Business Local is a small fee to pay for securing a good tenant.

NAME COMMITTEE AT JOINT CAUCUS

(Continued from First Page.)

'em stay on the committee—they can't hurt us".

Mr. Cooper constantly caused laughter by repeated inadvertent allusians to Ollie James as "Jesse" James. When corrected, he said he had got the name of the famous outlaw in his mind through reading of one of his law cases today and meant no reflection upon Representative James; but the laughter was uproarious when in making his explanation he said he "meant no reflection upon Jesse James".

The strongest partisan speech was that of J. Sloat Fassett, of New York, who adjured the Republicans to name the whole committee without regard to the Democratic selections.

Read Democrats Out.

"This is a Republican house cleaning," said Mr. Fassett, "and the Democrats have nothing to do with it."

Speaker Cannon opposed any compromise. "You've only got two propositions," said he, "either accept the Democratic selections, or reject 'em."

When the caucus opened, a notice from the Democratic caucus was read, apprising the majority of the Democratic selection of James and Rainey. A motion by Douglas, of Ohio, to return the communication with the request that other Democrats be substituted for the two names was overwhelmingly voted down.

A motion by Representative Norris, of Nebraska, an insurgent, that the caucus vote first for the four Republican members of the committee was laid on the table.

Representative Goebel, of Ohio, then offered a resolution naming the four Republicans and Representatives Clayton and Lloyd as the Democratic members of the committee. Gardner, of Massachusetts, an insurgent, offered a substitute providing for the naming of only the four Republicans and leaving the two Democratic places open. After a lengthy debate this was defeated 104 to 62. It was at this juncture that Representative Cooper and his insurgent colleagues left the caucus.

A motion to substitute James for Clayton made by Representative Morse, of Wisconsin, was adopted by a vote of 93 to 64. The two Democratic selections were then ratified by a vote of 105 to 4. Just before the final ballot Representative Ames, of Massachusetts, moved to substitute the names of Champ Clark, the minority leader, and Representative Underwood, the Democratic whip for James and Lloyd, but this was defeated by a practically unanimous vote.

Insurgents Bolted.

The walkout of Representative Cooper and his little band of insurgents caused comparative little excitement and was attended by no dramatic features. Mr. Cooper, after concluding his brief speech slowly left the hall, and was followed by the five others, one at a time.

All of the insurgent members of the House were present at the caucus. The applause was frequent during the speeches and at times the pounding on the desks and the hand clapping could be heard far out in the corridors.

Several speeches were made in opposition to the naming of the Democrats in a Republican caucus. It was stated after the caucus that Representative Cooper was supported in this stand by several "regular" Republicans, including Gaines, of West Virginia; Gillett, of Massachusetts; Fish, of New York, and Douglas, of Ohio. The overwhelming majority, however, was in favor of dictating the personnel of the whole committee, thus indicating that when the matter comes to the floor of the House tomorrow there will in all probability be ample votes to carry the ticket through over any combined Democratic and insurgent objection.

ACTION OF RHODE ISLAND.

Senate Votes to Reject and Return North Carolina Bonds.

Providence, R. I., Jan. 19.—Rhode Island's repudiation of a gift of over half a million dollars worth of North Carolina bonds was practically completed today when the Senate voted to reject the gift and return the bonds to the donors.

The House of Representatives has already taken similar action, but changes made in the bill by the Senate make it necessary that it go back to the House for concurrence.

The Honest Proprietary Medicine has saved thousands of dollars to families who could ill afford the expense necessary to maintain the services of a physician, and have answered the purpose equally as well and often succeeded after our best physicians have failed. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is one of this kind.

DIFFERENT people like different varieties of candy. But people of good sense all agree on quality—the very best—NUNNALLY'S. There could be none made of purer materials; there are none better. A variety to please every taste, and a price to suit every purse.

Nunnally's

A fresh supply always kept by HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO

"None Like Nunnally's."

PAID TRIBUTE TO LEE.

Birthday Observed by Holiday at Norfolk and Richmond.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 19.—Under clear skies and with delightful weather conditions, the anniversary of the birth of General Robert E. Lee was fittingly observed in Norfolk today by the partial suspension of business, the closing of the cotton exchange, the public schools and some public offices. The State courts also suspended for the day.

Confederate veterans and Daughters of the Confederacy observed the occasion and the patriotic Order Sons of America, the Virginia branch of which is now arranging for the purchase of Stratford, one of Lee's old homes, also celebrated the anniversary.

The Newport News custom house was closed all day in observance of the anniversary. While the main doors of the office remained locked, all persons having official business were admitted through a side entrance and Collector J. E. B. Stuart, together with several deputies remained on duty for some time during the forenoon to clear and enter any vessels arriving and departing.

During the afternoon the day was made a complete holiday at the custom house.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 19.—Robert E. Lee's birthday was celebrated here today by a general suspension of business. The Richmond Howitzers fired a memorial salute of minute guns at noon.

New York, Jan. 19.—General Robert E. Lee was lauded tonight as the ideal of American citizenship by speakers at the annual dinner of the Confederate Veteran camp of New York. Among those who spoke were William J. Hendrick, and the Rev. Dr Ernest M. Stires, of St. Thomas' Episcopal church, a Virginian.

A resolution was adopted endorsing the movement to found a permanent memorial to George Washington at Washington, D. C., which shall be a home for Confederate or other National organizations.

Anniston, Ala., Jan. 19.—In an address at the Lee exercises here today Dr. J. W. Stagg, president of the Alabama Presbyterian College referred to the efforts to debar the Robert E. Lee statute from the National Hall of Fame, as the work of "certain small men."

"It is unthinkable," he declared, "that that noblest Virginian, foremost American and greatest captain of all time should be left out of the Hall of Fame. By teaching the value of character and influencing the soldiery of the South, Lee did more to preserve the Union than any other American."

Dr. Stagg said the question of States' rights is as vital today as it was in the sixties.

HITCHCOCK IGNORES DENNETT

At Opening Session of Investigation of Interior Department.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Looking Commissioner Dennett, of the General Land Office squarely in the eye, Representative Hitchcock, of Nebraska, a Democrat, who made sweeping charges of reckless and improper expenditures in the Interior Department, purposely ignored the head of the land bureau during the opening session of the investigation today before the House committee on expenditures in the Interior Department.

Today's session lasted one hour and a half. Commissioner Dennett was the only regular witness. The investigation will be resumed next Monday, when Mr. Hitchcock expects to bring out important developments by prodding Mr. Dennett.

"I am receiving a host of telephone messages and visits in connection with this investigation," declared Mr. Hitchcock at the hearing today. "Some of them are anonymous and two persons telephoned me they were afraid to see me at my office apartments because I was being watched. I will ask Mr. Dennett some questions Monday. There may be interesting developments."

Mr. Lafean, of Pennsylvania, a member of the committee, tried to clear up the charges that the salaries of four score additional employes were paid out of the million dollars appropriation fund, although their work was not connected with the purpose of that appropriation. "There are some discrepancies in Mr. Hitchcock's statements?" inquired Mr. Lafean, of Commissioner Dennett.

"With all due deference to Mr. Hitchcock," replied Mr. Dennett, facing Mr. Hitchcock and addressing him, "you could have gotten the facts at the Department, Mr. Hitchcock. They were rumors, were they not?"

Mr. Hithcock merely gazed at Mr. Dennett and smiled but made no reply.

Mr. Dennett was asked by the committee if the employes of his Department would be barred from testifying He replied that on the contrary he would instruct them to appear if wanted.

Mr. Dennett made a general denial of the Hitchcock charges, though admitting some of the minor specifications were true.

ARRESTED IN NEWBERN.

Young White Man From Wilmington Charged With Seduction.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newbern, N. C., Jan. 19.—A white man named Lewis was arrested here today and placed under $500 bond for his appearance in Wilmington on Friday. He will be sent over on Friday morning's train. It is understood the charge is seduction.

ITCHING ERUPTIONS QUICKLY COOLED

Just a few drops of oil of wintergreen properly compounded in the thymol, glycerine, etc., and applied to the skin will take away instantly the worst kind of an itch. We positively know this.

The D. D. D. Prescription made at the D. D. D. Laboratories of Chicago, seems to be just the right compound. It sells regularly at one dollar a bottle, but we have secured a limited number of special bottles for a trial at 25 cents on a special offer, and advise you to take advantage of this offer now, as we do not know how long the Laboratories in Chicago will continue the 25 cent offer.

We KNOW you can take away that itch TONIGHT.

Robert R. Bellamy.

GEORGIANS LED AT SHOOT.

Pennsylvania Inter-State Association Trap Shooting Averages.

Pittsburg, Jan. 19.—The official Inter-State Association trap shooting averages for 1909 was made public here today. The averages for single targets are based on a minimum of 2,000 for amateurs and a minimum of 5,000 for professionals.

Among the ten leading trap shooters in the amateur and professional classes, respectively, follow: J. R. Taylor, Atlanta, Ga., shot at 6,735, broke 6,379, average .9471. H. D. Freeman, Atlanta, Ga., shot at 9,215, broke 8,691, average .9431. W. Huff, Macon, Ga., shot at 7,765, broke 7,316, aver age .941.

Saved At Death's Door.

The door of death seemed ready to open for Murray W. Ayers, of Transit Bridge, N. Y., when his life was wonderfully saved. "I was in a dreadful condition," he writes, "my skin was almost yellow; eyes sunken; tongue coated; emaciated from losing 46 pounds, growing weaker daily. Virulent liver trouble pulling me down to death in spite of doctors. Then that matchless medicine—Electric Bitters—cured me. I regained the 40 pounds lost and now am well and strong." For all stomach, liver and kidney troubles they're supreme. 50c. at Robert R. Bellamy's.

HIDDEN DANGERS.

Nature Gives Timely Warnings That No Wilmington Citizen Can Afford to Ignore.

Danger Signal No. 1 comes from the kidney secretions. They will warn you when the kidneys are sick. Well kidneys excrete a clear, amber fluid Sick kidneys send out a thin, pale and foamy, or a thick, red, ill-smelling urine, full of sediment and irregular of passage.

Danger Signal No. 2 comes from the back. Back pains, dull and heavy or sharp and acute, tell you of sick kidneys and warn you of the approach of dropsy, diabetes and Bright's disease. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys and cure them permanently Here's Wilmington proof:

Mrs. Laura E. Hand, 809 Ann St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "I am willing to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills as they did me a world of good. I suffered from dull, nagging backaches and such severe pains across my loins that I was kept from sleeping well. The kidney secretions also caused me annoyance, being irregular and painful in passage. When I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I procured a box from Robert R. Bellamy's drug store and they did me more good than anything I had ever taken. The backache ceased, the kidney secretions became regular in passage and I could go to bed and obtain a full night's rest."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

FOR RENT—Six room house, all modern conveniences. Apply to 313 Grace street or phone 1625. ja 20 1t*

FOR RENT—Furnished apartment of three rooms, for housekeeping, gas range and wood stove in kitchen, use of bath room. All downstairs, 311 South Fifth street. ja 20 1t*

WANTED—Position as collector, clerk or salesman for wholesale or retail grocery house. Best references furnished. Address "Business" care Star. ja 20 3t*

TO FARMERS—Use Keith Phosphate Lime, save half your fertilizer bill as well as improve your soil, increasing your crops from 50 to 100 per cent. For prices write B. F. Keith Company, Wilmington, North Carolina. ja 20 1m

LOST—A gold watch fob with initial "E." Return to Einstein Brothers, corner Front and Grace streets. ja 20 1t

ON SATURDAY MORNING, Jan. 15th, one female hound dog, name "Skinner," small white ring around neck, brown back, white feet, tip of tail bobbed, escaped from Southern Express office in this city. When last seen was running down railroad towards Smith's Creek bridge. Any information will be liberally paid by J. H. Newbury, owner, Magnolia, N. C., or Southern Express Co. ja 20 1t

WANTED—A good man to take a small tea and coffee route and sell our full line direct to consumer. Liberal commission to agent and special inducement to customers. Grand Union Tea Company, Norfolk, Va. ja 20 1t*

BEST CELLERY IN CITY, dressed chickens and turkeys. Fancy grape fruit and best variety of meats and produce in city. Palace Market, Phone No. 72. ja 20 tf

LOST—On Second street to Grace, down Grace to Nutt street, watch fob with Knight Templar charm bearing the inscription, "Colorado Commandery No. 1, E. W. Johnstone." Suitable reward if returned to No. 120 Red Cross street. ja 20 tf

"MONEY SAVED is Money Made," and there is no better way to save money and at the same time have your money earning a good rate of interest than by buying Building and Loan stock. The North Carolina Home Building Association will issue its 39th series of stock on Saturday, February 5th, 1910; those wishing stock should subscribe at once as only a limited number of shares will be sold. (This association commenced business April 17th, 1890.) C. W. Yates, president; J. Weil, vice president; Jas. H. Taylor, Jr., secretary and treasurer. ja 9 16 20 23 28 30 fe 5

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER, notary Public. Expert work, any kind, anywhere, any time. Meares Harriss, 114 Princess street. Office 'phone 708, residence 546. ja 9 su tu th tf.

DON'T SIT AND LOOK ON—Learn to dance! Kneisel's Academy of Dancing. Competent teachers. ja 19 tf

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, modern conveniences; can also accommodate four or five table boarders at $14 per month. Apply 517 North Fourth street. Phone 1581. ja 19 3t*

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—$1,800 stock of groceries including fixtures; best located brick store in small town of 2,000 inhabitants; store doing good business; good reasons for selling; terms easy. For further information write or apply to "J", Bowden, N. C. ja 19tf

WANTED—Some cotton mill help, weavers, spinners, loom fixers and beamers; good wages; running full. Apply J. A. Fowler, superintendent Bellwill Cotton Mills, Wilmington, N. C., ja 19 6t

WOOD—For good, dry and well seasoned wood, 'phone 546, W. W. Koch. ja 16 6t*

WANTED—Ambitious young man to become traveling salesman. Experience unnecessary. Bradstreet System, Dept. 753, Rochester, N. Y. ja 16 6t*

THE RURAL BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION will help you to own your home. Start now to owning it. The Thirteenth series will open on Saturday February 5th, 1910. You can subscribe for stock now. James Owen Reilly, secretary and treasurer. ja 16 tf

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

WANTED to buy small tract of land within 25 miles of Wilmington. Apply to "R. F. H." 24 North Front street, Wilmington, N. C. ja 16 6t*

QUAL ON TOAST. Lynnhaven Bay Oysters and all other delicacies of the season with the usual substantials that go to make up a first class bill of fare at any cafe. The Junction Restaurant, "Just at the Corner," convenient to all trains, suburban line, etc. Open day and night. Sundays too. no 30 tf

FOR SALE, the valuable property on Princess street until recently known as the "Star Building." Four floors including basement. Size of lot, 58 1-4x66 feet, and includes half of the wide alley adjoining building on West. Only 66 feet from the site of the new Customs House. Address Wm. H. Bernard, Fayetteville, N. C.. ja 5 tf

MONEY TO LOAN on diamonds and revolvers, shot guns and anything of value at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, 108 Market street. ja 1 tf

PHOTOGRAPHS — Enlargements, copying, framing, viewing and fine photographic work of every description. At the U. C. Ellis Studio. no 18 tf

CHARLES T. HARPER, M. D.—Practice limited to Genito-Urinary and Rectal diseases. Office 507-508 Southern Building, Wilmington, N. C. Phone 1166. ja 11 3m

SHIP ME your eggs, poultry, hams, hides, beeswax and any kind of produce. Will pay highest market prices and make prompt returns, N. C. Hams a specialty. C. B. Bellois, 16 North Second street. 'Phone 1576. de 12 tf

CAN YOU appreciate an opportunity when you have it? We have a fine Chestnut street residence proposition to offer you then. Fine neighborhood, new buildings. Paying over 6 per cent. net. Smith & Lord, sole agents, 120 Princess street. Pone 766. ja 9 tf

LOST MONEY LOUISE—In days gone by but now I'm wise. I've found where and how to make money by shipping my raw furs, hides, tallow, wool, beeswax, worm seed, produce etc., to C. D. Gilbert & Bro., 212 Market street. de 7 tf

KEEP YOUR EYE on our show case. The display will be changed frequently. Every time we change it will be better. The Gem Studio, Foltz & Kendrick, 114 Market street. no 27 tf.

SULTANA OLIVE OIL—Mr. Vafiadi, the Sultana agent here, has arranged to have this oil distributed in the future by Hall's drug store, Fifth and Castle. Pints 50c. Quarts $1.00. Phone orders filled promptly. no 4 tf

SMOKE

Cuban Blossom

CIGARS!

WHY

?

Because It Is the Best Cigar for the Money.

H. L. Vollers

Wholesale Grocer.

Dressed Chickens

Dressed Chickens

Extra fancy fowls. Also a nice supply of fancy meats of all kinds. Our country pig pork and all pork sausage are fine. Special attention given to all orders. Prompt delivery and moderate prices to all.

HOPKINS & DAVIS

FRONT STREET MARKET

Stalls Nos. 1 and 2 South Side.
Stalls Nos. 1 and 3 North Side.
Phones 141 and 128.

ja 15 tf

Crystal Palace

TODAY

NEW VAUDEVILLE.

NEW TALKING PICTURES.

N. B.—J. J. Murphy, well known blackface comedian, was added to the bill yesterday.

ja 20 tf

FERTILIZER MATERIAL

468 Bags Muriate Potash.
961 Bags Nitrate Soda.
147 Bags Sulphate Potash.
210 Tons Kainit.
750 Tons 16 Per Cent Acid.
321 Bags Medium Head Rice.
172 Bags Fancy Head Rice.
216 Bags Japan Head Rice.
279 Bags Broken Rice.
186 Bags Lima Beans.
216 Bags Michigan Pea Beans.
Three Cars Maine grown Seed Potatoes to arrive.

W. B. Cooper,

Importers and Jobbers.

Wilmington, N. C.

ja 9 tf

GROW UP WITH

The American National Bank

A BANK YOUNG, PROGRESSIVE, MODERN, SAFE.

"It's better to be the oldest friend of a young man who needs you, than to be the newest friend of an old man you need."

YOU WILL FIND THE SAME WITH BANKS.

113 N. Front St.

ja 15 tf

All to the Good

Walk Over Shoes.

SOLD BY

PETERSON & RULFS

203 North Front St. Wilmington, N. C.

ja 16 tf

Unwary Buying

Cheap clothes are a pit-fall for the unwary buyer. They look attractive—at the price—but they are the dearest bargain ever bought. Not only do they rob your pocketbook—but your reputation and self-respect. You can't afford that.

It is not only because we are agents in this town for Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes that we urge you to look them over carefully—to try them on before our glass. We want you to get the best "buy" in America in clothes—and Stein-Bloch are that, beyond argument.

A complete line of hats and furnishing goods.

J. W. Fleet Co.

Phone 673. So W. Corner Front and Princess Sts.

ja 20 tf

THE Springer Coal CO.

wishes to announce that they are better prepared this season than ever to supply

Coal AND Wood

of the highest grades

Our stocks and our equipment warrant us in promising the public everything they require in our line.

THE SPRINGER COAL COMPANY

A Globe-Wernicke "Elastic" Bookcase is a large contributor to the home comfort fund. It is the one holiday gift over which the entire household find satisfaction, from either standpoint of utility or beauty.

FOR SALE BY

C. W. YATES & CO.

ja 16 tf